REGULAR EDITION, 4 P.M. | ALL THE NEWS FROM POLE TO POLE

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IN CAUCUS.

Teachers Committee Met in the Security Building.

Sweeping Changes Among the Teachers Were Decided On.

Programme Was to Rush Them Through at Tuesday Night's Meeting.

PRINCIPAL GOODLETT TO GET HENNING W. PRENTISS' PLACE AT THE HODGEN.

Assistant Superintendents to Be Switched Around—Mrs. Childs of the Bryan Hill May Be Removed—Colored Teachers to Get a Shaking Up—Members of the Caucus Interviewed.

There is consternation and alarm among the principals and teachers in the St. Louis public schools. It is known that some startling changes are to be decided upon at the meeting of the Teachers Committee tomorrow afternoon, and that a determined attempt is to be made to railroad these changes through the School Board meeting later in the day, but what these changes are is not generally definitely known, hence the uneasy feeling.

The commotion was caused by a secret mid-summer caucus held in the office of Chairman Dieckmann in the Security building last Monday afternoon, which was attended by every member of the Teachers Committee and by President Brockman. The meeting was held behind closed and locked doors and the whole proceedings shrouded in secrecy and mystery. Each member was bound to reveal nothing and every effort made to keep the fact that a meeting had taken place from becoming public. The committee wanted to explode their bomb in an unclouded sky and on an unsuspecting public.

It was hardly likely, however, that such a

President F. W. Brockman.

gathering could remain entirely unknown. The members as they entered Mr. Dieckmann's office were seen and recognized by other occupants of the building and much speculation indulged in as to what such an unprecedented meeting could mean. That important business was on foot there was no doubt and, naturally, those interested consulted such friends as they had who were likely to know the import of the meeting. Thus the secret leaked out, and little by little the programme decided upon at the meeting gained a certain amount of publicity.

The holding of such a caucus at this season of the year is without precedent. Heretofore it has invariably been the custom to hold such meetings at the beginning or close of the term. When changes were in contemplation it has been usual to call in the Superintendent and his assistants for consultation. The fact that this was not done this year and that the meeting was held while Supt. Long is out of town is regarded as significant.

Much comment has also been excited by the course taken by President Brockman, who attends all committee meetings, joins in the debates and casts his vote. In the past all presidents of the School Board have used their position as an ex-officio member of all committees to familiarize themselves with the business in hand and have abstained from voting until the matter came before the board. President Brockman presided at last Monday's star-chamber meeting.

THE PROGRAMME OF THE CAUCUS.

The platform adopted by the caucus, and which the members are said to have pledged themselves to support, has some startling changes in view. Had it remained the secret which the members hoped it would, thus enabling them to spring it as a complete surprise, it would in all probability have been successfully rushed through the board meeting. Now that the facts are made public, however, considerable opposition may develop and its success is doubtful. One of the most important changes decided upon was the transfer of Principal Goodlett from the Lincoln School to the Hodgen school, to take the place of Principal Henning W. Prentiss, who was to be given the Lincoln School. This would be a promotion for Principal Goodlett, presumably in acknowledgment of his efficient services in the past and an indorsement of his course in the management of the school. One of the most noteworthy of Mr. Goodlett's recent official acts, it will be remembered, was to cause the arrest of three of his little boy scholars for breaking a school window, and causing them to be removed to the Four Courts in the hoodlum wagon. His action was indorsed by the board at the time, and his advancement so soon afterward may be taken as a further indorsement of his conduct.

Another change decided upon, it is said, is the removal of Mrs. Childs from the Bryan Hill School, and the filling of her position by a man principal. This action is said to be the initial step toward the removal of all lady principals.

It was also decided to move the three assistant superintendents around. Heretofore each assistant superintendent has had his own district and as a consequence was well acquainted with the teachers and with the work done in the schools under his supervision.

Several changes were also contemplated among the teachers in the colored schools. Exactly what these changes were it was impossible to ascertain.

CHAIRMAN DIECKMAN'S STATEMENT.

Chairman Dieckman was seen at his office this morning and asked to explain the import of the meeting. He admitted that the meeting had taken place in the office last Monday and refused to say what business was transacted.

"It was not a meeting of the Teachers Committee," he said, "but rather a meeting of individuals. They discussed the principals of the various schools, and decided to define the duties of these principals more definitely than has been done in the past."

"What business is to be taken up before the meeting of the Teachers Committee to-morrow?" he was asked.

"The usual routine business, I suppose," was the reply.

"Will not the removals decided upon at the caucus be brought up?"

"Yes, I suppose so."

"What are these removals?"

"I am not at liberty to state that. It is doubtful just what will be done anyhow, for the members often change their minds from one day to another. I should not like to bet that any changes will be made."

BROCKMAN SEEN.

The interview with President F. W. Brockman was interesting.

"Mr. Brockman, what is the Teachers Committee going to do to-morrow evening?"

"I cannot say."

"There is a report that Principal Goodlett of the Lincoln School and Principal Prentiss of the Hodgen School are to exchange places."

"Well, Mr. Prentiss seems to have a notion that he is to be removed to the Lincoln School. As a general rule, I think that principals should be transferred every few years."

"Why are you going to promote Mr. Goodlett at the expense of Mr. Prentiss?"

"It will not be a promotion, for the Lincoln and Hodgen are schools of like grade."

"Do you think that assistant superintendents should be given new districts each year?"

"Yes, I do."

"There is a report that Mrs. Halcyon Childs, Principal of the Bryan Hill School, is to be removed to make way for a man principal."

"There is a sentiment among the patrons of the Bryan Hill that a man should be at the head of that school."

"As a matter of fact, Mr. Brockman, did not the Teachers Committee hold a secret session in Mr. Dieckman's office last Monday and decide to exchange Principals Goodlett and Prentiss, to transfer the assistant superintendents, to remove Mrs. Childs, and incidentally to begin a crusade against all lady principals?"

Mr. Brockman replied with a guilty smile and said: "I have given my word of honor not to say a thing about that meeting and I must ask to be excused from answering your question and even not to be quoted as having been asked that question. There is no harm about such meetings. When the Teachers' Committee has a regular executive session, the members of the board, not members of the committee, and all the board's officers are free to be present. Hence there may be twenty-five or thirty persons at a so-called executive session and comitteemen will be afraid to speak out their minds, because they may be reported to the person concerned."

"You were present at last Monday's meeting and acted in your ex-officio capacity, did you not?"

"Now please do not quote me on that point. I was given an invitation to attend th meeting. I am a member of each committee and am in a manner responsible for the doings of all of them. I know where you got your information about that meeting, and I assure you the informer will never be invited to another. He is an old woman who knew what trouble he would make for the members of the committee. Now if you publish these things this evening the Teachers Committee will be buttonholed to death before to-morrow afternoon. When gentlemen give their word of honor to each other that they will not divulge what goes on between them, I have a supreme contempt for the one who violates his pledge."

GRAWE INTERVIEWED.

A reporter said to Director Grawe, a member of the Teachers Committee, who was present at Monday's caucus:

"I understand that Mr. Goodlett is to be transferred to the Hodgen School."

"Yes, I have heard so. I do not favor that move, on account of the position which I took against Mr. Goodlett, when he had three of his pupils driven through the streets in a hoodlum wagon. While he will not be given a promotion, yet from a principal's point of view the Hodgen School is far more desirable than the Lincoln. The Hodgen is located in a growing, well-to-do neighborhood, while the Lincoln School is patronized by poor people, altogether. I will not favor the change."

"It is true that the committee has decided to remove Mrs. Childs from the Bryan Hill School and give the place to a man?"

"Now, let me say that I will fight that matter to the end. Some of the old German citizens of North St. Louis have not got over the ancient idea of a schoolmaster. I believe that the School Board should ignore them and knock that antiquated notion out of them. Mrs. Childs went to the Bryan Hill School when it had but four rooms. Now it has eighteen rooms and she preserves perfect discipline. If she is removed, I shall insist that she shall be promoted. Our lady principals are models, and I will oppose any movement to get rid of them."

"Mr. Grawe, why did the Teachers Committee hold a private caucus last Monday and decide to exchange Messrs. Goodlett and Prentiss and do other things which are to be railroaded through at to-morrow afternoon's meeting?"

With much haste Mr. Grawe answered: "I will neither affirm or deny your question, for I am pledged to secrecy."

SHEAHAN'S ADMISSIONS.

Mr. John Sheahan admitted that some "suggestions" had been offered at an informal meeting of the members of the Teachers Committee. He was sure that Mrs. Childs would not be removed from the Bryan Hill School. He understood that the patrons of the school had drawn up a petition asking for a trousered principal. This petition had been put in the hands of Director Kissner, who did not favor the removal of Mrs. Childs. Mr. Sheahan did not care if Mr. Prentiss and Mr. Goodlett "swapped" schools, as that was a matter which belonged to the South End. Mr. Sheahan confessed that several colored principals would be transferred for "harmony's sake." Mr. Parker of the Dumas School may be one of them. Mr. Sheahan insisted that the caucus merely threw out "suggestions."

DIRECTOR SPINNING.

Mr. Spinning, also a member of the Teachers Committee, was seen at his office, 217 North Main street. He admitted being present at the meeting last Monday, but refused to divulge anything of the proceedings.

"If any of the other members want to give up the secret," he said, "let them do so. I can not tell you anything about it."

"Were you pledged to secrecy, then?"

"Oh, well, said Mr. Spinning," as though about to enter a denial, and then changing his mind, said, "Yes, the meeting was secret, as is usual in all such caucuses."

"Is it true that Principals Goodlett and Prentiss are to change schools?"

"That is an old matter; it has come up several times in the past three years."

"Is Mrs. Childs to be removed from Bryan Hill School?"

"Well, you may say that I am a good friend of Mrs. Childs, and draw your inference from that.

"Now, don't ask me any more questions," continued Mr. Spinning, "for if you do I shall have to refuse to answer them. Good morning."

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS TO MEET.

A reporter called at the office of Supt. Long this morning and asked to see the Assistant Superintendents. Mr. Romeyn C. Dyer, the clerk in charge, said: "Neither Mr. Murphy, Mr. Foster nor Mr. Teuteberg will be here until 3 o'clock this afternoon. At that hour they will meet and prepare work for to-morrow's session of the Teachers Committee, that is, they will put in order the papers for promotions, leaves of absence and transfers."

The notion of the Assistant Superintendents meeting to arrange things for the Teachers Committee was quite amusing in the light of recent developments.

FOUR LIVES LOST.

Drowned While Crossing Sydenham River in Michigan.

MARINE CITY, Mich., Aug. 13.—Word reaches here of a drowning accident in Sydenham River near Thornyhurst on yesterday, in which four young people lost their lives. Dead:

Miss HEYWOOD of Wallaceburg, Ontario.
MR. JOHNSON.
Miss T. WINTERS.
Miss B. WINTERS.

No one saw the accident and it is not known just how it occurred. The party started to cross the river in an old flat bottomed boat and it is supposed that it capsized. All the bodies have been recovered.

ALTERNATIVE WRIT.

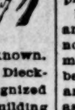
Judge Fisher Grants One Against Health Commissioner Homan.

It appears from developments before Judge Fisher to-day that Health Commissioner Homan has not yet concluded to allow Louis Bohle to stable the Health Department horses. Mr. W. B. Thompson, as attorney for Mr. Bohle, appeared before Judge Fisher and explained the situation, after which the Judge issued an alternative writ of mandamus citing the Health Commissioner to appear Monday and show cause why he should not place the Department horses in Mr. Bohle's stable as previously decided by a majority of the Board of Health.

THE WEATHER.

Fair To-Day, With Showers To-Night or To-Morrow.

[INDICATIONS OF FLAGS: Triangular—Temperature; at the top, warmer; at bottom, cooler. Blue—Precipitation. White—Fair weather. Thus: Blue, white and triangular—Show, rain or sleet, followed by fair and cooler weather.]



For Missouri—Fair Monday. Showers Monday night or Tuesday. Cooler Tuesday.

For St. Louis and vicinity—Fair Monday. Showers Monday night or Tuesday. Cooler Tuesday evening.

For Illinois—Thunder showers tonight in north part. Fair south, probably showers Tuesday; slightly warmer to-night; fresh southeast winds.

Since Saturday there have been showers from Eastern Iowa and Northern Missouri eastward. There was also some rain in the Southwest. The high temperatures have continued generally although they were somewhat lower on Sunday than on Saturday. A well defined area of low pressure is central this morning in Western Nebraska, and will probably cause rain in this vicinity within thirty-six hours.

BACKED DOWN

The House Surrenders to the Senate on the Tariff.

The Gorman-Brice Bill Accepted by the Democratic Caucus.

Separate Measures for Free Sugar, Coal, Iron Ore and Barbed Wire.

WILL BE PREPARED AT ONCE AND PASSED BY THE HOUSE.

"It Was the Senate Bill or No Tariff Legislation," Speaker Crisp Told the Caucus—The Resolution to Capitulate Passed by 130 to 21—Chairman Wilson's Explanation of the Situation—Proceedings of the Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—An hour before 10 o'clock, the time set for the caucus, members began to arrive at the Capitol to-day and hasty consultations were held on the course to be pursued. Speaker Crisp was joined in his private office by Chairman Wilson and Representatives Turner, McMillin and Montgomery, the full membership of the House Democratic Tariff Conference Committee.

Representative Breckinridge of Arkansas, an advisory member of the conference, was also present. It was a final consultation on the line of action to be presented by the House leaders to the caucus. The meeting lasted until it was time for the caucus to convene.

In the meantime there was a scene of animation on the floor of the House. Representatives Tracey, Straus, Warner and others passed among their associates and stiffened up the sentiment of loyalty to the conferrees. It was apparently up-hill work, however, as the current of feeling among the rank and file of members seemed to be setting strongly in favor of accepting the Senate bill without further delay.

At 10 o'clock Speaker Crisp and all the conferrees filed out of the Speaker's office and took seats in a body in the forward part of the Democratic side.

There was an ominous silence as they came in. At that time 153 Democratic members were on the floor. As Mr. Wilson passed through the corridor to the House he was asked as to the result of the conference in the Speaker's room, but answered:

"I cannot make it known now."

Chairman Holman called the caucus to order promptly and the call for the meeting was read. The roll call which followed took some time, and members shifted uneasily for the decisive action ahead.

WILSON EXPLAINS THE SITUATION.

Chairman Wilson took the floor immediately after the roll call and made a general statement of the situation. He spoke calmly and dispassionately and received the closest attention. Members left their seats and crowded eagerly about him, listening intently to every word. It is seldom that such eager interest has been shown at a caucus. Mr. Wilson began with a recital of the difficulties that have been encountered. He went over each stage of the situation with much detail. He said that each step had been pursued with an earnest desire to support with honor the desires of the House to resist what was regarded as the unreasonable demands of the Senate.

Mr. Wilson did not confine himself to generalization. He took up the contested schedules, particularly sugar, coal and iron ore, and reviewed the differences in conference on these items. He took up each proposition on sugar and spoke of the vast profits to the sugar trust which would result from many of these propositions. He did not indulge in the sharp criticism that was expected on the motives of the Senate conferrees.

Mr. Wilson spoke of the fight made by the House conferrees for a specific duty on sugar on the ground that under an ad valorem system it would be impossible to tell, on account of the invoice methods, the exact advantage which would accrue to the Sugar Trust. He made the remarkable statement that he had been credibly informed and believed that the Sugar Trust had anticipated the enactment of the Senate sugar schedule by the purchase of $112,000,000 worth of raw sugar. If this was true, he said, the profits accruing to the trust from this investment would be at least $40,000,000. Mr. Wilson also pointed out at length the embarrassment attending the efforts to adjust the coal and iron schedules.

THE PEOPLE AND THE TRUST.

"The great battle," said Mr. Wilson, warming up, "is between the American people and the Sugar Trust. It is a battle in which the trust has taken the people by the throat, and it will never end until we throw off the grip."

There was enthusiastic applause at this. He proceeded to state that the House conferrees had been willing to concede almost everything except the vital items of sugar, iron and coal; that the Senate conferrees had also seemed willing to concede much and held much the same views, but were apparently dominated by the knowledge that if they conceded what they were willing to concede, the bill could not pass and the agreement would be useless.

Mr. Wilson closed at 11:05 o'clock, having talked just an hour. It was understood, however, that Mr. Wilson had not yielded the floor permanently, but would resume later, after his conference associates, Messrs. Montgomery, McMillin and Turner, has corroborated his statements as to dates.

Mr. Montgomery then took the floor and substantiated what Mr. Wilson had said as to the details of the conference.

SENATE BILL OR NOTHING.

Speaker Crisp followed Mr. Montgomery. He spoke with much spirit and earnestness and soon the caucus was in a tumult of enthusiasm, round after round of applause greeting his remarks. He spoke of the critical condition and of the apparent need to accept the Senate bill, and then if need be, to introduce separate bills for free sugar, free iron and free coal.

Mr. Crisp followed in the line of Mr. Wilson, saying that it was either the "Senate bill or nothing." He said that as long as there was a desperate chance of securing concessions the House demanded he was in favor of standing out, but he was now satisfied that the time had come when further resistance by the House was useless. He closed his remarks by offering a resolution instructing the House conferrees to recede.

A great burst of applause greeted the reading of the resolution, but half a dozen Democrats were on their feet demanding recognition, prominent among them being Bourke Cockran of New York. Owing to the lateness of the hour a rule was adopted limiting further speeches to five minutes.

BOURKE COCKRAN PROTESTS.

Then Mr. Cockren delivered a vigorous and eloquent speech against surrendering to the Senate. "Better no tariff legislation than the Senate bill," he said. Mr. Cockran declared that there was no necessity for the House to surrender as yet, and challenged Chairman Wilson's statement that four Democratic votes in the Senate would be lost to the bill if the fight proceeded. He demanded the names of the four Senators, but Wilson refused to give them.

The previous question was demanded on the Crisp resolution, and ordered by a vote of 119 to 21. Among those who voted against the previous question were the Louisiana members, Cockran of New York and others. Thirteen minutes was then given to the opposition to state their position.

Mr. McMillin followed in vigorous style. He repudiated the statement made by Mr. Cockran that the Senate bill was worse than the McKinley bill.

Mr. Robertson of Louisiana objected to the resolution on account of the free sugar provisions and generally protested against the treatment of Louisiana. As the hour of 12 o'clock approached, when the House was to meet, the cry of "vote" went up from the impatient members. Mr. Robertson of Louisiana continued to urge that it would be bad faith to cut off the Louisiana planters from the bounty on this year's crop, on which they had reckoned when they put it in.

During the fifteen minutes' debate, Chairman Wilson rose and pleaded with the caucus not to take action to-day. He said that whatever was the mind of the House, there was no necessity for immediate and hurried action.

CRISP'S RESOLUTION ADOPTED.

Speaker Crisp's resolution was then adopted, 130 to 21. A division of the resolution was demanded so as to have a separate vote on the first part to recede from disagreement to Senate amendments, and the provision for separate bills. The first part of the resolution was adopted by a rising vote, 130 to 21.

The resolution is as follows:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this caucus that the order heretofore made requesting a conference with the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on House bill 4864 be rescinded. That the conferees heretofore appointed by the House be discharged from further duty in that behalf and that the House recede from its disagreement to the Senate amendments to said bill and agree to the same.

Resolved farther that the House shall at once proceed to the consideration of separate bills placing the following tariff articles on the free list, viz.: Sugar in all its forms, iron ore, coal and barbed wire. The Committee on Rules is requested to report an order providing for the prompt consideration of such motion and bills.

Representative Tucker of Virginia then offered a resolution thanking and commending the House conferrees for their loyal service. This was adopted with a shout of approval and the caucus adjourned.

THOSE WHO VOTED "NO."

Among those who voted against the resolution were the Louisiana members, Warner of New York, Strauss and Tracey of New York, Tarnsey of Missouri, Cockran of New York, Covert of New York, Dunphy of New York, Cooper of Indiana, Johnson of Ohio, Kilgore of Texas, the Maryland delegation, Raynor, McKaig, Rusk and Talbot; Breckinridge of Arkansas, a member of the Ways and Means Committee; Williams of Mississippi also voted against the resolution. Most of those who voted against the first part of the resolution voted for the second part.

WILL FINISH THE WORK QUICKLY.

It is the intention of the Democratic managers of the House to finish up everything today. The Committee on Rules will present a special order to carry out the mandate of the caucus. The intention is to pass the tariff bill and then will follow the other bills named in the caucus resolution. These bill have all been prepared and, though not reported from the Ways and Means Committee or in regular order, these preliminaries can be dispensed with under a special order from the Committee on Rules. Speaker Crisp and Representative Catchings went into session shortly after the House met and messengers were sent in every direction for Representative Outhwaite, the other Democratic member of the Rules Committee, as his vote is necessary to carry out the programme.

Representative Outhwaite, the absent Democratic member of the Rules Committee, is at Cresson Springs, and has been telegraphed for by his colleagues. It is said that he cannot reach Washington until 5 o'clock this afternoon.

The Republican members of the Rules Committee were called in at 12:30.

Made an Assignment.

H. A. Whelan, dealer in wall paper, picture mouldings, etc., at No. 3218 Easton avenue, made an assignment to-day to Wentworth Terry for the benefit of creditors. The assignor gives his assets at $8,000. The liabilities are not stated.

THE BEAUTIFUL RIVER DES PERES.

[A poem given space in the hope that it will never meet the eye of the author of "The Bells of Shandon."]

With deep dejection
And disaffection
I often think of
Those sewage smells
Which rise sublimely,
And most untimely,
From Forest Park's
Secluded dells.

The cabbage old
Its fort may hold
And breathe manifold
Its fragrant air;
But no afflatus
Is so non gratus
As that from thee,
Oh River Des Peres.

The odorous cheeses
And freighted breezes
I've smelled full oft
In many a clime;
But the matchless flavor
Of thy sewage savor
Can discount them all
At any time.

So where e'er I wander
I grew sick and ponder
How much less fonder
Of thee I'll dream,
Thou rank, pestiferous
And deep odoriferous
Germ-laden
Sewage stream.

WILSON ON THE SURRENDER.

"The Senate Is Not a Democratic Body on the Tariff."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Chairman Wilson, author of the House tariff bill, prepared for the Press, at the close of the caucus to-day, a statement of his views on the tariff situation. The statement is in Mr. Wilson's handwriting, and gives distinctly his position on the action of the House in accepting the tariff bill. It is as follows:

"I cannot see where we failed to do anything we could do, to bring about a better result. When I have done the best, according to my capacity and judgement, I must fall back on the consciousness of duty done. The difficulty which the country must recognize is that on the tariff question we did not have a Democratic Senate and whatever has been gained has been wrested from a protective body. I have been willing to take any, even the most desperate chances, that gave the least hope of success in getting rid of the most objectionable Senate amendments, and would have fought to the 4th of March if I had any ground to stand upon and any following to sustain me.

We have been confronted by a Senate with closed ranks, while we have had divisions from the beginning that have been fomented from the Senate and the growing impatience of the members to get back to their districts with anything that might be called a tariff reduction bill, has made them unwilling to stay unless promise could be given of assured or probable victory. We could not honestly give such promise, and a man cannot continue a battle with his army ready and eager to break away."

BETTER THAN M'KINLEYISM.

Representative McMillan, one of the Democratic House conferrees, gave a statement more in detail as to the effect of the tariff bill which would be enacted as a result of to-day's action. He said:

"The effect of the caucus' action will be the passage of the House bill with the Senate amendments. While the House bill is a better measure in my judgment than this, the measure which will become a law instead by to-day's action is a wonderful improvement on the McKinley law. It gives free wool, free lumber, free hemp, flax and jute, and reduces largely the duty on goods into which all these materials enter. To illustrate, the average duty on woolen goods under the McKinley law is 96½ per cent. This has been reduced more than half. There is a considerable reduction in all schedules and the average on all will be about 88 per cent as against 50 per cent under the present law and in addition to this they are very great additions to the free list upon which no tax is collected at all. The right of the President to impose taxes without Congress is taken away and given back to the Congress to whom it belongs and from whom it was wrested by the McKinley law. Much has been said concerning the sugar duty. There is less benefit given to the manufacturer by this bill than by the McKinley law. There is a very considerable reduction is this. While, as I stated in the beginning, the Senate amendments leave the bill in less acceptable shape than when it left the House there is no comparison between the merits of the two. It should not be forgotten, also, that the system recommended by the House, known as the income tax, is retained in the bill and becomes a part of our fiscal policy. By this it is proposed to tax what people have, in excess of their needs, rather than to tax what they need and have not got.

IN THE HOUSE.

The Tariff Bill With the Senate Amendments Under Consideration.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 13.—When the House met five minutes after the Democratic caucus adjourned there were more members on the floor than at any time since the tariff bill was passed. The anxious public who thronged the corridors before the doors were thrown open crowded into the galleries in anticipation of the final scene in the long tariff battle.

The greatest confusion existed on the floor. Members were standing about in excited groups discussing the situation, the general understanding being that resolutions to agree to the Senate amendments and probably to consider the bill for free coal, iron, sugar and barbed wire would be brought in this afternoon.

At 2:25 p. m. Mr. Catchings was recognized and presented the report of the Rules Committee providing for the passage of the tariff bill, to be followed by separate bills for sugar, coal, iron ore and barbed wire.

PUSH THE WAR

The Japanese Policy as Shown by Events in the Yellow Sea.

Bold Attacks on Naval Stations of the Chinese Coast.

A MOVEMENT PLANNED TO STRIKE AT PEKING.

Chinese Ships Said to Be Sailing for Japan—No Additional News of the Battles at Port Arthur and Wai-Hai-Wei—The Chinese Claim That the Japs Were Repulsed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The Japanese legation is without full particulars of the naval battle in the Yellow Sea, off the harbor of Wai-Hai-Wei, or that of the previous day near Port Arthur. The officials of the Legation are in receipt of dispatches which show that while the attack on the forts at Port Arthur was repulsed, the engagement between the fleets off Wai-Hai-Wei resulted satisfactorily to the Japanese Admiral in command of their squadron.

At the Chinese Legation it was said that the Minister was not in receipt of any dispatches from his government concerning the reported engagements.

Officials of the Japanese Legation talk freely of the war. They point out that the operations of their fleets in the Yellow Sea indicate that Japan means to push the war and that a movement will be made on Peking soon.

These statements are borne out by the fact that Japanese warships seem to have full possession of the open waters of the Yellow Sea. Ever since the Corean troubles began they have been cruising within sight of the naval stations on the Chinese Coast, even advancing into the Gulf of Pe-Chi-Li and attacking a Chinese squadron at Taku, the gateway to the Chinese capital. The Chinese warships seem to "keep near shore," as the attacks on the harbor of Wai Hai Wei and Port Arthur show. In each instance the Chinese fleet had to be drawn into the fight by the Japanese.

Taku, where the first attack was made, is only 100 miles from Peking, at the mouth of the Pei Ho. Port Arthur, the scene of the second assault, lies at the point of a neck of land called the Regent's Sword," jutting out from the North China coast. It is nearly opposite Wai Hai Wei, on the south side of the Yellow Sea. The latter lies on the San Tung Promontory, and the two fortified places seem to guard the entrance from the open Yellow Sea to Pe Chi Li Gulf, although they are separated by a stretch of water fifty miles wide.

The distance from either point to Taku is but a few hours' sail for Japan's cruisers. The important naval station of Chee Foo is less than fifty miles from Wai Hai Wei, and it is from this point that the news of the recent naval operations is telegraphed to Shanghai. The most powerful cruisers of the Chinese navy are in those waters, the Pie Yang squadron, commanded by Admiral Ting. They are equipped with Krupp and Armstrong guns and torpedo tubes and officered in some cases by foreigners.

CARRYING THE WAR TO JAPAN.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 13.—Up to the present there has been no confirmation of the reported engagement between the Pie Yang squadron and a Japanese fleet. The Chinese fleet seems to have disappeared from the coast and its whereabouts is a mystery. Report has it that the Chinese war vessels may shortly be heard from off the Japanese coast.

ARMS FOR THE ORIENT.

American Guns Shipped to China From New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 13.—All reports to the contrary notwithstanding, the arms companies of this city expect to reap a rich harvest from the shipment of weapons for the oriental war. Two weeks ago a test case was made by the Winchester company. Two members of the Chinese Legation visited the factory of the company, bought a large order, which was shipped for China via Vancouver at once, and the action by the Government was awaited with anxiety. None has been taken, and it is believed that free shipment of arms to the belligerents from the United States will not be interfered with. This is exactly according to precedent. The case of the Graeco-Russian war was the most notorious example of shipments of American guns to participants in a foreign war, and the recollection of the Grecian ships sailing up the local harbor and loading with New Haven arms is still vivid in the minds of people in this city. The Winchester and Martin arms companies have furnished the munitions of war to many of the South American countries in the recent revolutions there, as well as to a number of other countries engaged in hostility. They are eager to ship the large amounts of goods to China or Japan and will probably be permitted to do so. An interesting incident relative to the order of guns just made to China is told by a Winchester employe. He said on the occasion of the visit of the Chinese agents to the factory here they were shown the various patterns of arms and seemed to be entirely unskilled in a knowledge of what was the most approved and desirable style of shooting irons. Finally they selected for their entire order 8,000 Hotchkiss guns of a pattern of ten years ago, a lot that the company had for some time been solicitous about disposing of to advantage. Judging from this incident the Chinese idea of modern firearms is not exactly fin de siecle. The local manufacturers think the edict of Von Caprivi of Germany that no guns shall go from that country to the Orient will aid American shipments materially.

WILLIAM AT PORTSMOUTH.

The German Emperor Aboard the Royal Yacht Alberta.

PORTSMOUTH, Aug. 13.—Emperor William of Germany crossed over the Solent, from southwest to this port, on board the royal yacht Alberta. His majesty was received at the dock yards by Admiral Sir Howell Saltoun, K. C. B. V. C., and staff and all the leading officers of the garrison. The entire harbor were dressed with bunting from the forts and war vessels fired salutes as the Emperor landed.

ARRIVED STARVING.

A Detachment of Kelly's Army on Its Way Home.

THE MEN WERE GIVEN TRANSPORTATION AS FAR AS ST. LOUIS.

Were Also Given Food to Last Them Until They Reached Here, but a Delay of a Day on the Road Put Them in a Bad Way for Provisions.

The Big Four train from Cincinnati, which reached the Union Depot at 8:45 a. m. to-day, had among its passengers sixty-eight members of Kelly's army on their way from Washington back to their home in California. They were furnished transportation as far as St. Louis and with provisions to last them this far. Now their provisions are gone, and they are without means of continuing their journey. As they were delayed about a day on the road their provisions, which they divided on leaving Washington, gave out.

Some of the men who were not hearty eaters had enough to last until they reached here, while others finished their food a day ago. Most of them had nothing to eat last night or this morning and some others had nothing to eat for twenty-four hours. At least this is the statement of one of their leaders, Samuel Boyd. He is a laborer from Jacquin County, Cal. He and two others, James Smith, an ironworker from San Francisco, Cal., and Geo. Lee, a carpenter from Sacramento, Cal., are a committee selected by the men to act for them.

THEIR EXPERIENCES.

Boyd, who acted as spokesman, said that they left Washington Friday at 11:30 o'clock and came over the Chesapeake & Ohio road as far as Cincinnati, where they were transferred to the Big Four road. They arrived at Cincinnati at noon yesterday and left there last night. About ninety more were to follow in a day, being the last of Kelly's army. The remainder of Kelly's industrials who reached Washington had left on their own account before. The men did not know who furnished them the means of transportation. All they knew was that a wholesale grocer of Washington named Frank Humes conducted the negotiations. Humes, Boyd stated, was very kind to them during their stay in Washington, and both contributed out of his own pocket toward their support and induced others to aid them. They were given on leaving Washington, Boyd stated, 200 loaves of bread, 60 pounds of ham, 25 pounds of Bologna sausage, 60 pounds of jelly and 15 pounds of coffee.

MUST SHIFT FOR THEMSELVES.

The men, on reaching St. Louis, were corralled at the depot, at a point between the tracks at the southwestern portion of the platform. They were not placed under arrest, but were told by Sergt. Dawson, who is in charge of the depot squad of police, to remain in one place. He placed Officer Corcoran on guard to see that his instructions were carried out. Boyd has reported the matter to Capt. Sam Boyd, a namesake, by the way, of the Kelly leader. Capt. Boyd referred the matter to Chief of Police Harrigan, who in turn communicated with the Mayor. The latter refused to take any action and sent word to Chief Harrigan to let the men go their way as best they could and to look out for any improper characters who might be among them. This leaves the band in a bad strait.

Boyd complained bitterly of the treatment which they received from the trades unions while at Washington. Before they reached there, the unions, he said, promised them assistance, but did nothing for them when they got to the capital.

TO BE SENT TO KANSAS CITY.

This afternoon it was announced that arrangements had been made to send the Kellyites to Kansas City on a Wabash special train to leave here at 8:35 o'clock this evening.

The Wabash officials state that the men are ticketed through from Washington to Kansas City and that no one at St. Louis paid their

ON INDICTMENTS.

Capiases Issued For George D. Barnard & Co., and E. & T. A. Ennis.

United States Marshal John E. Lynch to day received from the United States District Court for the Northern District of Mississippi, certified copies of the indictments returned at the April term of that court, charging George D. Barnard and E. & T. A. Ennis, stationers of this city, with conspiracy in restraint of trade. The indictments were accompanied by capiases, which Marshal Lynch put in the hands of a deputy to serve upon the accused and to bring them before United States Commissioner Crawford to give bond for their appearance at the next term of the Mississippi court.

A dispatch received here Sunday evening, July 29, stated that George D. Barnard, W. K. Richards, C. Floyd Shock and three of the four directors of the Geo. D. Barnard Stationery Co. of this city had been arrested at Meridian, Miss., that day, by a United States Marshal, on indictments found by the Federal Grand Jury at the April term of the United States Court at Aberdeen, Miss., charging each of the defendants with conspiracy to defraud by entering into a blank book combine. When Mr. Edward F. Usick, Secretary of the firm, was seen at the time in regard to the matter he explained that Messrs. Barnard, Shock and Richards knew of the indictments before they went to Mississippi and expected to be arrested on their arrival there. Mr. Usteck said that one E. Lovejoy of Aberdeen was responsible for the whole trouble. He said that his firm did control Sykes last fall for dishonesty and that further they had him indicted a Meriden, but when his case came up he got a continuance. Meanwhile he got out, got on the Grand Jury and while there had the directors of Geo. D. Barnard & Co. indicted for an alleged conspiracy with it. and T. A. Ennis of this city and Marshall and Bruce of Nashville, Ill., to violate the anti-trust laws.

$2,000,000 CAPITAL.

A Corporation Licensed to Begin Building Car Meters in East St. Louis.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 13.—The Secretary of State to-day licensed the incorporation of the American Friction Motor Co. of East St. Louis. It proposes to manufacture friction motors, appliances for street cars and railway cars generally. Capital stock, $2,000,000. Incorporators—Wm. V. Wolcott, Herbert O. Rockwell and John B. Haverling.

ITS DOCTRINES.

German Evangelical Eden Church Granted a Decree of Incorporation.

Judge Fisher to-day granted a pro forma decree of incorporation to the "German Evangelical Eden Church." The doctrines of the congregation are stated to be the "Ausburger Confession," the "Lutheran Catechism" and the "Heidelberger Catechism, in as much as they agree with each other, but in points of difference the congregation depends solely on the Bible refering to these points." Geo. H. Bruegeman is President, F. W. Esser, Secretary, and H. W. Brinkwilde, Treasurer.

MADE 5,000 VOTES.

The Arrest of Populists for Political Speechmaking on Sunday.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 13.—Leroy Templeton, Philip Nappaport, "Col." Jennings and P. J. Gilligan, the four Populists who were arrested for holding a political meeting on Sunday, and who went to jail, refusing to give bond, were acquitted in Squire [illegible]'s court at West Indianapolis to-day. The specific charge against the four men was that of pursuing their regular vocation on Sunday, and the squire held that they were not as speechmaking was not their regular vocation. The Populists claim this action made them 5,000 votes in the county

DEVASTATION.

Forests, Buildings and Crops Laid Waste by an Ohio Cyclone.

GENEVA, O., Aug. 13.—A cyclone struck North Madison early this morning, devastating forests, orchards, buildings, growing crops, etc. The wind struck in near the lake and swept a path 100 feet wide clear of everything in its way.

Heavy hail stones accompanied the wind and smashed thousands of windows. All crops in the path of the storm were utterly destroyed. The roar of the wind was heard two and three miles away and is described as being something awful. The storm swept a path about three miles long. The loss will be heavy, so far as learned no one was seriously injured.

REAL ESTATE.

The Frisco's New Vandeventer Avenue Station—Sales and Transfers.

Business in real estate circles to-day was quiet. Several large sales of business property are being negotiated, however, which will probably be consummated in a few days.

For some time past the Frisco Railroad has been grading in the vicinity of Vandeventer avenue and it is now reported that they mean to erect a new suburban passenger station at that point. The Missouri Pacific Railroad and the Lindell have a depot in common at Vandeventer avenue, and of such importance has it become that all trains are now stopped there. The 'Frisco has a heavy suburban business, and want to afford their suburban patrons first-class accomodations.

The Nicholls-Ritter Realty and Financial Co. report the sale of the new flats Nos. 4409 and 4411 Belle place, with lot 80x150 feet, for $10,500 from James J. Kelly to S. Labeaup for investment. The flats rent for $1,080 per annum.

John Maguire & Co. report the following sales: No. 4233 Olive street, a three-story nine-room brick dwelling with 40x152 feet of ground for $8,250, from Col. Sam Simmons to George A. Ranantine.

Twelfth street, east side, between Brooklyn and Mound streets, 48x127 feet for $3,500, from Tim Keith's estate and Francis Ann Keith to Ellen J. Dunn.

J. T. McCasland, the East St. Louis real estate agent, purchased ten beeves at the Union Stock Yards this morning for the barbecue next Saturday, when the new Scullin line in East St. Louis running out through Alta Sita is to be formally opened.

EXCITING SCENES.

They Attended the Opening Up of the Eleventh Ward Polls.

At the north precinct of the Eleventh Ward the opening of the polls was attended with exciting scenes. The Sigmund crowd wanted to count every hour, and refused to open the box until this was agreed to. While the dispute was in progress, a special messenger arrived from the Recorder's office with instructions not to count every hour. The Besch crowd then closed the shutters and darkened up the poll. The police interfered and the poll was finally opened. About forty of the street cleaners' brigade marched up and got in line. At 2 o'clock they had not been cleared away. Harry Besch and Gottlieb Ayreman almost came to blows.

HOLDS THE LICENSE.

Capt. Brolaski Will Not Give Up the Pargoud's Certificate.

The Federal authorities said to-day that Capt. H. W. Brolaski, formerly commander of the steamboat Pargoud, which was sold to E. Conery, Jr., of New Orleans Saturday, has refused to surrender the vessel's certificate of enrollment and license without which it cannot leave port. The Federal authorities state that Capt. Brolaski has laid himself liable to a fine of $50. The new owner of the vessel can obtain another license from the custodian of the port.

BELIEVED TO BE DEAD.

Christian Vosler an Heir to a Large Estate in Germany.

Carl Nienharot, a notary public and real estate dealer at Grand Rapids, Mich., has written Judge Woerner of the Probate Court for information concerning Christian Vosler who left Grand Rapids a number of years ago and engaged in steamboating on the Mississippi River. The letter states that information has been received that Vosler lost his life on the river, just how is not known. He has recently inherited a large estate in Germany, but inasmuch as his heirs do not know when or how he died they have no proof of his death. Nothing has been heard of him by his relatives for twenty years, at which time he made St. Louis his headquarters.

TENDENCY UPWARD.

Stocks Will Rise Because Adverse Conditions Have Been Discounted.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—Henry Clews, in his weekly circular, says:

The movements of the market for the week just ending undoubtedly indicate an improvement in the situation. For some time past it has been fluctuating alternately under the influence of hope and fear; but now its undertone is gradually broadening and strengthening, and there is a marked tendency to discount a generally clarified atmosphere. It looks as though we have seen the worst of everything, and that the pendulum is at last going to swing the other way. Outside of the all-important tariff question, the corn crop has again been the greatest factor in the market for the past few days. The "bears" have been actively engaged in pounding the Grangers, basing their action on the prospect of reduced dividends on these securities, as a result of the prospective corn shortage.

The feeling that some definite decision, one way or the other, will soon be arrived at is gaining ground, however, and this feelingis doing a good deal toward hastening the return of confidence. The stock of manufactured goods in the United States is lower than it has been for a great many years, and there will soon be actual necessity for at least a partial resumption of business on the part of manufacturers. A speedy settlement of the tariff debate will give them a basis on which to start in, and that is all that is needed. The entire stock market has fully discounted all adverse factors, and will now commence to consider and be governed by what is to come, and not what has passed. The present conditions will be lost sight of and give way to those that may be expected to prevail six months hence and thereafter. By that time I do not hesitate to say that the railroad earnings will have returned to their normal condition, and general activity in commercial channels will be restored. The thing to do now, therefore, is to discount a general improvement in the future. I recommend buying stocks now for higher prices. The sharp advance during the past few days in Louisville & Nashville and Western Union properties, which are not directly affected by either the crop or tariff news, furnishes a sample of what we can expect with a removal of existing unfavorable influences.

Family Fight.

Mrs. Nellie Ives swore out a warrant today against Lee Sullivan and his wife, Nora, charging assault and battery. Mrs. Ives is stopping with her husband, W. B. Ives, at Rosman's Hotel, Eighth and Chestnut streets.

Yesterday the two families got into a quarrel, it seems, according to Mrs. Ives' story.

His Team Ran Away.

This morning while Gottlieb Rager, a farmer from Brannon Post Office, St. Louis County, was delivering a load of melons at 4058 Olive his team ran away and colliding with a [illegible] car of one of the cable trains scattered [illegible]ons all over the street. The damage to [illegible]on and melons amounts to $50.

WILL FILE BRIEFS.

The Bircher Street Bridge Case Before Judge Fisher.

GOES OVER TO GIVE ATTORNEYS TIME TO WRITE ARGUMENTS.

The Court Intimates That the Board of Public Improvements Exceeded Its Powers, But the City's Action in Not Stopping Work While the Bridge Was Building Is a Point to Consider.

The Bircher street bridge injunction matter came up before Judge Fisher to-day, J. A. Overall appearing for the Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Co., and City Counselor Marshall for the city. Mr. Overall contended that the bridge was being constructed in pursuance to the plans of the Board of Public Improvements and in uniformity to the ordinance granting the Merchants' Terminal Co. a franchise. He also claimed that should the company's tracks go under Broadway by the use of a tunnel it would cause the flooding of the streets on the west by water, and if an embankment and bridge was constructed as demanded by the city, it would cause the flooding of the streets and railroad tracks east of Broadway. Mr. Marshall stated that it would be impossible to flood the streets on the west if a tunnel was built, but he would admit that an embankment and bridge might cause the flooding of the railroad tracks east of Broadway, during high water. He also admitted that the bridge was constructed in pursuance to the plan of the Board of Public Improvements, but the board had transcended its powers in the premises and had not conformed to the law. Mr. Taussig, chief engineer in charge of the work, described at length the proposed bridge, that sufficient roadway was left on Broadway and the plans of the structure conformed to the plans of the Board of Public Improvements. It was also stated that the grade of Broadway at Bircher street had never been established by the city. A general argument followed, the main position of the city being that there was no authority for the construction of the bridge on the level with the street.

Judge Fisher intimated that it was clear that the Board of Public Improvements should confine its operations to the city ordinance under which it acted, but the question of estopel growing out of the non-action of the city while the bridge was being constructed, which has been raised by Mr. Overall, was a matter on which he would allow counsel to file briefs. The attorneys agreed to do so, and the case went over.

TEMPORARILY RESTRAINED.

An Injunction to Prevent a Salesman Working for a Rival Firm.

Judge Fisher to-day issued a temporary restraining order in the injunction suit begun by John Rettenmayer, during business as the Great Eastern Coffee and Tea Co., vs. Geo. H. Kreeger. Kreeger was an employee of the tea company, and it is alleged by Rettenmayer that he agreed in consideration of said employment he would not enter into the business of selling coffees or teas in the city of St. Louis on his own responsibility or for the account or benefit of any other person or persons, for a period of three months after said employment, but that he violated the terms of the agreement by entering the employment of the Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co.

Wants Charge of His Child.

Judge Fisher to-day began the hearing of testimony in the matter of who shall have the custody of the minor child of Gerald G. Smyth and Ada T. Smyth pending the disposition of a divorce suit between the parties. Smyth charges general indignities in his divorce suit, but claims in his application to be awarded the custody of the child before the case is disposed of that his wife is a drunkard, associates with bad characters and is unfit to care for the child. A large number of witnesses are on hand.

A Quarry Owner Sued.

Henry C. Koenig, with Rassieuer & Schnurmacher as counsel, sued Martin Lorenz in the Circuit to-day to recover $825 damages. Koenig lives at 3866 Kosciusko street and Lorenz owns a stone quarry adjoining. The former alleges that the latter, in operating a blast, blew down a stone wall belonging to him and converted the stone to his own use, for which he demands $150. He also says that a shower of stones from one of Lorenz's blasts demolished a shed belonging to him, for which he wants $175.

A $5,000 Damage Claim.

Mary Summerfield to-day began a $5,000 damage suit in the Circuit Court against the Laclede Fire Brick Manufacturing Co. on account of the killing of her husband, James Summerfield, May 30 last. Summerfield was in the employ of the company, and was engaged in moving clay, when an embankment fell on him.

Switch Engine and Street Car.

Switch engine No. 16 of the Frisco Railroad collided with a Missouri avenue electric car at 8:30 this morning at Tower Grove avenue. The boiler was badly damaged. Fortunately no one was on it. The accident was caused by the negligence of the gate-keeper, who had the gates up so that the car might pass.

Wants a Divorce.

Augustus T. M. Zenopoiski began proceedings in the Circuit Court to-day to obtain a divorce from his wife, Maggie, whom he married in Minnesota Sept. 30, 1879, and with whom he lived until July 30, 1893. He alleges that she possesses a bad temper, persistently quarreled with him, accused him falsely of being a drunkard, and finally deserted him.

Two Runaway Boys.

John and Charles Schjer, aged 13 and 16 respectively, are at the Mounted District Police Station. They ran away from their home at Hannibal several days ago, were found almost famished yesterday in the round house at Sutton Station. Their parents have been notified by wire of the boys' arrest, and an answer is momentarily expected.

To Succeed Himself.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Aug. 13.—The Convention of the Second Judicial district convened here this morning. Judge J. W. Stephens, the present incumbent, unanimously was elected to succeed himself as Associate Supreme Court Justice. The present Chairman, Hon. James W. Swayne, was chosen Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Second Judicial District.

A Wealthy Woman's Death.

PERU, Ind., Aug. 13.—Mrs. Mary Shirk, widow of E. J. Shirk, the millionaire banker of this State, died of a complication of diseases in this city last night aged 68. She was one of the wealthiest women in the Western States, her fortune being estimated at from $4,000,000 to $6,000,000 in bank stock.

Taken From an Immoral Resort.

Blanche Elliott, 16 years old, was taken out of Mamie Adair's immoral resort at 1217 Chestnut street last night. To-day Mrs. Crawford of 1801 Market street, a cousin of the girl applied for a warrant against the Adair woman for harboring the girl, but the warrant was refused, as it could not be shown that the woman had enticed the girl, who was sent to the House of the Good Shepherd.

BLACKED HIS EYE.

Director Peckington of the Browns Lands on Director Peter Hauptmann.

Recent developments go to show that the encounter between Mrs. Von der Ahe and Kitty Myers in the grand stand at Sportsman's Park, as detailed in Eddie Von der Ahe's statement in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH, was not the only affair of the kind which escaped public notice. A scrap in which Peter Hauptmann, one of the Board of Directors, selected by President Von der Ahe ostensibly to assist in conducting the club's affairs, received a black eye, came to light yesterday. The good right of Col. John W. Peckington, according to the admission of Mr. Hauptmann, decorated the optic. The affair was carefully suppressed, as was the resignation of Mr. Hauptmann. When the latter was asked to-day if he had been assaulted by Col. Peckington on the occasion alluded to, he said:

"The affair occurred in this way. I had been made a director in the club against my wishes, and when I reluctantly accepted I found that we were figureheads, and that we were not consulted in the management. I attended only a few meetings after I realized the situation. On June 30 I sent in my written resignation and attended the meeting on that day to insist on its acceptance. When it had been read by Von der Ahe, its acceptance was moved by Mr. Peckington, who was a little the worse for drink. There was some discussion about the prices I had charged the club for cigars, and during the talk I was assaulted by Peckington. I had no idea that he intended to strike me, but as soon as he gave me a black eye I prepared to defend myself. The other directors separated us, and I immediately left the park. I have sold less cigars at the park this year than ever before. I did not attempt to use my position as a director to sell my goods. I recognized the fact that I knew nothing about the base ball business and wanted to get out. When there was talk of raising money I determined to resign, so as not to become involved financially. I considered I was taking enough chances in selling the institution goods on credit. I hear that Mr. Becker has advanced President Von der Ahe a large sum of money. He is away with the Browns on the trip."

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Quiet. Sales, 735 bales. Receipts to-day, 3 bales; since Sept 1, 421,295 bales; shipments to-day, 30 bales; since Sept 1, 1,615,837 bales; stock, 21,950 bales. Quotations—Ordinary, 6c; good ordinary, 6 3-16c; low middling, 6 5-16c; middling, 6 9-16c; good middling, 7 1-16c; middling fair, 7 9-16c.

LIVERPOOL—Quiet. American uplands, 3 27-32d. Sales 8,000 bales; receipts, 6,900 bales, of which 5,000 were American. Futures closed irregular: Aug-Sept, 3 46d bid; Sept-Oct, 3 46-47d; Oct-Nov, 3 47d bid; Nov-Dec, 3 49d; Dec-Jan, 3 49d; Jan-Feb, 3 50d; Feb-March, 3 51-52d; March-April, 3 53d.

NEW YORK.—Spot cotton quiet at 1-16c higher; middling 7c. Futures closed very dull. Sales: 54,800 bales.

Reported by Hubbard, Price & Buck.

	Closed Saturday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed To-day.
August	6.61	6.70	6.60	6.70
September	6.65	6.76	6.69	6.75
October	6.70	6.81	6.73	6.80
November	6.78	6.88	6.79	6.87
December	6.83	6.96	6.88	6.93
January	6.90	7.01	6.92	7.00
February	6.96	7.06	6.97	7.07
March	7.02	7.14	7.07	7.13
April	7.08	7.18	7.13	7.18
May	7.14	7.24	7.17	7.24

On the Curb.

Wheat—Sept, 51¼c bid; puts, 50¾c and calls 52¼c. Dec, 54½c bid.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hedgman, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo. ST. LOUIS, Aug. 13.

NAME OF STOCK.	Opening	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
American Tobacco com	91¼	93	91¼	92½
American Tobacco pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Atchison	5	5⅝	5	5½
Baltimore & Ohio	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canadian Southern	50½	50⅝	50¼	50⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	18¼	18⅝	18½	18⅝
Canadian Pacific	.....	.....	.....	.....
Central New Jersey	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago & Alton com	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago Gas Trust	75	75½	74⅜	75½
C., C., C. & St. L.	87½	87⅝	87¼	87⅜
Chi., R. I. & Pac	66	66	63⅜	65⅝
Chi. Bur. & Quincy	71⅛	74	71⅛	73⅝
Chi. M. & St. P. com	60¼	61⅜	60	61¼
Chi. M. & St. P. pfd	118	.....	.....	.....
Chi. & N. W. com	104½	105¼	104½	105⅛
Col. Fuel & Iron	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cotton Oil com	29⅝	30⅜	29⅝	30¼
Cotton Oil pfd	73½	73⅝	73½	73⅝
Del., Lack. & W.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Delaware & Hudson	134	134	134½	134½
Edison General	39	39⅜	38½	39⅛
Erie com	14⅜	15	14⅜	15
Erie, pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Erie, 2ds	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hocking Valley	18½	18⅝	18¼	18¼
Illinois Central	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laclede Gas, com	18	.....	.....	18
Laclede Gas, pfd	69⅜	.....	.....	69⅜
Laclede Gas, bonds	87½	87⅝	87½	87⅝
Lake Erie & Western, com	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lake Erie & Western, pfd.	65	.....	.....	65
Lake Shore	130⅜	131	130	130⅝
Louisville & Nashville	52	53⅜	51¾	53⅛
Lead, com	43	44	42⅜	44
Lead, pfd	86½	87¼	86¼	87⅜
Michigan Central	.....	.....	.....	.....
Missouri Pacific	27	28⅜	27	28
Mo. K. & Tex., pfd	22½	23	22	23
Mobile & Ohio	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Elevated	116⅛	117⅜	116⅜	117⅛
Manitoba	.....	.....	.....	.....
National Linseed Oil	17⅜	.....	.....	17⅜
National Cordage, com	22¾	23	22½	22⅝
National Cordage, pfd	85¼	.....	.....	85¼
New York & New England	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Central	99½	99⅝	99½	99⅝
N. Y. C. & St. L., com	.....	.....	.....	.....
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
North American	8½	.....	.....	8½
Northern Pacific, com	.....	.....	.....	.....
Northern Pacific, pfd.	15	15⅜	15	15⅜
Ohio Southern	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio & Miss., com	.....	.....	.....	.....
Omaha com	16⅛	16⅜	16⅛	16⅜
Omaha pfd	36	36½	36	36½
Pacific Mail	.....	.....	.....	.....
Phil. & Reading	19	19½	19	19⅜
Pullman Palace Car	155	156½	155	156½
Richmond Ter	16⅞	17⅛	16⅞	17⅛
Silver	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sugar Com	108⅜	109½	105⅜	109
Sugar pfd	96	97⅜	96	97⅜
Ten. Coal & Iron	18⅜	19⅛	18⅜	19⅛
Texas & Pacific	9⅜	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝
Union Pacific	10⅝	11⅛	10⅝	11⅛
U. S. Rubber com	.....	.....	.....	.....
U. S. Rubber pfd	7	.....	.....	7
Wabash, St. L. & P	15⅛	15⅜	15⅛	15⅜
Wabash, St. L. & P. pfd.	28⅛	29⅜	28⅛	29⅛
Western U. T. Co	88½	89⅜	88½	89⅛
Whisky Trust	18½	20⅛	18⅜	20⅛

Coffee.

Reported by Hanley & Kinsella Coffee and Spice Co. ST. LOUIS, Aug. 14.

	1st call.	2d call.	3d call.
Aug	14.00 b	14.90	14.90
Sept	14.00 b	14.00	.....
Oct	13.25 b	.....	.....
Nov	.....	12.75	.....
Dec	12.65 b	.....	.....
Jan	.....	.....	.....

Mail pouch coffee at $22.85. Rio—No 7 coffee, exchange standard, nominal; good seconds nominal; exchange, 9½c; receipts, 15,000; stock, 217,000; market weak. Shipments by steamer to United States, 20,000; by sail to United States, 8,000; shipments to Europe, 6,000; purchases, United States, 10,000; Europe, 10,000; freight, per steamer to United States, 95c and 5 per cent primage. Steamers loading at Rio for United States 2; good average.

Santos 16 mil; receipts, 24,000; stock, 229,000; market firm; Santos shipments to United States, 52,000; Europe, 7,000; purchases United States, 4,000; Europe, 5,000; freight per steamer 30 and 10 per cent primage; steamer loading at Santos for United States, 3; Europe, 4; cleared from Rio, Aug 10, steamer Capua 7,000.

Foreign Markets by Cable.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 13, 12:30 p. m.—Wheat quiet; demand poor; holders offer moderately; No 2 red winter, 4s 4d@4s 5d; No 2 spring, 4s 9½d@4s 10d; No 1 California, 4s 9d@4s 10d. Corn firm; demand poor; mixed Western, 3s 4d.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 13, 1 p. m.—Wheat—Spot at opening steady. Maize firm.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 13.—Closing—Wheat steady; moderate demand; Western winter, 4s 5d; do spring, 4s 9d. Corn—Demand moderate; new mixed spot firm, 3s 4d; futures dull, demand poor; Aug, 4s 10d; Sept, 4s 9d; Oct, 4s 8d. Flour firm, demand poor; St. Louis fancy winter, 3s 9d. Beef dull, demand poor; extra India mess, 67s 6d; prime mess, 50s. Pork steady, demand poor; prime mess Western, 67s 6d; do medium, 58s 6d.

LONDON, Aug. 13, 1 p. m.—Cargoes off coast—Wheat quiet, but steady; maize, nothing offering. Cargoes on passage and for shipment—Wheat and maize quiet, but steady. Mark Lane—English wheat steady and American quiet; American maize steady and Danubian firm; English and American flour quiet, but steady.

Late Markets By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 13.—Corn firm, demand poor; new mixed spot, 3s 4d.

LONDON, Aug. 13, 4 p. m.—Consols for money, 97⅛; consols for the account, 101⅜.

AND MOLLIE WEPT

When Henry Liembrink and $700 Were Torn From Her Arms.

TALE OF WOE WHICH IS A SEQUEL TO THE ROMANCE OF THE SLUMS.

Henry Miller Paid Liembrink the Balance Due on His Check at the Four Courts To-Day, and Liembrink Then Bade His Bride a Long Farewell.

In Chief of Detectives Desmond's office today a scene took place in which Chief Harrigan acted in the role of the heavy villain, who came between a husband and a loving wife. The latter was Mrs. Henry Leimbrink, nee Mollie Dowling, of 902 Walnut street, an account of of whose romantic marriage was published in last Saturday's POST-DISPATCH. The groom, Henry Leimbrink, a cooper from Cleveland, O., sold his shop for $800 and started out to see the world. He stopped over in St. Louis and meeting Mollie, who prior to 20 years ago was a good and virtuous girl, married her last Tuesday. He regretted his choice almost immediately. Leimbrink had a check for $800 deposited with George W. Miller, a furniture dealer at 1015 Morgan street. Mollie owed Miller a bill, which Leimbrink agreed to pay. The check was on a Cleveland bank and Miller would not cash it until he heard from Cleveland. He advanced some money on it, however, making his bill against Leimbrink in all $100. Miller cashed the check to-day paying Leimbrink $700.

When Miller arrived at his store at 8:30 o'clock this morning he found Mollie there. About twenty minutes later her husband showed up. Leimbrink left his bride yesterday and stopped at a boarding-house near Thirteenth street and Franklin avenue last night. Since his marriage he has been living with his bride at Mollie's old quarters, excepting last Friday night, when he absented himself, causing much alarm to his bride, who appealed to the police to find him.

PAID AT THE FOUR COURTS.

Miller wanted to be secure in regard to paying the money to Leimbrink and took him to the Four Courts and paid over the money to him in Chief of Detectives Desmond's office, in presence of Detective Allender, Chief Desmond not being in. Mollie accompanied her spouse and was present when the money was paid to him. She insisted that he should support her. Liembrink took a seat in a chair and Mollie placed herself between him and the door. Chief Harrigan was sent for and asked what it all meant. Mollie said that she wanted her husband to support her.

"Do you love him?" asked the Chief.

"Yes sir," replied Mollie, rubbing her eyes with the corner of her cape and making an heroic effort to extract a tear.

"He—he—had no—business to marry me," sobbed she, "if he did not want to take care of me. I have knocked about for twenty years and I want to settle down."

Leimbrink at this point started to leave the room when Mollie caught him by the coat tail and held him. Chief Harrigan laid his hand on her arm and told her to let him go. The poor bride, overawed by the force of authority, relinquished her marital rights and watched her husband walk out of the office with $700 in his pocket, to a part of which she had a legal right as his lawful wife.

Leimbrink, before he left the building, stated to a POST-DISPATCH reporter that he did not know where he would go. He said that he intended remaining in the city for a couple of days, as he wanted to see a little more of the town. He said he did not get a chance to see much of the city because his wife would not let him out. He said that he was going to leave his money with a druggist, who was a friend of his, before starting out to see the sights again.

MOLLIE TRIES TO GET A WARRANT.

Mollie, after he had left, remained in Chief Desmond's office, though the police denied that she was detained. After Leimbrink left the building she was allowed to depart. She decided to apply for a warrant for abandonment and ascended to the third floor, where the Prosecuting Attorney's office is, and asked for the warrant, which was refused. She then left the building. She wept bitterly at the outcome of her marital escapade, and said that the notoriety which she has received has ruined her reputation.

REFUSED TO TALK.

Mrs. Von der Ahe Has Nothing to Say About the Family Row.

President Chris Von der Ahe of the Browns stated yesterday that his wife did not approve of the personal attack made on him by their son Eddie. According to Chris, Eddie is endeavoring to gain the sympathy of the public by posing as his mother's particular champion, but Mrs. Von der Ahe does not relish, the father says, the manner in which her son discussed certain private family matters. When seen this morning Mrs. Von der Ahe refused absolutely to have anything to say one way or the other concerning the trouble.

The Outdoor Sports Co. Collapses.

The Outdoor Sports Co. made an assignment to-day to Charles R. Frederickson for the benefit of creditors. The property assigned consists of a printing outfit. The President of the company, Brainard Allison, places the assets at $816.

LAW AND WITCHCRAFT.

All Countries Have Had Laws Against the Exercise of Magical Power.

From the Chicago News.

The Greek laws, the Roman law of the twelve tables, the laws of every nation in Europe, Christian and pagan, provided penalties for the exercise of magical and diabolical arts. Most of these laws rendered the magicians themselves liable to be burned alive and those who cultivated them to crucifixion. Even the possession of magical books and apparatus was criminal. Astrologi (mathematici) were especially objectionable to both the pagan and Christian Emperors. In the Roman and Greek churches this form of exorcism of evil spirits still survives and was acknowledged by the Protestant Church of England as late as 1603. As late as the reign of George II. of England it was made a felony, without the benefit of clergy, to declare by witchcraft where treasure was, to provoke unlawful love, or to attempt to hurt cattle, goods or persons. The last trial of a witch in England was that of Jane Wenham in 1712. She was convicted at Hertford, but not executed. Coke, Bacon and Sir Matthew Hale were firm believers in witchcraft. Lord Seldon affirmed the statutory provisions on the subject. Shakespeare, Milton and others of the great literati of England were firm believers in the power of the departed to influence the living. Even to this day, in some of the States of this union, the form of criminal indictment acknowledges the potency of the devil in inciting to crime.

Witchcraft.

From the Chicago Record.

The law against witchcraft was minutely treated by continental jurists of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. The last execution for witchcraft in Europe took place in Posen, in Germany, in 1793. In Scotland the articles of dittay (indictment) in the case of Margaret Wallace began by reciting the criminality of sorcery upon the divine law as contained in the twentieth chapter of Leviticus and the eighteenth chapter of Deuteronomy. James VI. of Scotland (afterward James I. of England) was present at this trial. The last execution for witchcraft in Scotland took place in Sutherland in 1722,

SUCCUMBED TO HEAT.

John Wilkinson Dies at the City Hospital From Sunstroke.

John Wilkinson, who was removed to the City Hospital from in front of 2275 Chouteau avenue yesterday, suffering from the heat, died this morning at the City Hospital. Wilkinson is 38 years old and a widower. He has a daughter and a sister living at San Francisco, Cal. Wilkinson was an employe of George Kilgen & Sons, organ builders. He lived at 629 South Ewing avenue.

DRINK OR ACCIDENT.

Death of Mrs. Kate Donovan to Be Investigated.

Mrs. Kate Donovan, aged 38 years, living with her husband and two children in the rear of 1428 North Seventh street, died at the City Hospital at 8:30 o'clock this morning. Whether her death is due to alcoholism or is the result of injuries received at 7 o'clock last evening in the house of a woman named Mrs. Reese, who lives next door to the Donovans, is not yet known. The police report of the case is that Mrs. Donovan was lying on the floor of Mrs. Reese's kitchen in an intoxicated condition. Hearing some noise in the alley she attempted to get up and fell against a stove, cutting a gash in the back of her head. She was taken to the hospital in an ambulance in an unconscious condition, in which state she remained until she died. Mrs. Reese, it is alleged, stated that a fight occurred in the back yard between two men. Mrs. Reese went out to see the fight and when she returned Mrs. Donovan was lying unconscious on the floor. Dr. Marks of the City Hospital thinks death was caused by alcoholism and was not due to the scalp wound or any injury. A post mortem inquest will be held to-morrow morning.

HIT TWICE.

Henry Landwehr Collides With an Electric Car and Is Fined.

Henry Landwehr was driving a horse attached to a spring wagon far north on Broadway yesterday afternoon, and when up in Baden he turned his horse off toward the west side of the street and he pulled his vehicle right in front of a south bound electric car. A disastrous collision occured in which Landwehr was badly scratched and bruised, his wagon damaged and the dashboard of the car broken. After Landwehr's injuries had been doctored he was

CHRIS VON DER AHE

The Important Part He Has Played in Base Ball.

THE ONLY MAN TO BRING THE LEAGUE TO TERMS.

Autocrat of the American Association, He Conducted the Fight Which Resulted in the Formation of the Twelve-Club League—Last Eastern Trip On—Retirement of Jockey Charley Thorpe—General Sport.

Chris Von der Ahe was one time the most notable figure in the base ball world. By his enterprise, liberality and aggressiveness he did what no other man has accomplished—made the National League sue for peace and accept it on his own terms. As the autocrat of the American Association, Mr. Von de Ahe shaped its policy and led it in its war with its powerful rival. When after the settlement of the Brotherhood war the League invaded the American Association's territory by putting a team in Cin-

Chris Von der Ahe.

cinnati, "der boss President" not only equipped a club in Porkopolis from his own resources, but by his influence succeeded in bringing about the co-operation of men o wealth in the establishment of an American Association team in Boston, a League stronghold. During the troublesome times of the Brotherhood war Mr. Von der Ahe, after the refusal of the players to take him into that organization, dictated the hands-off policy by which the League was enabled to survive. With the treachery which has always characterized that body, the League repaid the American Association by beginning to steal its players. When the action of the Pittsburg Club in pirating Bierbauer of the Athletics and Reilly of Columbus was approved by the League, Von der Ahe, in behalf of the Association, declared war to the knife and waged it so successfully, although at a great financial loss to himself, that the magnates of the League asked for a conference with a view of bringing about a settlement. They had learned to respect and fear the fighting qualities of the man whom they had derisively alluded to as the "Wooden-shoed Dutchman." When overtures were made to Mr. Von der Ahe his answer was characteristic: "If the League has anything to offer the 'wooden-shoed' Dutchman can be found at the corner of Sixteenth and Grand avenues. I'll not go anywhere to meet your representatives. Come to me."

* * *

And they came, and the twelve-club league was formulated in the rear room of the saloon in the corner building of the property now under mortgage to the Northwestern Bank for $44,000, a large part of which debt was incurred in carrying on the fight against the league. Mr. Von der Ahe, during the Brotherhood war, organized clubs in Rochester, Syracuse and other cities to take the place of deserters. His energy was unflagging, and whenever signs of weakening cropped out Chris hastened to the spot with words of encouragement. When financial aid was needed the local owners would receive the indorsement of the President of the St. Louis club on their large loans, which they would negotiate at the banks. His resources were seemingly unlimited and the League was brought to terms. The old League's sinister methods were pursued in the twelve-club league. Boston stole Stivetts and McCarthy away from the St. Louis Club. Then Mr. Von der Ahe began to retaliate and signed Gleason, Buckley, Jack Glasscock and Brodie. When he protested at the League meeting against the manner in which he lost the services of Stivetts, McCarthy and other stars he was "jollied" into acquiescing.

* * *

The career of the St. Louis Club as a member of the twelve-club League has been marked by reverses during every season. It has never held a respectable position in the race after the second month of play. St. Louisans have been loyal to the club in its adversity in the hope that the man who had downed the League would show some of his former energy and liberality in building up the team.

When the new Sportsman's Park was built it was predicted among the cranks that Mr. Von der Ahe would redeem his oft-made promise of giving St. Louis a first-class team. Instead of buying talent, he sold his best men. The man who bought a whole team to get the services of a single player—Dave Foutz—has never paid more than $500 at a time, and then but seldom, for a player, since he bought Chamberlin from Louisville in 1888. The sale of Foutz, Caruthers and Bushong, Brodie, Gleason, Glasscock and other stars have netted him over $60,000. His luck has been terrible. Unheard of youngsters developed into stars within a season of donning a St. Louis uniform. Breitenstein, Hawley, Peitz and Cooley are illustrations. If Mr. Von der Ahe will but show one-half the enterprise which characterized his early experience in the base ball world, he can depend upon such liberal support from St. Louisans, that his coffers will soon be refilled. He has the nucleus of a winning team. The expediture of a comparatively small sum of money for players would put the Browns on even terms with teams which now outclass them. The public does not demand pennant-winners but it will refuse to support twil-enders. Mr. Von der Ahe can not hope to succeed with an unsuccessful team. The cranks want a run for their money, and unless he gives it to them they will stay at home.

* * *

The last Eastern trip is on. The Browns open at New York to-morrow and finish the week at Brooklyn. Ely will join the team at once, and as Joe Quinn is playing great ball the St. Louis club will once more have a good infield, as Miller will be at third if Denny Lyons is not secured. President Von der Ahe will leave to-night to relieve Secretary Munson, who has had charge of the Browns.

A Dirty Deal.

The Real Estate ball team gave a picked team of South End ball players a dirty deal last Saturday afternoon on the field, corner of Laclede and Taylor avenues. The score was 12 to 14 in favor of the real estate men. The features of the game were the batting of Jack Adams and the battery work of Quinn and Adams.

The League Race.

The standing of the league clubs at noon to-day was as follows:

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	69	37	.646	Brooklyn	47	44	.516
Baltimore	57	32	.640	Cincinnati	42	40	.462
New York	55	36	.604	Chicago	42	50	.457
Cleveland	51	38	.573	St. Louis	39	55	.406
Pittsburg	50	42	.543	Louisville	31	61	.337
Philadelphia	46	41	.529	Washington	27	65	.293

Yesterday's Games.

The Browns won the last game of their series with Cincinnati yesterday. The record for the season of seven games for Cincinnati and five for St. Louis. Miller's men made more than enough runs in the eighth and ninth innings than was necessary for victory. Breitenstein and Parrott were the opposing pitchers. The score:

St. Louis 6, Cincinnati 5. Base hits—St. Louis 13, Cincinnati 7. Errors—St. Louis 3, Cincinnati 7.

The Colts put up an errorless game against Cleveland and won by a score of 10 to 5.

To-Day's Games.

Bostons at Brooklyns.
New Yorks at Baltimores.
Washingtons at Philadelphias.

Base Ball Notes.

Quinn accepted nine chances without an error yesterday. Joe made one break in Saturday's game.

This is a great record for a man who had not played for eleven days.

Painter, a Cincinnati amateur, played center field for the Browns yesterday.

Roger Connor again led the batting. His record was a home run and two singles.

Shugart has shown that he can play shortstop. Why not adopt Barnie's suggestions and make a third baseman of Ely?

The Eastern League is in trouble. The Binghamton Club has withdrawn and Toronto team will take its place.

The Western clubs are o nthe'r way East to-day.

Louisville has traded Pitcher Menafee to Pittsburg for Colcolough and $1,500.

Denny Lyons has probably been indulging in a periodical.

The Baltimores may yet wrest the lead from Boston.

New York is apparently out of the race.

Among the Amateurs.

The DeSoto Blanks defeated the Browns Reserves yesterday by a score of 10 to 2. Fred Blank was an enigma to the Reserves.

The Midways defeated the Tweddle Stars yesterday by a score of 24 to 5. The batting of Oggie was a feature. The Midways would like to hear from Kuhlmeyer's Sluggers. Address 2523 Blair avenue.

THORPE WILL RETIRE.

The Scoggan Jockey Tired of Constant Reducing—Track Talk.

Charlie Thorpe, Scoggan Bros.' jockey, who is one of the best known riders on the Western circuit, has determined to retire at the end of this season. In an interview on the subject recently he had this to say:

"I've made up my mind to quit the business this fall. Any other life than the half-starved existence of the jockey is better even if not so remunerative. It is nearly killing me to constantly deprive my system of the nourishment it craves to keep reducing to weight. It is unnatural and the warning comes sometimes too late. In the case of Jimmy McLaughlin it came in time to cause him to break the provisions of a contract made with George Hankins to ride his horses, but the horse-owner understood McLaughlin's system better than he did himself and very generously drew a check for the time McLaughlin was to have ridden and presented it to Jimmy with the injunction not to reduce again or he would lose his health. The very sight of a big dinner makes me sick at heart, for I know the delicacies in the shape of roast beef and mashed potatoes—not delicacies to many, it is true—are not for me. Success has not followed my efforts of late in riding. Try as hard as I can I cannot win the mounts I used to, and each day in the jockey room I hear the younger fry joking fun at 'Newspaper Thorpe.' Huh, Charley Thorpe done also ran again. He ain't no shucks of a rider. Guess he nebbah did win a race 'cept in the newspapahs,' is the way some have expressed it. But careful riding and jockeyship do not win races as often now as they used to do. There are many young jockeys riding who are as much surprised at the end of a race as the bettors to be announced the winners. This discourages me, and I guess I'll desert the business before I get killed."

* * *

John R. Gentry of Sedalia, Mo., has sold his celebrated pacer John R. Gentry, with a record of 2:09½, to J. F. Scott, one of the proprietors of the Alamance Stock Farm, Graham, N. C., for $10,000. M. E. McHenry drove John R. Gentry for Mr. Gentry, and with McHenry handling the ribbons the crack pacer was a hard horse to defeat. Jim Rainey drove the horse in the 2:12 class pace at Buffalo Saturday and he finished second to the unbeaten Joe Patchen, who was forced to reduce his record twice by the Missouri horse. The latter's defeat is attributed to the change of drivers. John R. Gentry is one of the speediest pacers Missouri has ever sent out on the big trotting circuit.

* * *

The Jerome Park service costs race track foreign books $100 per day for reporting fees alone. This is just twice as much as the Saratoga and Hawthorne service costs and the foreign book managers are making a big howl in consequence. Saratoga and Hawthorne both furnish much better betting cards than Jerome Park. The latter track is controlled by Mike Dwyer, and the horses campaigned by him and Richard Croker are the only really high classed performers there. Providing soft spots for them results in poor betting races, but Mike Dwyer will continue pursuing this policy as long as the public and bookmakers stand it. The $100 per day charges for pool-room service have been in vogue for a number of years at the tracks controlled by the Dwyer Bros.

* * *

William P. Magrane, the St. Louis horse owner and bookmaker, had a row the other day with his jockey, Blaylock, which resulted in the latter leaving Magrane's employ. According to reports, the trouble was caused by Magrane charging Blaylock with "pulling" his filly Ta Ta in her race behind Flying Dutchman. Those who ought to know say that, although Magrane's filly is very fast, she has no license to beat Flying Dutchman and Dorah Wood, both of whom finished ahead of her in the race Magrane and Blaylock quarreled about. Magrane has had trouble with several jockeys this season. Blaylock is now riding for Ed Corrigan.

South Side Entries.

The entries for to-night's races at South Side Park are as follows:

First race, four furlongs, selling:

Blaze Charley	110	Audiphone	110
Brown Dick	110	Tom Wise	110
Daphne	110	Littlefellow, Jr.	110
Piccalilli	110	Jim Flynn	110
Cotta	110	Joe Nevins	110

Second race, four and a half furlongs, selling:

Deer Lodge	119	Yellow Rose	102
Miss Nelson	102	Drew Martin	119
Miss Mexico	102	Tanglefoot	102
Bangum	119	Miss Agnes	102
Post Maid	110	Van S	104

Third race, five furlongs, selling:

Jack Mullins	112	Pretender	112
Kentucky Maid	110	Champagne	112
Golucky	115	Hesperia	110
Healthy	105	Miss Moss	110
Phil Pointer	112	Longbrook	102

Fourth race, six furlongs, selling:

Dan Honig	105	George S	105
Yokohama	105	Freedom	105
Dan Mack	105	Brookdale	105
Eva's Kid	105	Ellison	105
Vendetta	105	Fillmore	105

Track Talk.

Chevalier, the clever California lightweight jockey, has been engaged by Senator O'Brien to ride for his stable.

The promenade with which Starter Rowe is getting his fields away at Jerome Park is said to be remarkable.

The track at Jerome is so dusty as to make it actually unsafe. An accident is liable to occur on some of the turns unless the management expends a little money on a few watering carts.

The investigation of the horse Aristides, not allowed to start at Hawthorne Friday because its identity could not be established, is still under way, with little progress made. J. Smith, in whose name Aristides was entered, is hunting up proof of his claims that the animal is no "ringer."

Speaking of a race for non-winners in the last two years on the Saratoga card, a Gotham writer says: "There is no doubt that this race will fill, but what wretched 'hair trunks' it will bring out. Even the trainers, who will directly benefit, have been laughing at the idea of giving out such conditions when there are good horses galore on the ground only waiting for a chance to race."

From all accounts they have some beauty brights among the bookmakers at Saratoga. It is said that one or two of them cannot figure their tickets as they take in the money. The following conversation is said to have taken place recently. Pinnacr (handing up $15 on a 5 to 5 shot): "Here! Derfargilla." Bookmaker (handing money to ticket writer): "Derfargillar, twall to fife, dree times; make out the ticket, quick."

THE NATIONAL MEET.

St. Louis Cyclists Who Will Be at Denver.

The national meet of wheelmen began in Denver this morning, and that city is en-fete in welcome to the star cyclists of the country. All the wheelmen of note will take part in the races which begin Thursday and continue Friday and Saturday.

Among the St. Louis delegation who left last night or who will start to-night are Secretary-Treasurer W. M. Butler, L. W. Conkling, W. E. Schuits, C. C. Hildebrand, L. D. Cabanne, E. N. Beach, E. A. Grath, L. E. Anderson, A. G. Harding, A. Baur, William Stock, D. W. Robert, H. A. Canfield, W. L. Sachtleben, R. J. Lancaster, T. J. Dempsey, C. M. Craninger, J. W. Bowman, T. J. Kennedy, J. R. Schultz and A. Schrieber.

Cabanne, Grath, Anderson and Harding are the St. Louis entries for the races, and good accounts are expected from them. C. C. Hildebrand, W. M. Butler, D. W. Robert and A. J. Helimich will go out as special agents for St. Louis' big tournament on Aug. 25, and will endeavor to secure a big bunch of additional entries.

The Day's Programme.

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 13.—It is estimated that at least 4,000 wheelmen will be here when the races begin Thursday. An informal reception will be given the wheelmen to-day and souvenirs distributed. They will be escorted to places of interest this afternoon. All the fast men, except Tyler and Johnson, will take part in the races. Among those already here are Livingstone and Caughey, who wheeled from McKeesport, Pa., a distance of 1,704 miles, in three weeks.

BEAT THE SCHEDULE.

The Relay Race Finished in Remarkably Fast Time—Cyclists' Comments.

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 13.—Wheelmen are delighted with the record made in carrying the President's message from Washington City to this city. The distance is 2,037 miles and was made in 6d. 10h. 37m., a gain of 37 hours and 23 minutes over scheduled time. All records for the distance were broken. The streets were thronged with people when George M. McCarthy, the last rider, arrived.

HONORS TO KOENIG.

America's Champion Amateur Oarsman to Be Received Royally.

When Fred Koenig, the champion amateur sculler of America, arrives at the Union Depot to-morrow night, he will meet with a royal reception. The Western Rowing Club, of which Koening is a member, at a meeting held yesterday, appointed a committee of three, consisting of L. F. Hammer, Pete Blattner and Henry Keune, to arrange a programme. It was decided to meet Koenig at the depot with carriages and a brass band and escort him to the club house, where a banquet will be served. Appropriate speeches will be delivered. Not a word has been heard from the champion since he gained his present honors, but there is no apprehension about him in the minds of his clubmates.

It was also decided to accept the Modocs' challenge for the Faust Cup, but the proposed race for the Junior fours will hardly come off. Mr. Lamp of the Westerns is in ill-health and cannot stand the hardship of training. As the Modocs' challenge was directed to the four which beat them at Clifton Terrace it cannot be accepted. Mr. Lamp's place in the barge crew will be taken by Pat Sheehan or Frank Dumerth. The date has not been decided.

CORBETT IS INCONSISTENT.

Peter Jackson Says He Was Willing to Fight Ten Rounds Two Years Ago.

"I notice that Brady gives as one reason for Corbett not accepting an offer for a twenty-round go in England that Corbett is a finish fighter pure and simple," says Peter Jackson. "I wonder does Brady remember inviting me to meet Corbett in a ten-round fight in New York at a time when I was getting ready to go to England and fight Slavin? Corbett must have made finish fighting his specialty since then. As to the length of the fight, I would rather have it to a finish than any other way, but failing that, it appears to me that a twenty-round match, with the provision that there must be a winner, is a pretty good thing. It will make a man fight if he cares anything about the decision. Corbett, I notice, didn't have half as much to say about the fight that wasn't bad, being over, when he expressed annoyance at my not being in New York to meet him. I wonder does he think that he is free to ignore all our arrangements and travel where he likes and that I must be dancing attendance on him year after year.

"A Corbett remark that he wants to meet me personally and talk business, I am quite in accord with him. We will understand each other better if we discuss the matter ourselves, and as I understand he remains in New York until Aug. 16, we will discuss the whole business in a manly way, I hope. I don't blame Corbett because there is no suitable place in sight just now where we can fight, but, as I said before, I consider he and those around him did not try to bring matters to a head before he went away."

South Sides' Swimming Party.

Hot weather interfered greatly with the attendance on the club runs yesterday and but few members were out on the roads. The run of the South Sides to Creve Cœur Lake was postponed till next Sunday. For this week Cap. Wills has arranged a swimming party at the Concordia Natatorium for Tuesday night. Members are requested to report at the club rooms with their wheels by 8 p. m. Big preparations have been made to make this affair a success and some impromptu swimming races will be held. For Thursday evening a moonlight run to Schoenlau's Grove is on the card and "bier, schmierkaese and club politics" will be provided in abundance. Riders living on the South Side are cordially invited to participate in these outings, starting at 8 p. m. sharp.

Sporting Notes.

Joe Walcott, the colored lightweight champion, appears to be unable to get on a match with any man in his class.

Jimmy Carroll of Brooklyn will train Jack McAuliffe for his coming match with "Young" Griffo.

Billy Myer, the "Streator Cyclone," has asked Capt. Williams of the Auditorium Club of New Orleans, to match him against Stanton Abbott, the English lightweight champion.

Arthur Valentine, the English featherweight, is anxious to come to this country and show Americans how he can fight. He has asked the Olympic Club of New Orleans to match him against any featherweight in America.

The annual races of the National Swimming Association will take place in Philadelphia on Aug. 16. The programme of events is as follows: 100-yard race, handicap; quarter mile race, handicap; 220-yard race, scratch; one mile race, handicap.

Billy Delaney, Corbett's sparring partner, talking about the champion's chances in a battle with Jackson, said: "Why, that fellow Jackson won't fight. If he does, though, I'll bet him to a horse, certainly. Mark me, Jim will do Jackson quick. I predicted that he would easily defeat Mitchell, and I was right, wasn't I?"

The Vigilant and Britannia will sail for the cup offered by Lord Wolverton on Wednesday.

GLAD TO GET THEM BACK.

Pullman Employes Returning to Their Old Places.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—The gates of the Pullman Co.'s big plant at Pullman were besieged this morning by a host of the striking employes, who came seeking work and who signified their willingness to go back to their old positions.

At 9 o'clock the foreman found that he had 1,788 men on hand ready for work. Others who are competent and willing are to be given work just as fast as those parts of the works now closed can be started up.

All old employes returning will get their places back until the full quota of men needed is at work. As the full number of men is but 2,000, the officials of the company feel certain that it will not be long before the work will be running full blast again.

Among those who returned were 200 Swedes, skilled workmen, to whom the company was glad to give places.

Lebanon Notes.

LEBANON, Ill., Aug. 13.—An unknown man was overcome by the heat in Summerfield. He died before medical aid could be procured.

The ladies of the M. E. Church gave a lawn party.

The contract for the erection of a new iron bridge across Silver Creek, one mile west of here, has been let to the St. Louis Iron and Bridge Co.

The Bennett coal mine is in operation again. It has been idle for over three months, and the miners have lost several thousand dollars in wages. The old scale of wages was accepted, with a promise of a raise at the end of the month.

Hazing parties are all the rage with the young people of this city. A spirit of rivalry exists between the young ladies, who have organized themselves into two organizations of about a dozen members each. Each endeavors to outdo the other in every way possible. They have an outing or entertainment alternately and, owing to a scarcity of young men, each crowd has the same ones. It is needless to say that the young men are enjoying themselves.

CARMODY'S Union Station Branch Saloon is the finest and most elegantly equipped place of its kind in the city. Call and inspect it and examine goods. Only the best is kept here.

MARRIED AT CLAYTON.

George Ostertag and Olivia De Gaetani Secured a County License.

George W. Ostertag and Miss Olivia De Gaetani, both of this city, went to Clayton last Monday afternoon, secured a marriage license from Deputy Recorder Peter Wetzel and were married. Mr. Ostertag is a well-known florist. He was until two months ago a partner in the firm of L. Maunt & Co., florists at 104 North Twelfth street, and lived at 2834 Washington avenue. Miss de Gaetani lived with her mother at 2655 Morgan street, and was employed by her half-sister, Miss Terese Badaracco, in her flower store at 1816 Olive street. They kept the story of their marriage as quiet as possible, it seems, but the news leaked out.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter called at Mrs. Badarecco's, at Maunt's and at the De Gaetani home, but everyone seen smilingly refused to discuss the case or tell why the couple went to Clayton for their license. Ostertag is a man of 26, while his bride is described as a beautiful dark-eyed brunette of 20. A strange coincidence in connection with this wedding is that Mr. Maunt's wife died last Friday, just a few days after his former partner's marriage. He took her remains to Iowa for interment Saturday night, and has not since returned.

WARRANT FOR A JUDGE.

Mr. Wall Charges a Starkloff Man With Being a Non-Resident.

Mr. L. J. W. Wall, who heads the opposition to Dr. Starkloff in the Thirteenth Ward, went to the Four Courts this morning accompanied by his attorney, Mr. Eugene McQuillan, and applied for a warrant for the arrest of one of the Starkloff judges at to-day's primary election. The charge was that the person was not a resident of the ward, and could not, therefore, lawfully act as a judge of election there. The warrant was issued, but the name of the person named therein was withheld until the arrest should be made. Dr. Max Starkloff was advised of this action and stated that both of the judges acting for his faction were old residents of the ward. One, he said, is Sprinkling Inspector Lowenstein and the other Wm. Eilins, the general committeeman of the ward. Neither of them, the doctor insisted, were open to the charge of being non-residents. Lowenstein, Dr. Starkloff said, had lived in the ward for twenty-five years. He is believed to be the man named in the warrant.

William Keller of Carondelet was arrested last night at Broadway and Stein street on complaint of Benjamin Loewenstein, a clothier at 7611 South Broadway, charged with disturbing the peace. The case was docketed in the Carondelet Police Court this morning, but a continuance was secured. According to Lowenstein his difficulty with Keller is the result of a foul plot on the part of "Uncle Filley's" address to a precinct voter while acting as one of Dr. Starkloff's judges in to-day's primary.

Keller, who weighs about 200 pounds, got after the clothing man Saturday and treated him pretty roughly, but no complaint was made. Last night the dose was repeated. Lowenstein took refuge behind the law.

MAY BE HIS FATHER.

Fears of Peter Huck Concerning the Man Found Dead at East St. Louis.

Joseph Huck of Belleville came to East St. Louis to-day to make inquiry in regard to the unknown man who was found dead near the M. & O. tracks last Thursday night. He feared that the body might be that of his father, Anton Joseph Huck, a carpenter who left Belleville several weeks ago to seek employment at his trade, and had not since communicated with the family. The published description of the body tallied very well with the elder Huck's appearance except as to height, and the son thought there might have been some mistake about that. His father was not a feet tall, as the body was described, but he decided to have the body exhumed for identification. After making arrangements for the disinterment of the body to-morrow, he went home to obtain exact information about his father's clothing.

Thieves entered the private office of Frank Bloom at the race track last night and stole about $25 from a cash register. Bloom runs the bar at the track and has an office under the grand stand. He owns John Hickey and made a good winning on the victory of that horse Saturday. It is supposed the thieves expected to make a good haul, thinking Bloom might have left his "roll" in his office, but they only secured the change left in the bar register.

A crap game at the house of William Cleary, colored, alias "Cairo Bill," on First street, near St. Clair avenue, was raided last night by the police and seven negroes were arrested.

The Columbian Rod and Gun Club held a shooting match yesterday at Trendley Park.

Several members of the East Side Cyclers made a round trip to Belleville on their wheels yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Traub have returned from their wedding trip and are now at home on Eighth street.

Rev. W. R. Moore delivered an address to the R. R. Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon at Association Hall.

BELLEVILLE NEWS.

Foot Crushed by a Wagon Wheel—Notes and Gossip.

Henry Schroeder has returned from Staunton, where he was injured last week in a runaway. His right foot was crushed by a wagon wheel.

Baldorf & Frick have obtained a building permit for a brick business house to be erected at Richland and A streets.

Adolph Horn has gone East on a business trip.

The St. Clair County School Officers' Association will hold a meeting at the Courthouse here the 23d inst.

The literary society of the Free Protestant Church held a lawn festival at the Germania Garden last night. A large crowd attended.

The funeral of Christian Marx, who died last week at Millstadt, took place there yesterday under the auspices of the Treubund Lodge.

Postmaster Wangelin has secured an appropriation for the keep of two horses to be used by mail carriers.

The funeral of an infant son of Otto Hartman occurred yesterday at the Messenger cemetery.

An examination of applicants for civil service positions was held at the Court-house Saturday by the local board.

Rev. G. W. Shepard has returned from a visit to the Piasa Bluffs camp meeting.

Mrs. Fred Berghan of Douglas avenue gave a birthday party yesterday.

Rev. Johannes Rockstroh read a pastoral letter from Bishop Seymour at St. George's Church yesterday.

The Freeburg Fire Co. held a picnic yesterday at Schifferdecker's Park.

The fourth annual tournament of the Independent Gun Club was held yesterday at the Fair Grounds. Ten prize events were decided.

The pupils of the Knitting School will hold a picnic Friday at the Fair Grounds.

Mrs. James Quigley has gone to Springfield to visit Mrs. T. O. Fleischbein.

Miss Ella Robbins of Cincinnati is the guest of Mrs. O. N. Park.

Miss Nona Burke has gone to Indianapolis, Ind., to visit friends.

Mrs. E. J. Bahrenburg of St. Louis is here visiting her son, Dr. William Bahrenburg.

Rev. H. E. Fuller of the Baptist Church has returned from his vacation trip.

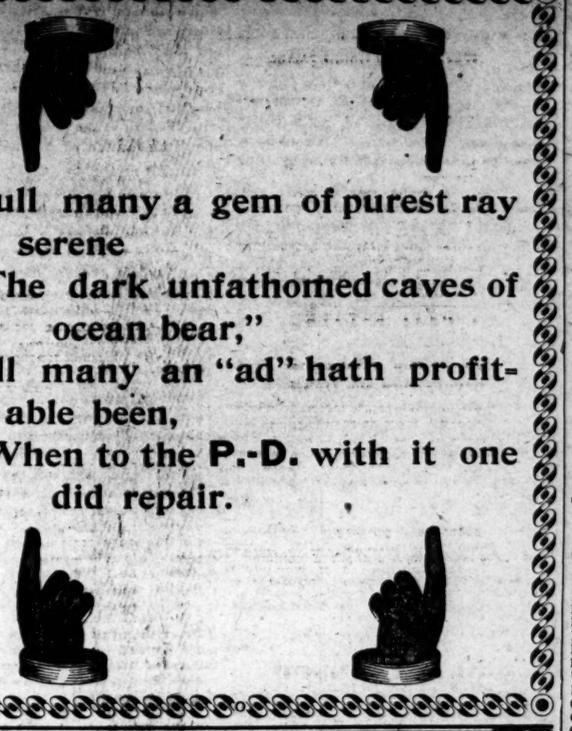
The German Military Society has elected William Weber Captain, G. Hendrick First Lieutenant, Charles Wassman Second Lieutenant, S. H. Strittmatter and Cornelius Schoedler Sergeants, Lawrence Stomer Corporal.

Linus Holdener of Clinton, Ky., is here visiting his father, Wendelin Holdener.

August Hooker has gone to Hunker Hill to visit his parents.

An Old Hero Gone.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—George W. Waite, the oldest man in the service sailing from this port as a marine engineer, died last night. During the war he was chief engineer of the man-of-war Monticello. He supervised the cutting of the chains across the Mississippi River to admit Union vessels into New Orleans.



UNION DEPOT TIME TABLE

*Except Sundays. †Daily. ‖Except Saturday. ‡Except Monday. ¶Monday. §Sunday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Through trains to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Lincoln and Denver. Pullman Sleepers and Free Chair Cars. Through trains to St. Paul and Minneapolis, with Pullman Sleepers and elegant Dining Cars.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—C. B. & Q.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Rock Island, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and Dubuque Express	† 8:35 am	† 6:20 pm
Rock Island, Dubuque, Galesburg, Peoria, St. Paul and Minneapolis Express	† 8:20 pm	† 6:50 am

BURLINGTON—St. L., K. & N. W.

Minneapolis, St. Paul, Omaha, Cedar Rapids Express	†11:40 am	† 3:45 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Leavenworth, Kansas City and California Express	† 3:45 pm	† 7:20 am
Hannibal, St. Paul and Minneapolis, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington Night Express	† 7:50 pm	† 6:45 am
Hannibal, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Atchison and St. Joseph Day Express	† 7:40 am	† 7:15 pm ‖11:20 pm
Quincy	† 2:30 am	† 1:00 pm
Fast Mail, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy and Burlington. Local passenger from Quincy		

BALTIMORE & OHIO SOUTHWESTERN RY. (OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.)

Local Express, Cincinnati and Louisville	† 7:20 a m	† 3:50 p m
Royal Blue Flyer, Cin., Louisville, Colu'm bus, Pitts., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York	† 3:00 a m	† 8:00 p m
New York Express, Cin., Louisville, Colu'm bus, Pitts., Wash., Balt., Phil. and New York	† 8:25 p m	† 7:15 a m
Day Express	† 8:10 a m	† 7:20 pm
Chicago Day Express		† 7:40 am
Chicago Diamond Special	† 9:10 pm	† 7:40 am
Cincinnati Day Express	† 8:10 a m	† 7:00 pm
Cincinnati Night Express	† 5:30 pm	† 7:00 am
Birmingham Accommodation	† 5:30 pm	† 8:15 am

VANDALIA LINE.

Trains No. 30 and No. 21	† 8:10 am	† 7:20 pm
Day Express	† 3:40 am	† 7:20 pm
Indianapolis Accommodation	*11:25 am	* 5:00 pm
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Express	† 9:00 pm	† 7:00 am
Chicago Day Express	† 8:10 am	† 7:20 pm
Chicago Night Express		† 7:40 am
Chicago Diamond Special	† 9:10 pm	† 7:40 am
Cincinnati Day Express	† 8:10 a m	† 7:00 pm
Cincinnati Night Express	† 5:30 pm	† 7:00 am
Birmingham Accommodation	† 5:30 pm	† 8:15 am

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD. Chicago Line.

Chicago Day Express, daily	† 8:10 am	* 7:20 pm
Chicago Diamond Special, d'ly	† 9:10 pm	† 7:30 am

CLEV., CIN., CHICAGO & ST. L. Big Four Route.

Day Express	* 7:10 am	* 3:45 pm
Southwestern Limited	† 9:05 am	† 3:45 pm
Accommodation	*10:40 am	* 6:55 am
Alton Express		‖10:35 am
Madison, Jerseyville & Springfield Accommodation	† 3:30 pm	† 1:30 pm
Alton Express	‖ 3:55 pm	‖ 1:30 pm
Boston, New York & Cincinnati Express	* 7:55 pm	* 7:30 am

LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Chicago Local Express	† 7:30 am	† 3:05 pm
Chicago Fast Express	† 9:00 am	† 7:15 pm
Toledo, Detroit & New York Fast Express	† 7:30 am	† 3:05 pm
Toledo, Detroit & New York Accommodation	‡ 4:55 pm	‡10:35 am
Toledo, Detroit, New York Vestibuled Limited	† 7:00 pm	† 7:30 am
Chicago Vestibuled Limited	† 9:00 pm	† 7:30 am

LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Kansas City Mail and Express	† 8:30 am	† 6:25 pm
Kansas City, Ottumwa, Montgomery Accommodation	† 9:00 am	† 6:10 pm
Omaha, DesMoines & St. Paul Express	† 4:30 pm	*11:00 am
Kansas City Fast Express	† 8:35 pm	* 7:30 am
Fergusen Accommodation	† 8:35 pm	† 7:00 am
Fergusen Accommodation	† 7:30 am	† 6:25 pm
Fergusen Accommodation	† 1:00 pm	† 6:40 am
Fergusen Accommodation	† 4:30 pm	† 1:20 pm
Graham Accommodation	† 4:30 pm	† 1:20 pm
Fergusen (Thursday only)	11:30 pm	7:45 pm
Fergusen Acc. (Sunday only)	1:00 pm	10:30 am
Fergusen Acc. (Sunday only)	4:00 pm	1:00 pm

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILROAD.

Chicago Limited	† 8:45 am	† 7:15 pm
Chicago "Palace" Express	† 3:55 pm	† 7:40 am
Chicago Day Local Express	† 8:45 am	† 7:45 pm
Chicago Night Local Express	† 4:50 pm	*10:30 am
Kansas City Vestibuled Limited	† 3:40 pm	† 7:10 am
Kansas City Day Express	† 8:30 am	† 7:00 pm
Jacksonville Accommodation	† 3:45 pm	*11:00 am
Alton Express	* 8:30 am	* 8:10 am
Alton Express	* 1:55 pm	* 1:20 pm

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Southern Fast Mail	† 7:50 am	† 7:30 pm
Bardstown Accommodation	*10:45 am	† 1:35 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	† 4:00 pm	† 9:10 am
Southern Fast Line	† 7:45 pm	† 7:30 am

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Fast Mail	† 3:00 am	
Local Express	† 7:55 am	† 6:00 pm
Kansas City, Omaha, Lincoln and Southern Kansas Exp.	9:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha & So. Kan. & Col. Fast Line	† 8:20 pm	† 6:55 am
Kansas City and Colorado Express		† 7:15 am

Missouri Pacific Locals.
Washington Accommodation Leaves *5:25 pm, arrives *8:00 am.
Kirkwood Accommodation leave
*8:48, *9:00, †9:50, *11:50 am, *1:35, †3:15, *4:30, *5:50, *6:20, †6:30, *8:45, †11:30 pm.
Sundays Only, Leave
7:30 am, 1:00 pm., 9:45 pm.
Kirkwood Accommodation Arrive
*8:20, *7:35, *8:40, *9:50 am, *12:35, 11:30, †3:13, *5:10, †5:55, *7:40, †8:20, *10:40 pm.
Sundays Only, Arrive
9:05 am, 10:25 am.
Oak Hill Accommodation Leave
*6:20, †8:05, †10:00, *11:55 am, †3:00, *4:45, †5:13, †11:35 pm. Sunday only leave 1:15 pm.
Oak Hill Accommodation Arrive
6:35, †8:20, †10:30, *11:55 am, †1:30, †5:35, †7:05, †7:45 pm.
Creve Cœur Lake.
Leave—†6:00 am, †9:40 am, *1:30 pm, ‡4:35 pm. Sunday only, 8:00 am, 1:30 pm, 7:30 pm.
Arrive—†8:15 am, †12:40 pm, †3:50 pm, *7:10 pm. Sunday only, 10:10 am, 6:55 pm, 8:30 pm, 10:35 pm.

IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE.

Columbus Accommodation	† 8:02 am	† 6:45 pm
Little Rock, Hot Springs, Dallas and Ft. Worth Express	†10:00 am	† 6:10 pm
Hot Springs and Memphis Spec	† 7:40 pm	† 7:00 am
Texas Special to Dallas, Galveston, San Antonio, New Orleans and City of Mexico	† 8:18 pm	† 7:25 am
El Paso & California Express	† 9:30 pm	† 6:05 am

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO R.R.

Valley Park Accommodation	* 6:30 am	* 6:45 am
Valley Park Accommodation	* 7:30 am	* 8:40 am
Kansas & Colorado Mail	* 8:25 am	† 6:30 pm
Arkansas & Texas Vestibuled	* 8:25 am	† 6:30 pm
Valley Park Accommodation	* 9:30 am	*10:50 am
Valley Park Accommodation	* 1:00 pm	† 1:25 pm
Valley Park Accommodation	* 2:00 pm	*11:00 pm
Valley Park Accommodation	* 4:00 pm	† 6:30 pm
Pacific Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	† 7:35 am
Valley Park Accommodation	* 6:30 pm	† 6:00 pm
Col. & Cal. Express

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Give your order to your carrier. No extra charge for changing your address as often as you like.

MONDAY, AUGUST 13, 1894.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

POPE'S—"The Black Flag."
UHRIG'S CAVE—"Rigoletto."
ROOF GARDEN—Vaudeville.
SOUTH SIDE PARK—Racing.

THE trust wins hands down and behind the back.

WHEN Peffer and Hill vote together Uncle Samuel strokes his whiskers.

LEVI MORTON would do well to size up the McKinley boom before he makes himself certain.

ASTOR'S paper says the Vigilant has been cheating. Albion should be proud of her adopted son.

THE "home market" campaign fund of Alabama must have got into the hands of the wrong Pantata.

THE Senate conspirators have put a taint on the word "conservative" that is likely to stay with it.

THERE should be ample provisions for feeding the Excelsior crowd. It will be an exceedingly hungry one.

IT is known how much the Senate's victory is worth to the trusts, but what their attorneys make out of it is a matter of speculation.

A TREACHEROUS and purchasable Senate was not thought of when the founders of the Republic approved the present method of choosing Senators.

GORMAN is repudiated and repudiated and repudiated in his own State of Maryland, but the date of the expiration of his term still stands at '99.

"SEE that I am pai red in favor of the tariff bill," telegraphed Senator Irby. The South Carolina statesman has been among the voters lately.

IT is comforting to know that in spite of the prostration of our American industries the price of a vote in the Republican primaries can be kept up to $3.

SUPPOSE Senator Vest's suggestion to "turn the calcium light of truth on the work of the Conference Committee" were adopted—what a rush to cover there would be!

THE Republican factions should refrain from stuffing the ballot boxes on each other to-day. Ballot box stuffing should only be tolerated in a contest with the common enemy.

ADLAI STEVENSON has made himself useful by knocking out the bald-headed Mephisto from New York. Nothing could help the Adlai boom more than a statesmanlike vote when there is a tie.

WITH Collis Huntington and George M. Pullman in charge of the widows and orphans of the United States, all other benevolent combinations for the benefit of the helpless would retire with a blush.

IT is depressing to hear that Senator Hoar and the Boston Home Market Club blew in $100,000 on the Alabama election. It is not credible that if the colored voters got all this they refused to vote for Kolb.

THE deals of speculators by which the price of corn is forced up are treated as matters of slight importance to the people in general. Yet corn is both meat and bread, and every home in the country feels the effect of tampering with its price.

MR. FILLEY'S charge that it has been Mr. Chartrand's ambition to provide places for members of the Chartrand family is not a serious matter. There have been Republican Presidents even who have worked the Government for their relatives.

APROPOS of suicide prompted by disease, Dr. Robertson suggests that "there ought to be a national commission, or something like it, through which physicians could obtain permission, when their judgment suggested that it was proper, to put patients beyond the reach of suffering." Doubtless Dr. Robertson's idea is to obtain public and official sanction for the results of private practice.

THE belief of the Chinese that when the Manchus go out of power there will be no more plagues, fires, floods or bad harvests is not unlike that of the minority party in the United States. We are made more like the Chinese than we are willing to admit.

OLNEY is reported to be thinking about holding the railroads to accountability for their violation of the interstate commerce law. What else has Olney done but to think about it? Ever since his entrance on the stage of public life his part in the enforcement of the law against railroads has been a "thinking part."

THE House may now partly atone for its enforced acceptance of the Senate bill by promptly passing a short supplementary bill putting sugar, coal and iron ore on the free list and including as many as possible of the Wilson bill reductions. This will straighten out the record of the House and throw upon the Gormal squad of Senators and their Republican abettors the entire responsibility for the trust bounty features of the Gorman-Brice bill.

BETTER THAN CAMPAIGNING.

The result that has come out of the disgraceful tariff situation in Congress has compensating features of great value.

The efforts of the wisest men in American public life and of the leading independent newspapers have been directed for years to the task of teaching the American people the corrupting influence of protection and monopoly legislation. The bitter fruits of the policy of granting governmental favors to private interests have been pointed out with faithful persistence. It has been shown that there is no end to the greed which fattens on monopoly and public plunder and that money obtained through legislative favors will be used to purchase a continuation and an increase of such favors. It inevitably and under an unchangeable law of nature and politics finds its way into all the channels of corruption by which Government may be controlled for private ends.

The situation in Washington is an object lesson which flashes the light of experience on the teachings of wisdom. Now that the people have been convinced of the folly and wrong of monopoly taxation they find themselves unable to get rid of it. The accomplishment of their will is barred by the creatures of their favor. The monopolies which were created and nourished by their generosity have become their masters. The little finger of a tax-fattened trust is thicker than the loins of the whole people.

A majority of the American people have demanded the abolition of monopoly taxes. The President and a majority of the people's representatives are striving to gain this end. But four men, with the power and wealth of protected trusts back of them, dictate legislation.

The best work that honest public men can do now is to fix the odium of this outrage where it belongs, and impress its lesson on the minds of the voters. It is worth ten years of ordinary political campaigning.

NOTHING BUT A TRADITION.

Testimony of a surprising nature comes from Americans who have gone to England to compete with their British cousins in sport contests.

The Yale athletic team complain that Oxford violated the understanding in the contest of collegians by entering against the Yale boys the pick of half a dozen English colleges. Their treatment on the field was exceedingly unkind. The American marksmen assert that the strongest birds were reserved for them and were released from the most distant traps, everything in fact was done to aid the British marksmen. Mr. Gould and the Vigilant crew are bitter in their reflections on the manner in which they were treated in the yacht races. There seemed to be a combined effort to beat down the Vigilant by competitors and English spectators. The boat was driven on the shoals, the wind was taken out of her sails, and she was obstructed in every possible way. When she won against all odds, her victory was received with sullen silence.

Even the British Navy is not without the reproach of ungenerous conduct. The crew of the Chicago, which defeated several unbeaten British crews in the naval regatta, won without a sign of approval or encouragement.

It is hard for Englishmen who have looked upon themselves as the easy champions of every field of physical prowess and skill to see the despised Yankees take their honors. But the essential elements of true sportsmanship are absolute fair play and generous recognition of superior skill and strength. It is vitiated by the slightest taint of unfairness and jealous animosity.

John Bull must mend his ways or the traditional fair play of the British sportsman will become nothing but a tradition.

AN esteemed contemporary which poses as the organ of Missouri Democracy while serving as the organ of a few ambitious Democrats, thinks it is too early to talk about the choice of a Senator by the people in 1897. So it is for the few ambitious Democrats. If the attention of the people is not aroused too soon to this matter these ambitious Democrats can get their deals fixed up so that they can defeat all efforts to secure popular participation in the senatorial election. This same newspaper, which thinks it too early for Missouri Democrats to think about the method of selecting their Senator, never indicated that the subject could be taken up too early when the choice of a Senator by the Illinois Democrats was concerned. It rose with the lark at the peep of dawn to pipe about the benefits of popular nomination in that State.

NO DOUBT Atty.-Gen. Olney will be shocked at the presumption of Atty.-Gen. Moloney in assailing a mighty corporation for getting outside of its charter. The philanthropic purpose of Sir Pullman in providing houses for renting by his employes, and the convenient gas and water arrangements of Pullman suburb, seem to have been lost sight of entirely by Gen. Moloney.

THOSE of us who have read of the intense interest taken in a base ball game by Senators Hill, Murphy and Smith and a man who looked like Gorman will never cease to regret that this pretty quartette did not devote their lives entirely to the noble game instead of going into politics.

THE praises of pie have been sounded wherever the stars and stripes float, but until now we have never realized its greatest virtue. A Pennsylvania man has found that the hot mince variety keeps him cool.

ROYAL LAETITA would not have been so much blamed for appearing in tights and bifurcated skirts on a bicycle, if she had not also loaded herself with a royal jag. She is as bad as a man.

WHEN we read that "more people attended the circus at Moberly than ever before," may we not infer that at least in Imperial Missouri the backbone of the hard times is yielding?

MR. CLEVELAND has two doubles. Can't these gentlemen be induced to go about with Mr. Thurber and thus draw any anarchistic fire that might be intended for the President.

NOW THAT stenography has been ascertained to be a "matrimonial bridge," it is to be apprehended that there may be a feminine rush that will break it down.

WHEN the other cities shall have adopted the St. Louis scheme of electric car mail delivery they will begin to understand what is meant by metropolitan facilities.

AS A domestic sample the commercial traveler just arrested for having a wife in Cedar Rapids, when he had one in Topeka, will hardly pass.

FROM the mutterings in Brazil we may almost hope to sell our South American brethren some more fire-arms in the near future.

THE bridal couple who blew out the gas at a Missouri hotel were little aware how quickly love's flame might be thus extinguished.

IT appears that American poets live to a good old age. The mortality among their readers, however, should be given.

THE ice man who wipes his feet before plunging into the kitchen will never suffer from heat in the next world.

BOSS FILLEY, though a high tariff orator, would never encourage the manufacture of silks.

The Path of Promotion.

FROM THE NEW YORK WORLD.

IF THE WORLD were asked to advise a young man how to rise it would point to the case of Henry S. Priest of Missouri, as an example of what intelligence, industry and fidelity to the interest of an employer will do.

The young man who wishes to come to the front in any business must be honest, faithful, energetic, reliable, as Mr. Priest has been.

Over and above all this, if he wishes to become a Federal judge as expeditiously as possible he must enter the employment of a powerful railroad company, as Mr. Priest did.

In every capacity in which he has served the Gould system Mr. Priest has given entire satisfaction, and consequently his promotion through all the grades of the service to the Federal bench has been rapid.

Republics may be ungrateful, but well-managed railroad companies are not. The young man who wishes to achieve eminence in the public life of the United States must understand this if he is to succeed.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

[No matter written on both sides of the sheet can appear under this head.—ED.

[Bear in mind that it is against our rule to print any letter sent to this office unaccompanied by name and residence of writer.]

Water for Conductors.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Apropos the hard times, and the efforts both rich and poor are making to economize, it will be interesting to note that even our great corporations are obliged to strain every nerve to make both ends meet.

An instance of this, and alas! a sorry one, was brought to my notice a short time ago while a passenger on the Compton Heights division of the Lindell Railway. It was one of the scorching afternoons we experienced last week, and I was standing on the rear platform exchanging casual remarks with the conductor, when suddenly he exclaimed: "I would give a day's wages for a glass of water!" The words came vehemently, and as I looked at the man he seemed totally exhausted by the great heat.

I said: "Surely in the company provides ice water for the men." He then explained that the company had been prevailed upon to furnish about 5 cents' worth of ice each morning. This was placed in a water barrel at the western terminus of the line. The morning crew began work at 5 a. m. and quit at 8 p. m. The barrel was exposed all day to the sun's rays, so that when the afternoon crew came on at 3 o'clock, the ice had long since melted and the water was warm and sickening. The men were not allowed to leave the cars for any reason except at this terminus, so that all through the long hot afternoons and evenings, they suffered for a drink of cold water, which it was impossible for them to procure.

Now every good citizen knows the Lindell Railway Co. for as progressive and public spirited a body as a corporation can be. It is said that the company erected the Forest Park pavilion at a cost of $25,000; that it contributed $20,000 to the Park Lake Fund, and does it not seem that a little money might be expended by the "Lindell" for its employes' welfare?

Gentlemen, gentlemen, here is evidently an oversight. Let your friends and patrons, the great public, know that this niggardliness is not intentional, and that it will be rectified at once. A PASSENGER.

The Locomotive Whistle Torture.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The Mayor of East St. Louis, with an eye to the comfort of those living in that burg, has called the attention of the Chief of Police to the useless and unnecessary sounding of the steam whistles of locomotive engines at all hours of the night. This practice has become an absolute nuisance in St. Louis. At night, from 10 to 6, all engines on the railroad tracks between the [illegible] Depot and city limits seem to have [illegible] whistles going, for what purpose or [illegible] amusement of the engineer [illegible] reason is not apparent [illegible] and a disturbance [illegible] thousands living [illegible] this noisy and unnecessary practice. St. Louis is the only city in the country which permits this nuisance. In the other cities, except in cases of great danger, the locomotive whistle is not sounded and never for switching, right of way, crossings or signals is it permitted. CHESTNUT STREET.

Out of Date.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The Zend Avesta, the Bible of Zoroaster, contains a sentiment which at the present time might be appropriately hung on the walls of the Merchants' Exchange. It reads: "There is no greater crime than to buy grain and keep it until it becomes dear." FRANCIS E. NIPHER.

OWEN HELD.

The Negro Found Responsible for John Conway's Death.

Deputy Coroner Albers held an inquest to-day on the remains of John Conway, the hod-carrier who died at the City Hospital on Saturday last from the effects of compression of the brain, the result of a blow received in a fight on Monday night last. Thos. Owen, the negro, who assaulted Owen, was held by the jury responsible for his death. The fight took place in front of 1009 Lucas avenue. Conway was 63 years old, married and lived at 1811 O'Fallon street.

SERIOUSLY STABBED.

Henry Hammon Cuts Pierce Whalen in a Fight.

Henry Hammon of 1402 North Eighth street dangerously stabbed Pierce Whalen of 1518 North Eighth street in a fight at Broadway and Cass avenue yesterday afternoon. Whalen was removed to the City Dispensary and thence to his home. Hammon was arrested last night.

WITH A REVOLVER.

James Coughlan Is Said to Have Beaten Horseshoer John Griffin.

John Griffin, a well-known horseshoer, who lives at 2118½ Chestnut street, while in the saloon of James Coughlan, 2300 Market street, last evening got into a dispute with the proprietor and during the argument Coughlan fired a shot which grazed the scalp of Griffin. Coughlan, it is said, also struck Griffin on the head with the butt end of his revolver, inflicting an injury which was dressed at a neighboring drugstore. Coughlan after the shooting jumped into his buggy and drove off. Griffin refused to prosecute.

PERU'S INSURGENTS.

Many Groups of Them, Who Demoralize Commerce.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—A dispatch to the *Times* from Lima, Peru, says: "Small groups of insurgents are scattered all over the country and that there is a generally unsettled feeling. Commerce and agriculture therefore are much disturbed. It is added that the insurgents' greatest strength is in the North; but they appear to have no settled plans of campaign.

"Gen. Caceres, it is added, assumed the Presidency without any manifestation of hostile feelings against him. The new ministers assumed office yesterday. Public opinion is apathetic regarding the appointments."

MADE AN AFFIDAVIT.

Dr. Atkinson Answers Dr. Agate Friedman's Statement.

Dr. Robert Atkinson, ex-Secretary of the Board of Health, says that Dr. Agate Friedman's statement that a mistake was made in registering him properly is absurd. Dr. Friedman, who was indicted by the Grand-jury for perjury, claimed that he had never represented himself as a graduate of the University of Vienna, but had claimed to be a graduate of the University of Strassburg and the mistake of putting University of Vienna in his registration was one for which he should not be held responsible. In regard to this claim Dr. Atkinson says that its absurdity is at once shown when it is known the applicant for registration not only presents his diploma but goes before a notary and makes a sworn statement of his graduation. This Dr. Friedman did and his affidavit is now on file.

A SERIES OF SUITS.

The Troubles of the Building Companies of Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—The Pullman company is not the only concern which is to be brought into court for alleged violation of the powers conferred upon it by the State of Illinois. The quo warranto proceeding against the company is only the beginning of a series of suits against interests, the aggregate importance of which equals that of the Pullman company so far as Chicago is concerned. These interests are the building companies of Chicago which have for ten years been engaged in erecting sky-scraping structures. They are to be made to show cause why they should not be punished for alleged violation of their charters, which in the cases of the majority provide for the building of a safety deposit vault or a structure devoted to the arts and sciences. The announcement that this is to be done is made by people close to the Attorney-General, and it is coupled with the statement that nine out of ten of the modern high office buildings in Chicago are erected in violation of the statute.

Religious News.

Rev. Mr. Fauntleroy, rector of St. James' (Episcopal) Church, devoted a considerable portion of his sermon yesterday morning to criticising Rev. Sam Jones, taking special exception to the latter's definition of a Christian. He strongly condemned Mr. Jones' views and methods.

Revs. H. C. Hart and R. S. Magann, the evangelists, took charge of the camp meeting at De Hodiamont yesterday. They will preach every afternoon and evening during the week and will have the assistance of many city clergymen.

Impressive services commemorative of the destruction of Jerusalem were held in all the orthodox Jewish synagogues yesterday. The day is known as Tish'a B'Abh and is marked in the Jewish calendar as "Sabbath Hazon."

The members of the Young Ladies' Sodality of St. John's Church began a spiritual retreat last evening under the direction of a Jesuit father. The young ladies and men of St. Kevin's Parish began a retreat last evening, which will last until Aug. 15. Fr. Shaw is conducting a retreat in St. Leo's Parish, which will close with the feast of the Assumption.

Rev. J. W. Lee lectured on "Jerusalem" to a large audience at St. John's Church last evening. Next Sunday his subject will be "The Church of the Holy Sepulchre" in Jerusalem.

International Rights Ignored.

QUEBEC, Aug. 13.—It will be well if no international complications follow the reported intention of the Canadian Government to make seizures of American ships now reported in the Mackenzie River. There are no less than seven of them there, where they passed the winter, and the report has been sent out from Ottawa that the fishermen have been setting the laws of international rights at defiance pretty freely.

Jawed Their Way to Freedom.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Aug. 13.—Five prisoners broke jail last night by sawing out a steel plate and breaking a hole through the wall. This is the second jail delivery in six months and Teddy Sullivan, one of those who escaped and who engineered this job, has figured in several other affairs of the same kind.

Failures in England and Wales.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—For the week ending [illegible] there were 143 failures in England, against 170 failures for the [illegible]

CRUSHED HIS SKULL.

John McMasters Killed Almost Instantly by an Emery Wheel Bursting.

John McMasters, 35 years old, employed at the Shickle, Harrison & Howard Iron Co., at Twelfth street and Chouteau avenue, was instantly killed at 7:35 o'clock this morning by the bursting of an emery wheel at which he was working. McMasters was a chipper and fitter, or polisher as it is sometimes called. An emery wheel corresponds to a grindstone. It revolves rapidly, and the operator holds against it articles of steel or iron, the wheel removing the rough surface. McMasters had been at work but a few minutes when the accident happened. The wheel burst into several pieces, one of which struck him on the forehead, crushing it in and causing death almost immediately. His fellow-workmen rushed to him when they saw him fall, but with a few heaves of the breast he expired. Officers McCormick and Manion, who were notified, promptly sent for the city undertaker's wagon, and the body was conveyed to the Morgue. McMasters was married and had five children. He lived with his family at 1416 St. Ange avenue.

BARRIOS CONFIDENT.

He Is Sure of Settling the England and Nicaragua Troubles.

NEW YORK, Aug 13.—Senor Modesta Barrios, Nicaraguan Minister to England, was a passenger in the Pacific Mail steamer City of Para, which arrived from Colon to-day. Senor Barrios had heard nothing from his country since July 29. When questioned as to his mission to England, he stated that he had full power to settle the Mosquito trouble between England and Nicaragua. He would endeavor to have the Managua treaty between his country and Great Britain modified, and was confident of success.

ALL OF CHICAGO.

Names on the List of Irish Parliamentary Subscribers.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—A letter published in the *Times* to-day points out that the names of the Clan-na-Gael are conspicuous on the list of subscribers to the Irish Parliamentary party, which Mr. Justin McCarthy has just made public, mentioning especially Mr. John M. Smyth, J. G. Thomas, A. Moran and Mr. W. J. Hynes, all of Chicago. The writer of the letter referred to says that all the persons mentioned are active participators in revolutionary schemes.

SUMMER AMUSEMENTS.

Good Attendance at All the Resorts—"Rigolette" at Uhrig's To-Night.

Summer amusements were well patronized yesterday. The Union Trust Building Roof Garden concerts drew good crowds through out the day and evening and excellent programmes were given. To-night many changes in the bill will be introduced and some bright novelties put on.

At Pope's Manager Hopkins' continuous show began its second week with the melodrama "The Black Flag" and an attractive vaudeville bill. A good week is expected.

"The Black Hussar" and the living pictures were the attraction at Uhrig's Cave last night. To-night "Rigolette" will be put on, together with a new series of the living pictures.

Terrace Park closed its season last night with a farewell performance of "Clover." There was a large audience present and a most satisfactory production was given. Manager Hagan is well satisfied with the results of his summer venture, and is making arrangements for next summer at the park on even a more elaborate scale.

Inquest on Mrs. Burch.

At the inquest over the remains of Mrs. Burch, who died at the City Hospital, Saturday, Deputy Coroner Rohling decided that her death was due to congestion of the lungs. Charles H. Burch, her husband, testified that when he sent her here from Chicago, two weeks ago, she was not under the influence of any drug. Both he and her brother-in-law, Le Mar Ayres, testified that she was addicted to the use of morphine and whisky.

FROM THE NOTE BOOKS.

Interesting Incidental Sketches of the Daily Work of Newsgathering.

A MORBID INTEREST—The recent hanging of two negroes in this vicinity has served to call attention to the morbid interest displayed by the general public in executions. The demand for tickets to witness an execution is always 100 per cent over the standing room capacity of the jail yard, and owners of the roofs overlooking the scaffold do a rushing business, accommodating eager spectators with choice seats. Queer sights are frequently witnessed around the scaffold. Many of the nervously inclined lookers-on faint or give way to their feelings in other ways when the trap is sprung. These sickening happenings make sensitive individuals think twice before attending more than one execution.

AN ENTOMOLOGIST.—For several days past myriads of small bugs have been hovering about the Eads bridge, swarming in thousands near the eastern approach and annoying persons crossing the river by darting into their faces. City Attorney Carroll of East St. Louis was struck in the eye by one of them, and it occurred to him that there might be some way to drive the pests from the bridge. He sought the advice of Capt. Mike Walsh, and after the matter had been discussed at some length he inquired:

"Mike, what kind of bugs do you suppose they are?"

"Well, Charley," I never could tell from your description, but as they appear to have come from the East I suppose they must be gold bugs."

HIS UNLUCKY NUMBER.—A singular coincidence in connection with the execution of the negro, Harry Duncan, is the fact that the name of the city where he was arrested, the town where he was hanged, the officer who captured him, the Judge who tried him and the Sheriff and his deputies who took him to the scaffold each contained seven letters. Seven may not have been Duncan's unlucky number, but there are a good many suspicious negroes who argue that it was.

A WATER POLICEMAN.—There is a colored water sprite in the lagoon about the Forest Park Music Pavilion, who is as amusing as he is efficient. He crouches in a cockle-shell canoe, with a bow at each end. He is armed with a single oar, with a paddle at each end. This he holds with both hands and dips first to larboard, then to starboard. This water policeman wears a sailor suit, and in his fragile craft he darts hither and thither, and now and then runs abeam of a skiff shouting, "No. 34, time's up boss!"

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

WILLIS W.—Dime of 1838 is worth 14 cents.

SUBSCRIBER.—The base ball scheme was abandoned.

A. J. K.—There is no such name in the St. Louis directory.

E. B. K.—Your note is not clear about the Rock Island wreck.

SUBSCRIBER.—President Cleveland was born March 18, 1837.

GEORGE.—Quarter of 1838 is worth 30 cents. Dollar of 1827 not quoted.

SUBSCRIBER.—Officer Brady was shot over the heart and died almost instantly.

MILLER.—By a typographical error yesterday it was stated Florence "is" the capital of Italy. Florence was and Rome now is the capital.

E. A. H.—The main offices are: Lindell Railway, 2140 Chouteau avenue, Missouri, 10 South Compton avenue; People's, 1801 Park avenue; Union Depot, Missouri and Geyer avenues, and Citizens', Prairie avenue and St. Charles Rock road.

YOUNG SPORTSMAN.—The open season in Illinois for prairie chicken is from Sept. 15 to Nov. 1, quail from Oct. 1 to Dec. 1, woodcock from July 15 to Sept. 15, squirrel from June 1 to Dec. 15. There is no closed season for rabbit.

WHAT-NOT CORNER.

A FRENCH HAT.

QUESTIONS ASKED OF THE DOCTOR.

RESTLESS AND SLEEPLESS CHILD.—Give bromide of soda, ten grains in water at bed time. Ventilate his room; give him no sweetmeats, etc., with evening meal; avoid exciting stories at night.

MASSAGE.—Massage is a French word derived from the Greek, and means to knead. It is a method used to effect changes by rubbing and kneading by the hand or with an instrument. Various liniments, ointments and oils are used, such as chloroform liniment, soap liniment, cold cream, cocoa butter, lanoline, cocoanut oil and cod-liver oil.

HE IS RUN DOWN, POOR APPETITE, DISAGREEABLE TASTE IN MOUTH, YELLOW SKIN.—Take teaspoonful of sulphate of soda in a goblet of hot water an hour before breakfast every morning. Also take one teaspoonful of the following before each meal:

Tincture of nux vomica, two drams.
Tincture of colombo, one ounce.
Compound tincture of gentian, three ounces.

You may increase your avoirdupois by taking a tablespoonful or more of extract of malt and cod liver oil with each meal.

LITTLE CHILDREN BITING FINGER NAILS.—Try tincture of aloes; paint the nails with it several times a day.

INTESTINAL DISTURBANCE DUE TO SUMMER COMPLAINT.—Take following mixture:

Subnitrate of bismuth, one dram.
Chalk mixture, two ounces.

Take one teaspoonful every three hours. Shake thoroughly.

BROMIDE FOR NERVOUS HEADACHE.—Take twenty grains in water every two or three hours.

PSORIASIS.—Gallanal has been used with benefit. Apply in the form of ten per cent ointment and use once or twice a day.

SOURCE OF OPIUM.—The drug is the gummy exudation from the capsules of the white poppy of Asia, botanically known as Papaver somniferum.

TO MAKE INFUSION OF QUASSIA.—Take one half ounce of quassia chips and put them into one quart of cold water. Set aside to moderate for two hours and then strain.

A Ballad of the Morn.

From the Washington Star.

"Twas almost dawn;
I saw him stroll,
A victim of
The flowing bowl.

A man who thought
Of "home, sweet home,"
Since there was no
Place else to roam.

The east grew red
With early light,
And as he gazed
Upon the sight

I heard him mur-
Mur, with a sigh,
"The day is broke—
And so am I."

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

The roar of Niagara has been phonographed, and may be heard in any part of America for a small fee.

The burial ground of an ancient race has been discovered near Adamsville, Mich. The remains indicate that the aborigines were at least 7 feet tall. From the fact that their bodies were turned toward the east it is supposed that they were sun worshipers.

The mixture of cotton and wool in the manufacture of cloth has been learned so thoroughly that feeling will not detect the presence of cotton. A piece of the goods boiled in a solution of caustic potash will leave only the cotton fiber intact.

The distance of Mercury from the sun varies owing to the eccentricity of its orbit. When he is nearest to the sun he receives ten and one-half times more light and heat than we do, but when he removes to his greatest distance the light and heat are reduced by more than one half. Even then, however, the sun blazes in the skies of Mercury with a disc four and a half times larger than that which he shows to us on earth.

A scientist, discussing the canals of Mars, is disposed to accept the view that only the middle of the canals is water. The great middle of the visible dark lines is probably due to a fringe of vegetation. Indeed, he suggests the possibility that one ravine may carry two rivers flowing in opposite directions.

Ball Lightning.

A case of ball lightning has been observed in the Oderberg Post-office, Prussia. During a violent thunder storm a telegraph post about 1,600 yards from the office was struck by lightning, and at this moment three clerks sitting round a table in the office saw, a few inches above the table, a ball of fire as large as a man's fist, of blinding brilliance, which immediately exploded with a loud crack, but did no damage. One observer said that the ball descended from the ceiling and rebounded from the table.

She Rested.

Lady Londonderry had a habit of taking idleness as a recuperating influence long before the "rest cure" was invented. Once every ten days, after her usual bath in the morning, she returned to bed and stayed there until evening. Then she put on a tea-gown, had her dinner served in her own apartment and rested on the sofa, reading a light novel until bedtime. No friend, however intimate, was admitted to see her during the day.

A State of Things in Boston.

A crusade is being started against the engagement ring in Boston. One of the reasons given for its proposed abolition is that many girls become engaged for no other purpose than to add another ring to their collection and break off the contract as soon as it becomes convenient.

An Insulation Paint.

A German electrical paper gives the following recipe for painting electrical wires, making a fire-proof insulation. The proportions by weight are about as follows: Forty magnesia, 22 tallow, 16 pulverized asbestos, 20 liquid glue, 15 glycerine, and one-quarter chromate of soda or potassium; the tallow may be added as an additional one-quarter of lampblack, if it is desired to make it black.

FACT AND FICTION.

The spring and autumn maneuvers of European armies cost annually $10,000,000.

Three-tenths of the earnings of a Belgian convict are set aside for his benefit on release.

A South American paper says there is a wide difference of opinion among importers as to whether it pays better in the long run to bribe the officers or pay the duties.

A writer in the *American Architect* shows by giving figures that government buildings cost between 60 and 70 per cent more than the same class of private work, and that the average time taken upon government buildings is more than three times as long.

Last year's crop of sugar cane reached about 226,000 tons.

The stone-cutting industry of New York is reported to be almost entirely in the hands of Scotchmen.

There are twenty-eight nationalities represented in the population of Chicago, according to a recent census.

The number of millionaires in England is not so great as one might believe. According to the report of the income tax officials, there are in England seventy-one persons with an annual income of $250,000; over 1,100 draw $50,000 annually, and only about 10,000 have an income of $10,000.

The bustle first appeared in France in 1589.

China's regular army consists of 838,000 men.

The Romans were fond of seals as food.

During the sixteenth century ladies wore at their girdles bunches of keys, a rosary or two, a box which held a smelling bottle, a powder box, a looking glass, a knife, a box of needles, some thread, and occasionally a silver mounted dagger.

A Lover's Vision.

Fair is the rose when laughing in its bud;
Fair o'er the plain towers the tall cedar wood;
She comes! the cedars and rose are dim!
Even Lebanon bows, though proud and beautiful.
SIBLANKA.

Cost in Human Life.

According to M. Eiffel, the cost in lives of any great engineering work can be estimated at least as accurately as the cost in money. "It has been ascertained," he says, "by statistical observation that in engineering enterprises one man is killed for every 1,000,000 francs spent on the work. If you have to build a bridge at a cost of 100,000,000 francs, you know that you will kill 100 workmen." This statement, while rather an ingenious one, is not, it is stated, borne out by facts. Take the Eiffel tower, for example. Six and a half millions worth cost only four lives. The Forth bridge, on the other hand, a contemporary points out, cost 45,000,000 francs, while the lives of fifty-five men were sacrificed in connection with its construction.

Hotel Telephone Service.

Now that telephones can be bought outright and used to good advantage in replacing the old call boy system in large hotels, there is no doubt of their ultimate adoption and very general use. The new Hotel Majestic, corner Seventy-second street and Central Park West, New York, will be entirely equipped with telephone service, and the National Telephone Co. of Boston has received an order for 500 sets or 1,000 instruments.

Almost a Tragedy.

From the New York Journal.

He dug in the sand
With his hand,
And his smile was seraphic and bland;
But he swore,
When a great, big crab
Made a grab
For his fingers, and gave him a jab
With his claw,
Now no more
On the shore
Will he dig in the sand
With his hand.

THE NATURAL WORLD.

South American ants have been known to construct a tunnel three miles in length, a labor for them proportionate to that which would be required for men to tunnel under the Atlantic from New York to London.

The bee works harder than most people would believe. There are about sixty flower tubes in every head of clover, and only a tiny morsel of honey in each. In order to get enough sugar for a load, the bee must visit about 6,000 different flowers, and each bee must make, on an average, twenty trips a day.

The "raft spider," found in Terra del Fuego, is a most extraordinary insect. It derives its name from the fact that it constructs a raft of matted leaves and pieces of wood, which it uses to pursue its prey on the water. Raft spiders travel in fours. They make their oars out of twigs and generally row a thirty-two stroke, although they have been known at times to increase the speed to thirty-six.

For a short distance a lion or a tiger can outrun a man and can equal the speed of a fast horse, but they lose their wind at the end of half a mile at the most. They have little endurance and are remarkably weak in lung power. Their strength is the kind which is capable of a terrific effort for a short time. It would take six men to hold a lion down, even after his legs were tied so that he could not use his paws.

Berlin naturalists are interested over the arrival in the Zoological Garden of three Damara ostriches from South Africa, a species said to have never before been seen in Europe.

The arbor vitæ comes from Canada.

The apparent depth of water is always deceptive, because the light reflected from the bottom is refracted as it leaves the water. Water is generally about one-third deeper than it appears to be.

The perfume of flowers is more clearly perceived just before or after a rain, because the air, then laden with moisture, better conveys the essential oils that contribute to odor.

Looks Easy.

An inventor has just discovered that there is enough latent energy in a cubic foot of [illegible] to kill a regiment, and that this power [illegible] be "liberated by vibration." This is [illegible] Keely motor principle. As air is composed [illegible] of certain elements (gases), united in [illegible] chemical proportions, it is simply necessary [illegible] to produce a vibration of sufficient [illegible] to make [illegible] separate, and [illegible] these gases have the power. Many [illegible]

HE WILL DIE.

William Connor's Wounds Almost Certain to Prove Fatal.

A Laparotomy Performed as the One Slight Hope of Saving Him.

THE BLOODY SHOOTING AFFRAY AT CARROLL'S ISLAND YESTERDAY.

Several Young Men From the City Went Down There to Fish, and Got Into a Row With Two Fishermen, Both of Whom Were Shot by George Meiers, One of the Crowd—Statements Made by Both Sides.

Bleeding from a dozen wounds and probably fatally wounded, Wm. Connor, one of the victims of the shooting which took place yesterday at Carroll's Island, lies at the City Hospital in a dying condition.

He has forty-two buckshots in his body, but only one of the small bullets made the probably fatal wound. It entered the abdomen and after traversing the peritonea cavity perforated the intestines.

Dr. Marks says the man has but one chance for his life. If he can stand the shock resulting from an operation of laparotomy he will get well, but Dr. Heine Marks explained to him that the probabilities were he would not rally from the exhaustion. It was the only thing that could possibly save him, however, and Connor did not hesitate a moment, but insisted on having the operation performed. The wounded man was lying on the operating table in the amphitheater at the hospital when he told his story of the shooting. He was suffering great pain and his words were interspersed with groans and gasps. He said that he realized that it was probably the last account he would be able to give of the trouble, which will probably cost him his life, and requested that his statement be reported accurately. Here is what he said:

CONNORS' STATEMENT.

"They killed my partner and shot me for no cause whatever. I am a fisherman, 36 years of age, and I was born at Res Rattoon, N. M. I have lived on or near Carroll's Island several years. The fellows who came to the island yesterday had a keg of beer. They cursed and swore and we told them to stay away from our boats. Then they began to use abusive language. One of the men leveled his shotgun at me. I felt something strike me and I fell to the ground. Then when I saw the smoke and heard the noise of the gun, I knew he had shot me. I do not know how many times he shot at me, but I think that he discharged both barrels of the gun at the same time. They told me when I left the island that my partner was dead.

"There was no chance to get my wounds dressed down there, so I crawled to my boat and rowed to Carondelet. Nothing but the knowledge that my life depended upon my exertions made me able to do it. My clothes were soaked with blood when I got to Davis street."

Here the physicians announced that they were ready to perform the operation, and chloroform was administered. Before he was completely under the influence of the anæsthetic Connor imagined that he had taken part in a war.

"There were 200 men in our boat," he screamed, "and they killed them all."

It is believed that Connor was out of his head when he made the above statement, as John Connor, to whom he alludes as his partner, states that Connor is his brother and he made no mention of this fact. John Connor also states that his brother did not row up to the city from Carroll's Island, as claimed by him, but was brought up in a skiff by the other fishermen.

THE FISHING TRIP.

George Meiers, in company with his two brothers, David, aged 18; Edward, aged 12; Augustus Kleb of 2712 Chippewa street, Jacob Sehler of 3721 South Jefferson avenue, Charles Volks of 3729 Chippewa street and William Meyers of 3749 Oregon avenue, started out early yesterday morning on a fishing tour. On reaching Carroll's Island, which is about six miles below Carondelet, they decided to tie up for the day. They had a keg of beer and forthwith proceeded to enjoy themselves.

About 200 feet below where their skiff was William and John Connors, fishermen by trade, had their flatboat fastened, and in between was the boat of William Corslett, another fishermen. The boys were quite inclined to be friendly and offered both Corslett and the Connor boys some of their beer. They at first declined, but about 3 o'clock John Connors went up to the boys' camp and drank one glass. He noticed a shotgun leaning against a tree and spoke about it. Nothing was thought of this at the time, but it resulted in very serious trouble. Connors returned to his boats, some of the boys went in swimming and others went to sleep.

About 4 o'clock, upon coming out of the water, they discovered that the shotgun was missing. John Connor was immediately suspected and the whole crowd, with the exception of George Meiers, started to investigate. There was another shotgun left and one of the boys carried this along. They were in an angry mood, the beer having begun to get in its work.

THE SHOOTING.

The first man they met was William Connor. He was in the river, fixing his nets.

"Where's your brother?" they asked him.

"He's in the boat," was the reply.

"Well," said one with an oath, "he stole our gun," and they went on to get hold of him.

Arrived, at the boat, they called John Connor and accused him of the theft of the gun. He denied it and hot words followed. During the quarrel George Meiers came up. Taking the gun from the boy who was carrying it, he raised it to his shoulder. Connor started to run for the boat to get weapons, but just then Meiers let go. He declares that he only shot in the river to frighten Connor, but the latter claims that he fired right at him. Four bullets in his face go to corroborate this statement.

At any rate Connor got inside the boat and grabbed his shotgun and revolver. The boys declared they all made for the thicket as soon as he got inside his boat, but Connor says they fired two more shots at him as he passed the two windows in the boat. When Connors came out he began firing. He emptied both barrels of the shotgun and then turned his revolver loose, but the blood from his wounds so blinded his eyes that he could not see.

His assailants then turned their attention to the brother, William, who by this time had got out on to the bank of the river. From the shelter of the thicket Meiers deliberately took aim at him and he fell with his face, breast and stomach filled with shot. As an excuse for this action the boys declare that William was also using his revolver, but this is denied by the other side.

As soon as the shooting was over the boys men became frightened and took to their skiff. Joseph and Henry Unselbach, Joseph Hartmen and John Watkins, also fishermen, had heard shots, and as soon as they realized what had happened jumped into a boat and started in pursuit.

AN EXCITING CHASE.

It was an exciting race for miles. The Dardened were strong and good oarsmen, and the ear of the guns in the fishermen's boats lent energy to their strokes, but their beat was lighted down, so Ed Meyers, Kleb, Ik and Sehler made a landing and ok off on the Missouri Pacific acks while the other three kept up the te.

he pursuers stopped long enough at the racks to telephone Capt. Young to way-the fleeing men, so that when they eached Carondelet Detective Mulligan was dy with a boat to head them off. The rowers saw the jig was up and came ashore, giving themselves up peaceably. Watkins, who had followed the men who landed, turned them over to Officer Foerstal as soon as the city limits were reached. All of them were locked up.

William Connors, who was badly wounded, was removed to his boat, but at night his condition became so serious that he was put in a skiff and rowed to Carondelet, where an ambulance met him and conveyed him to the City Hospital. John Connors' wounds do not amount to much.

None of the prisoners seemed much cast down by their predicament. Meiers especially did not seem to realize the grave position he is in. He is a rather nice-looking young fellow and works in the West Jump Shoe Factory.

"Why did you shoot that man?" he was asked.

"Well," said he in reply, "they stole the gun. But then I would not have shot either of them if they had not shot at us. I only fired into the river the first time to frighten him. Then they both opened on us with guns and revolvers. If we'd had more guns there'd have been a couple of dead people down there, sure."

CORSLETT'S ACCOUNT.

Wm. Corslett was an eye-witness to the whole transaction.

"Wm. Connors," he said, "was in the river fixing his nets when the boys came by. They asked him about his brother. He said he was in the boat and they went on by. They demanded the gun of John and then commenced shooting. Their gun was a double-barrel breech-loader and they fired three shots at John very rapidly. After doing this they ran up the bank and shot Will. He had no weapons on him at all, and was merely standing on the bank."

John Connor denies that he stole the gun. The Connors earn their living by fishing. This summer they have floated all the way down the river from Sioux City, Io., stopping at different points until luck becomes bad when they move on. William is 38 and John 55 years of age.

It is probable that all the boys except George Meiers will be released, as it is doubtful if they can be convicted of being accessories. Meiers is now locked up at the Four Courts pending the result of Conner's injuries. The others are at the First District Station.

A DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

Wife Murder and Suicide the Result of a Divorce Suit.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Aug. 13.—T. W. Brainard shot and killed his wife at Vicksburg this morning and then killed himself. Mrs. Brainard had recently commenced divorce proceedings against her husband, and this is the alleged cause of the double tragedy.

SEVERED AN ARTERY.

Gus Sweifel, a Waiter at Faust's, Attempts Suicide.

Gus Sweifel, a waiter at Faust's, attempted suicide this morning at his home, 408 Cerre street, by severing an artery in his left wrist. Dr. Neidert of 820 Cedar street was hurriedly called in and stopped the flow of blood, preventing any serious consequences. Trouble with his wife caused the man to make the attempt on his life.

RACE HORSE REPLEVINED.

Sparks Brothers Bring an Action Against Murphy & Amend.

The Sparks Bros., with R. M. Foster as attorney, commenced replevin proceedings in the Circuit Court to-day against E. Frank Ward, Ferdinand Murphy and John Amend, composing the firm of Murphy & Amend, to obtain possession of the race horses Ether, Mamie B., Don Ensign, Lillie Trumble and Cocaine, alleged to be in the illegal possession of the defendants. The horses have been running at the South Side track, and, it is alleged, were placed in defendants' possession for temporary purposes and converted by them to their own use. An order of delivery was issued.

A WILD MOTHER.

Fear of Starvation Drives Her to Drown Herself and Two Children.

LYONS, Io., Aug. 13.—Mrs. Adolph Max and two children, a boy of 5 and a girl of 1 year, were missed here yesterday and search has resulted in the recovery of her body in the river with the smallest child clasped in her arms. The body of the other child was not found.

Fear of starvation and lack of employment led to the deed. Three little children are left.

Her husband is believed to be at Lincoln, Ill.

LOOKING FOR QUARTERS.

Dan Creedon Will Train Near Forest Park for His Coming Fight.

Dan Creedon, the Australian middleweight, who will meet Bob Fitzsimmons in New Orleans next month, is now a resident of this city and will train here for his coming battle. Accompanied by Tom Tracey, Creedon made a tour of the Forest Park district this morning with a view of securing suitable training quarters. He wants to be located near the park, so as to have the advantage of its fresh air and nice roads in his daily spins. Creedon has already commenced light training at Mike Mooney's gymnasium. Tom Tracey, the Australian welterweight fighter, will have charge of Creedon when he gets down to hard work. Numerous applications from volunteers to assist in the training have been received.

Their Story Did Not Go.

Jerry Savage and William Yule were fined $10 each by Judge Morris to-day for "rushing the can." They were arrested yesterday by Officers Dickerson ann Phillips in the vicinity of Fourteenth and Gratiot streets. During the trial to-day the defendants caused quite a ripple of laughter in court by trying to prove that when they were arrested they had a can of ice-water in their possession and were trying to resuscitate a friend who was overcome by the heat. Judge Morris thought differently, however.

Tale of Marital Woe.

Albert Luchem of 1031 Geyer avenue went to the Four Courts this morning and appealed to Assistant Circuit Attorney McDonald for advice about his matrimonial difficulties. He said that his wife left him two weeks ago, taking their two children and went to live with her mother. Yesterday she went back to the house and carted away all the furniture while he was out. He was referred to a justice of the peace.

May Die of a Dog Bite.

Seven-year-old Tommy Rooney of 1329 Graham avenue was bitten by a dog last Thursday, but as it only seemed a scratch his parents neglected to have it attended to. Last night the arm began to swell badly and serious results are now feared.

Fined for Cruelty to a Horse.

James Sells of 3440 Marmaduke avenue was fined $20 by Judge Morris to-day on the charge of cruelty to animals. On July 30 last it is alleged that Sells was trying to make his horse move faster, and took a birch stick and struck the animal several blows on the ribs and hips. The horse dropped dead. An appeal from Judge Morris' decision was taken.

Gored to Death.

SHELBYVILLE, Ill., Aug. 13.—Last evening, while driving home the cows, Isaac Coplin, a farmer living a few miles from town, was attacked and gored to death by a bull.

CARMODY'S grand opening of his fine saloon takes place to-day, 1611 Market street, opposite New Union Station. Fine lunch, fine liquors, Anheuser-Busch's best brand of beer.

OUT FOR TROUBLE.

Collisions Expected at the Republican Primaries.

IF THREATS ARE CARRIED OUT THERE WILL BE MANY SCRAPS.

Henry Besch Threatens to Smash Dan Sigmund—A Ruling of Recorder Higgins—Wards Where the Bitterest Feeling Exists.

The Republican primary election for the selection of delegates to the State Convention at Excelsior Springs began at 1 p. m., and the polls will remain open until 8 this evening. The interest within the party has perhaps not been exceeded since the Slattery-Butler-Sampson canvass of 1889, and in many of the wards the feeling of antagonism between the factions indicates fighting. Recorder of Voters Higgins gave out the ballot-boxes and poll-books and qualified the judges and clerks this forenoon, beginning with the outside wards and taking those in the center of the city at the very last.

Mr. Higgins refused to give any outsiders tickets of admission to the polls, a decision that provoked a great deal of grumbling, but Mr. Higgins refused to make any exceptions to the rule. He stated that the law provides that "one representative of each political party" shall have the privilege of watching the count, and held that this language should be construed as referring only to general elections, in which two parties are interested, and not to party primaries. He would have been willing, he said, to have issued tickets to one representative of each faction in each polling place, if concerted action had been taken to that end; but he did not purpose to give out tickets here and there and have a raid on his office for further privileges of the same kind at a late hour.

While there was no quarreling about the City Hall, the leaders of the rival factions flocked very much by themselves, and a few threats were heard of "scrapping" when the opposing delegations met face to face in the wards. In the Eleventh Ward, Mr. Henry Besch, the Central Committeeman, has ordered a lunch at the Cherokee Garden, where one of the polling places is located, and he threatened to "smash" Dan Siegmund, leader of one of the opposition delegates and a judge at the Cherokee Garden poll, if the latter did not carry himself very straight. When Mr. Siegmund was apprised of the threat, he said that if "smashing" was to be the order, his friends would probably participate.

WHERE TROUBLE IS EXPECTED.

Other wards in which trouble between rival factions may reasonably be anticipated are the First, Second, Sixth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, and possibly the Fifteenth, where the negroes are bolting the regular ticket almost in a body, and rallying round the Spelbrink ticket, the candidate for Central Committeeman, in which is Bernard Belker. In other wards, such as the Sixteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-eighth, the feeling is very bitter, but there are no threats of resort to physical violence. In the Second Ward the "Indians" are expected to be out in full force, and the regulars, supporters of 'squire Boehm say they will carry the contest to the convention if they are defeated.

In the Sixteenth Ward the movement started by a few Democrats to help out the Young Men's Club opposition is said to have been killed by order of the men chiefly instrumental in starting it. In the Nineteenth Ward, too, the regulars and opposition both claim that importations will be resorted to, and that numerous arrests will follow if such is the case. The charges and counter-charges of the respective factions vary in language, but are to the same effect, namely, that they expect to vote others to win with Democratic votes, if at all.

Charges have been made that the Kerens faction intends to resort to something of the kind in the Twenty-eighth Ward, but if plans of that kind are on foot they have not yet assumed formidable proportions. Out there William Ivy, candidate of the Kerens faction for Central Committeeman, is out with a circular declaring that the meeting at Delmar and Taylor avenues on July 20, at which the regular or Weinbrenner ticket was put up, was "packed with Hibernians, colored workers from Foerstelville, from the Twenty-seventh Ward." The supporters of Weinbrenner authorize the statement that Mr. William Ivy presided at that meeting, and by the rules of the party organization was bound to support it.

In the Thirteenth Ward the contest between Dr. Starkoff and L. J. W. Wall has assumed important dimensions. In one of the morning papers a statement was printed that the Lithographers' Union last night passed resolutions indorsing Wall. Lang of the Lithographers, who made a strong speech against Wall at Carondelet Turner Hall on Saturday night, declares that there was no meeting of the Lithographers' Union last night, and that therefore no such resolutions could have been passed.

Circulars have been issued in a number of wards in behalf of various factions, and some of these embody serious charges. It is predicted that the party in St. Louis will have a hard time to restore harmony in time to make an effective fight against the common enemy in the coming campaign.

HEAVY VOTE LOOKED FOR.

The vote to-day will be very heavy in all the wards where contests are on, and the result will not be known before midnight. In the Eleventh and Thirteenth, for instance, it is predicted that 2,000 votes each will be polled, a sufficient number to fill up every hour of the voting time, giving the judges no time for casting up. In the Eighteenth, Fifteenth and Second the poll will also be very heavy. Recorder Higgins says that he will "hustle them up" as soon as they have had a reasonable time in which to count and get to the City Hall, and he hopes to close his office by midnight.

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.

Candidates on the State Ticket Nominated Yesterday.

The Socialist Labor party met at Central Turner Hall yesterday and nominated the following ticket for the coming State election:

For Representative of the Tenth Congressional District, Charles F. Bechtold, Secretary Brewers' and Maltsters' Union, No. 6.

For Congressional District—Louis Hofher, President Trades and Labor Union.

Twelfth Congressional District—Dr. Louis Crusius.

For members of the House of Representatives.

First District—Henry Ranor and G. A. Hoehn.
Second District—John Mores, Chris Hocker and William Schilling.
Third District—Peter Voervis and Louis Froehlich.
Fourth District—E. M. Bannister, Fred Beasly and Mr. Attreckt.
Fifth District—Henry Hempelmann, Joseph Sturts and Henry Kohler.
Sixth District—Dr. John Snyder and Chas. Klotz.

For Senatorial District No. 30, John Zach; No. 32, Henry Rennekamp; No. 34, Peter Schwiete.

Municipal officers—For Sheriff, August Priesterbach, President Beer Drivers' Union; for Circuit Court Clerk, William Schultz; for Recorder of Deeds, Charles Specht; for Coroner, Dr. Frank Heltzig.

Death of Mr. T. E. Scully.

Mr. Timothy E. Scully, the Assessor and Collector of Water Rates, died at his home, 3415 Belle avenue, at 11 o'clock last night after a protracted illness. Mr. Scully was but 30 years of age and unmarried. He was appointed to the position he held at the time of his death by Mayor Noonan and had served for nearly four years. He was born in St. Louis and educated at the Christian Brothers' College. He served as a deputy under Sheriff Harrington and was rewarded by Mayor Noonan for his active work in the campaign in which Noonan was elected Mayor with the position of Assessor of Water Rates. Under Mr. Scully's administration the affairs of the Water Rates office are acknowledged to have been conducted second to no department in the city government. Mr. Scully was very popular and his untimely death will be mourned by a host of friends.

The funeral will take place to-morrow at 9:30 o'clock from the Rock Church. The pallbearers have been selected from among the employes of the Water Department. The Water Department will be closed for half a day out of respect to the deceased collector.

A WOMAN'S BURDENS

are lightened when she turns to the right medicine. The chronic weaknesses, delicate derangements, and painful disorders that afflict her sex, are cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. In bearing-down sensations, periodical pains, ulceration, inflammation, and every kindred ailment it's a positive remedy.

MISS FUGATE.

Madisonville, Hopkins County, Ky.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: *Dear Sir*—Please accept my thanks for the good your medicines have done for me. I truly believe the "Favorite Prescription" saved my life; it is a sure and certain cure. I am having perfect health; I am stout and can do all my housework. Every invalid lady should take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery.

Yours, ROZZIE FUGATE.

PIERCE Guarantees a **CURE** OR MONEY RETURNED.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY NOTES.

Short Items of Interest From Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas and Texas.

MISSOURI.

Mrs. Wm. Scott, the female negro lecturer, is delivering addresses through the State for the benefit of Western College, Macon.

The Jefferson City Democratic Flambeau Club has been reorganized.

A little boy named Harney was harpooned by a hay fork and instantly killed near Newtonia, Newton Co.

The 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Sullivan of Carterville died of blood poisoning.

Dan Colling and Willie and Frank Mayes stole some explosives in Carterville. Willie lost his life.

Ex-Mayor J. W. Ragsdale of Moberly sues Dr. H. C. Brown for $10,000 for slander.

Miss Berra Hall, a young lady of Moberly, was painfully shot. she did not know it was loaded.

A Hannibal lady gave a pair of old shoes to a tramp in which had been placed some old jewelry and other valuables for safe keeping. The tramp escaped.

A Republican paper is to be started in Monroe City.

The Audrain County people want the authorities to purchase bloodhounds.

Mayor Williams of Savannah cowhided a theatrical bill poster for being saucy to his wife.

A little blind boy was led forward in the West Plains Methodist Church by his brother to receive a prize offered to the pupil who should bring in the largest number of new scholars.

Jack Ross, once a locomotive engineer, is under arrest in Kansas City charged with burglary.

It is said that the Dade County Institute fixed the standard too high.

Ro bert Thompson Russell, a Clay County negro, 74 years old, was killed by the sting of a yellow jacket.

Scott County has shipped 1,700 car loads of watermelons. About 500 teams are employed in the work of hauling to the railroad.

Five coal companies of Higginsville consolidated this week.

ILLINOIS.

Adams County is infested with a burgling gang.

McLean wants electric lights and is likely to get them.

W. E. Johnson, charged with stealing a horse, was released on the evidence by the Sangamon Court.

M. C. Maxwell, an old gentleman of Newton, is charged by Mrs. Kep Scott, a Springfield clairvoyant, with trifling with her affections and beating a board bill.

Springfield will have another first-class fire engine.

Henry Watterson will speak at Peoria Aug. 20.

ARKANSAS.

Fulton County polled 200 more votes at the last Democratic primary than ever before.

Boone County owes $15,000.

Whisky or no whisky? is the question now before Sebastian County.

TEXAS.

Coal has been found in the neighborhood of El Paso.

Owing to the drought, people in Starr County are suffering the severest privations.

Mrs. Elizabeth Newman of Colorado County, aged 64, hanged herself while temporarily insane.

Seven boys of Bowie County, who were playing base ball, took refuge from a storm under a large oak and were all killed by lightning.

San Saba County will irrigate 40,000 acres of land. There will be 134 miles of canal.

Stratton Must Go Back.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 13.—The requisition of the Governor of Colorado was honored this morning by Gov. Altgeld for the return of James K. Stratton, the escaped convict arrested at Chicago.

PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

Is a positive cure for all those painful Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, 25c.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answered.*

You can address in strictest confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

SILK FLANNEL SHIRT SALE!

Only 18 Days Left!

To the end of our great Closing Out Sale, and here's a terrific price slaughter that will sweep out every Summer Shirt in the store at once!

EVERY $6, $5.50, $5, $4.50 and $4 SILK and FLANNEL SHIRT goes at **$1.50!**

Every $2.75, $2.50, $2, $1.75 and $1.50 Fancy Percale, Madras and Oxford Cloth Shirt, collars attached or detached, goes at..... **63c!**

All our Men's Finest $30 and $35 Suits cut to $17.50!
All our Men's Finest $25 and $28 Suits cut to $15!
All our Men's Finest $20 and $22 Suits cut to $12!
All our Men's Finest $15 and $18 Suits cut to $8.50!
500 pairs Men's Finest $6 and $7 Tailor-Made Trousers slaughtered at $3.50!
500 pairs Men's Finest $4 and $4.50 Tailor-Made Trousers slaughtered at $2.50!
300 Boys' All-Wool $6 Knee-Pant Suits cut down to $2.95!
All Boys' and Children's Finest $2.50, $2 and $1.50 Straw Hats Sacrificed at 50c!
All Ladies' and Men's $3 Shoes cut to $2.25!
All Ladies' and Men's $3.50 Shoes cut to $2.63!

Don't forget that these truly studendous bargains are yours for only **18 DAYS MORE!** You may never in your life again get such **mighty values!** Every article in the store is marked at a price BELOW what it would bring at auction!

Our Store is for rent! Possession given Sept. 1. All accounts closed!

J. L. Hudson, Clothier, 406-408 N. Broadway.

DR. WHITTIER.

514 Washington av., St. Louis, Mo.
Leading and Expert specialist in PRIVATE, CHRONIC, NERVOUS, BLOOD, SKIN AND URINARY DISEASES, Etc. Scientifically and successfully cured. Write your troubles if living away from the city. Advice FREE. Call or write. Both sexes.

HOURS 9 To 1 AND 3 To 8.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Benjamin C. Hogan and Lillie Hogan, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 23d day of May, 1892, recorded in book 1,097, page 11, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot 14 city block thirty-eight hundred and seventy-nine south (3879 S.), containing a front of thirty-two (32) feet eleven (11) inches in the north line of Westminster place by the established ordinance (18,139) by a depth northwardly between parallel lines of one hundred and ninety-five (195) feet, more or less, to the south line of an alley fifteen feet wide; bounded north by said alley, south by said Westminster place, west by property of Edwin A. Sheble, now or formerly, and east by a line parallel with and two hundred feet west of the west line of Euclid avenue, which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and, whereas default has been made in the payment of certain of said notes, and the same remains due and unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose of satisfying said deed of trust, together with the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

ELIE F. HASKINS, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., July 19, 1894. 1384

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss. In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, June term, 1894. Thursday, June 21, 1894. Henry H. Stratton vs. Emma Stratton (14th October term, 1894). It appearing from the position therein verified by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, on behalf of the plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties on the grounds that defendant has been addicted to habitual drunkenness for the space of one year next before the filing of said petition, and is a habitual cigar and cigarette smoker, has consorted with strange men and has been guilty of adultery since the marriage of said parties and unless she appears at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the petition herein, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the Record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 27th day of June, 1894.

[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.

1468

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Henry Ziegenhein, Collector of the city of St. Louis is the plaintiff, and Nathan D. Allen, James L. Blair, unknown personal representatives, distributees, heirs at law or assignees of Frank P. Blair, unknown heirs of Mary A. K. Scannell, Appoloania Blair, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: a lot of ground in city block No. 1,920, containing a front of 20 feet, more or less, on the south line of Magnolia avenue (formerly Rappahannock street) by a depth of 140 feet 6¼ inches, being lot 53 of block 16 of Labadie & Lyman's addition, and will, on

MONDAY, THE 3D DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAKD,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug 9, 1894. 1557

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Fritz Koch is plaintiff and Enoch Ogden and C. C. Marsh are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, charged with the mechanic's lien, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Lot 6 in block 1 in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri in city block No. 175, having a front of 25 feet on the west line of North Ninth street, by 98 feet on the west line of North Ninth street, by depth 138 feet westwardly, bounded east by North Ninth street, north by alley and south by lot 25 of said block, on which stands a two-story brick building, No. 817 North Ninth street, and will, on

MONDAY, THE 3D DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east 6 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAKD,
Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 9, 1894. 1563

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Anatale Rouif and Adine L. Rouif, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated Aug. 9, 1893, and recorded in Book 1,037 at page 103 of the St. Louis City Recorder's office, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, lying and being in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot in city block 1966, containing a front of twenty-three (23) feet on the south line of Lindell avenue by a depth northwardly of one hundred and forty-four (144) feet six (6) inches to an alley. Bounded on the north by Lindell avenue, on the east by a line fifty-six (56) feet west of the west line of Theresa avenue, on the south by said alley and on the west by a lot now or formerly of James Nauson, in trust, however, to secure the payment of a certain bond for forty hundred (4,000) dollars in sums of fifty-five dollars and sixty-six cents (55.66) per month to the Franco-American Loan and Building Association.

And, whereas, the said Anatale Rouif and Adine L. Rouif have failed to pay the said sum of fifty-five dollars and sixty-six cents (55.66) per month and are now in arrears in an amount aggregating more than six of said monthly payments.

Now, therefore, I, the undersigned trustee named in said deed of trust, at the request of the said Franco-American Loan and Building Association, the legal holder of said bond, for the purpose of satisfying said trust, will on

FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day at the east door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, expose to sale at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash

JOSEPH M. TERMOHLEN,
Trustee.

1509

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Educational Institute

900 TO 912 S. 9TH ST.

A school for the mental, moral and physical training for boys; modern languages, business and manual training departments; faculty of fifteen instructors. Sixteenth annual opening takes place Sept. 10, at 9 a. m.

For catalogue apply to J. Taenzfeldt, Principal.

FOREST PARK UNIVERSITY.

College of Music. E. R. Kroeger, director; Evaline Watson, voice. Pipe organ, elocution, art. Board and tuition, $225 to $300. Waggonette, 3 p. m.; terminus, Olive Street Cable. Address Mrs. Anna Sneed Cairns, President, St. Louis, Mo.

University of the State of Missouri

Has departments of Language (Oriental, Classical and Modern), Science, History, Economics, Philosophy, Pedagogy, Law, Medicine, Engineering (Civil, Electrical and Mechanical), Agriculture, Horticulture, Veterinary Science and Mechanic Arts—all at Columbia, Mo. Instruction is given in Military science and Tactics and in Business Forms. All departments open to women on same terms. Fees small. Campus contains twelve buildings—six just completed—supplied with water, steam heat and electric light. Furniture, library and equipment for scientific and technical work new. Forty-five professors and instructors. No other State has given its University in so short a time so much money—over $1,500,000 since March, 1891. Session begins 11th September, 1894. For catalogue, address J. W. Monsor, Librarian, Columbia, Mo.

The School of Mines and Metallurgy at Rolla is a department of the University.

STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.

WEEKLY SERVICE from New York per TWIN SCREW EXPRESS Steamers to SOUTHAMPTON (LONDON and PARIS) and HAMBURG.

Columbia ..... Aug. 16 | Columbia ..... Sept. 13
Augusta Victoria. Aug. 23 | Aug. Victoria .. Sept. 20
Normannia. ..... Aug. 30 | Normannia ..... Sept. 27
Furst Bismarck .. Sept. 6 | Furst Bismarck .. Oct. 4

REGULAR SERVICE TO HAMBURG DIRECT
Dania ..... Aug. 18, 12 m. | Bohemia. Aug. 21, 12 m.
1 cabin, $50 upward. Steerage at low rates.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
37 Broadway, New York.
International Bank of St. Louis, Agent for St. Louis.

LEGAL.

ESTATE of Mary A. Predock, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Mary A. Predock, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 30th day of July, 1894. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of the publication, they will be forever barred. Dated, this 30th day of July, 1894.

JOSEPH P. VASTINE,
Executor.

15 1

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION—Mary A. Gauen and F. Monroe Gauen, her husband, vs. Margaret C. Payne, Fannie B. Pinkel and Armin Pinkel, her husband, Thomas J. Payne, Jr., a minor, and William Rutledge, curator. Cause No. 20,386. June term, 1894. In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.

By virtue and authority of an order of sale made and entered by said Circuit Court in the above entitled cause, dated July 17th, 1894, I will, on

MONDAY, THE 3D DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1894,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following-described property, to-wit:

First—A lot of ground in that portion of Payne's southern addition to the City of St. Louis, lying within city block No. 675, east fronting 30 feet and 1 inch on the north side of Geyer avenue and running back northwardly of that width 88 feet, and bounded as follows: North by lot now or formerly of Barbara Jenicek, east by a lot now or formerly of Henry Hiemenz, Jr., south by Geyer avenue, and west by a lot now or formerly of Mathias Thaka.

Second—A lot, tract or parcel of land lying in city block No. 3281, block 5 of Payne's subdivision of lot No. 180 of the Carondelet commons, south of the River des Peres, bounded north by Robert avenue (now Lorentz street), east by the River Des Peres, south by Fannie avenue and west by the western city limits of the City of St. Louis, and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point where the western city limits of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, intersects the south side of Lorentz street (formerly Robert avenue), thence east along the south side of said Lorentz street 236 feet to a point in the center of the River Des Peres, thence in a southeasterly direction along the center of said River Des Peres and following the meanderings thereof to a point in said River Des Peres distant 250 feet east of a point where the said western city limits intersects the north side of said Fannie avenue, thence west along the north side of said

Notice to Advertisers.

The publishers of the Post-Dispatch reserve the right and privilege of revising or rejecting any advertisement left in their counting-room. In case of rejection money will be refunded.

Seven Words Make One Line.

No "ad" less than two lines.

All "Wants" to Receive Proper Classification

Must be sent in not later than

1 P. M. for the **Daily** Edition.

10 P. M. for the **Sunday** Edition.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Three lines (30 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

BAKER—Situation by young German bread and cake baker; country preferred. Add. L 430, this office.

BOY—Situation wanted by a boy of 16 as driver, or place in store. 1226 Grand av., East St. Louis, Ill.

CARPENTERS, see Tapp's framing tool at your dealers; gives cuts and lengths for any rafter; saves time.

CARPENTER—Carpenter wants jobbing work; will work for $1 a day; good workman. Address D 430, this office.

DRUG CLERK—Situation wanted by drug clerk; have had one year in College of Pharmacy and over two years prescription work. D. B. Hays, Oak Ridge, Mo.

MAN—A sober, industrious German wants situation; can take care of horses and drive; No. 1 city reference. Add. G 421, this office.

MAN—Situation wanted by steady, temperate man in private family; can do general work; city references given. Thomas, 4515 Easton av.

MAN—Situation wanted by steady man; can do all kinds of work, drive, garden, attend flowers and lawn; city reference given. Add. Gardener, 1510 Taylor av.

MAN—Situation wanted by young man, age 24 years, newly married; had five years' experience in grocery, dry goods and produce business; worked in city six months, taught country school one year; good references. Address Charles Karl, Caseville, Mo.

THE Bryant & Stratton BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, corner Broadway and Market st., St. Louis. Open during the entire year without vacation. Students may enter at any time. Personal instruction given in all departments. Bookkeeping and banking taught by actual practice. Graduates are successful in getting employment. Write for circular.

Help Wanted—Males.

5 cents per line each insertion.

ADVERTISING MEN WANTED—At once, three first-class advertising men on salary $3 day. American Business Exchange.

BARBER WANTED—A good barber. Call Monday morning. Ohio av., bet. Victor and Shenandoah.

BELL-BOY WANTED—Night. Hotel Belvedere.

BOY WANTED—"Q," the Tailor, 1232 Olive st.

BOY WANTED—Good German house boy; ref. 2644 Washington av.

BOY WANTED—Good colored boy, with reference. 3838 Finney av.

BOY WANTED—With some knowledge of carpenter work at J. L. Isaacs, Wall-paper Co., 1210 Olive st.

BOYS WANTED—Wide-awake boys in towns outside of St. Louis who are ready to avail themselves of favorable opportunities for making money should sell the daily evening and Sunday morning Post-Dispatch; it sells wherever it is pushed. For terms and sample copies address C. B. G., box A, this office.

BOYS WANTED—In every part of St. Louis; honest, smart, ambitious, neatly dressed boys, who can make money fast enough to get a $15 to $20 a month to get a good bicycle, a good watch or almost anything they want; pleasant and easy work; no books, pictures or other merchandise canvassing; good pay; only those accepted whose parents give consent; write for particulars. C. B. G., Box A, this office.

CARPENTERS WANTED—At once. Apply at 1005 N. Broadway.

CASHIER WANTED—One first-class gambler; none but first-class man needed. J. H. Crowley, Milton and Delmar ave.

LUMBER PILER WANTED—Experienced man, to come prepared to move lumber. Wm. W. Bixmer Manufacturing Co., 1924-1927 Wash st.

MAN WANTED—Experienced, sober man, capable of doing all kinds of work in pork packing house. Ad. Hopson & Hasse, DeSoto, Mo.

MEN WANTED—Ten, on 12th and Chouteau av. Monday morning. Tim Maloney.

MEN—Wide-awake men in towns outside of St. Louis who are ready to avail themselves of favorable opportunities for making money should sell the Daily Evening and Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch; it sells wherever it is pushed. For terms and sample copies address C. B. G., box A, this office.

PAINTERS WANTED—2 Carriage painters. Rapp & Moeller, Carriage Co., 2723 Pine st.

PORTER WANTED—Porter to work in saloon. Northwest corner Jefferson and Park avs.

TEAMSTER WANTED—Experienced ice teamster. Call at Rielly Coal Co., 713 Market st.

WANTED—All sick people to call at Dispensary 613 N. 6th st.; free treatment.

WANTED—Faithful person of upright character, with good refs., for steady position. Salary $783. Fare paid here if suited. Inclose self-addressed stamped env., Mgr. Drawer F., Chicago.

WOODWORKER WANTED—A thoroughly competent man to work on woodworking machinery and competent to keep same in first-class order. W. Bixmer Manufacturing Co., 1924-1927 Wash.

$5.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., s. w. cor. 6th and Olive, 2d floor.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

$5.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, 2d floor.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; Summer School. Phone 672.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Three lines (30 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

COOK—German wants a situation as cook and housework. 1516 S. 7th st.

COOK—Situation wanted as cook or general housework. Call 3401 La Salle st.

COOK—Good girl, at once, to assist in cooking. Mena Restaurant, 2005 Olive st.

COOK—Situation wanted by a first-class worker; understands cooking and general work thoroughly. Call at 2606 Wash st., in the rear.

DRESSMAKER—First-class dressmaker wishes work to do at home; prices reasonable; satisfaction guaranteed. Add. K 428, this office.

GIRL—Would like work in respectable family. Address G 432, this office.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Three lines (30 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

HOUSEGIRL—Situation for light housework. Call 2611 N. 22d st.

HOUSEGIRL—Wants a situation; refs. given. Inquire at 1619 Dolman st.

LADY—Middle-aged lady wishes employment; can give good reference; any kind of work. 519 Walnut st.

LAUNDRESS—Washing wanted or go out by the day. 4026 Lucky st.

LAUNDRESS—Colored, wants washing, to go out by the day or take home; best city references. 2602 Mills st.

LAUNDRESS—A first-class laundress would like to go out first two days in week or take home. 2107 O'Fallon st.

SALESLADY—A young girl wishes situation in store or office; best of reference. Address 4 S. 22d st.

STENOGRAPHER—Position wanted by first-class lady stenographer. Address M. B. C., 805 First st., Louisville, Ky.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

Help Wanted—Female.

5 cents per line each insertion.

BASTERS WANTED—Experienced operators and basters on shop coats. 1119 N. 24th st.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—Good chambermaid at Weaver's Hotel, 910 Pine st.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—An experienced chambermaid. Hurst's European Hotel.

COOK WANTED—Short order cook. 1503 Olive st.

COOK WANTED—Woman to cook, wash and iron; German preferred. 5616 Clemens av.

COOK WANTED—A German girl to cook, wash and iron; American family. 4508 Cook av.

COOK WANTED—And general housegirl; must be first-class; with references; no washing or ironing. Apply Tuesday morning, 3702 Washington av.

GIRLS WANTED—Experienced machine girls on vests at 2019 S. 3d st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1818 Hickory st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4539 W. Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4375 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework. Apply at 3211 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Call Monday, 3829 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Call at No. 6 Nicholson pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl in family of 2; must understand cooking. 3814A Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 1000 N. 16th st., corner of Wash.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Neat German or Swede girl for general housework. 1704 N. Grand av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—For general housework in small family; good pay. 2716 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; family of three; references required. Call at 3212 Newstead av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework in small American family; reference required. 3458 Shenandoah st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl to do general housework at Ferguson, Mo. Add. W. L. R. G. Allen, Roe Building, St. Louis.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—For general housework. Apply to Mrs. A. C. Banks, south side Plymouth av., first house west of Emmett av.; take Suburban cars.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl 15 or 16 years old (white or colored) to help with work in family of 2; wages $12 per week and good home. Call Tuesday morning at 1910 California av.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted by a woman washing to do by the day. 3908 Fairfax av.

NURSE WANTED—German girl about 14 years old. 2626 Franklin av.

CASH FOR GOLD

And silver articles and duplicate gold and silver wedding presents. Our make of silver-plated ware. Our gold, silver and nickel-plating and repairing is absolutely the best and cheapest. Established 1872. Samuel L. Downing & Co., 219 N. 7th st.

Agents Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

CANVASSERS WANTED—Big money. Address B 430, this office.

Board and Lodging Wanted.

5 cents per line each insertion.

WANTED—By young man board in private family, with 3 or 4 other boarders; must not exceed $12 per month. Add., stating terms, etc., Y 428, this office.

IF parties wishing rooms and board or rooms for light housekeeping will send their address or call on H. S. Baker, 3546 Olive st., office hours 11 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 5 to 9 p. m., a list of desirable places will be furnished free of charge; no room agency.

Houses, Rooms, Etc., Wanted

5 cents per line each insertion.

WANTED—To rent by married couple, about 3 rooms in private house for light housekeeping; no children. Inquire at room 408, Roe Building.

WANTED—2 connecting rooms; gent, wife and 3 little girls; west of Vandeventer and between Washington av. and W. Belle pl. Add. K 430, this office.

WANTED—Newly furnished second story, with privilege; also very little light housekeeping by a neat and quiet party; location between Washington and Pine, 20th and 30th sts. Address S 429, this office.

Money Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

WE have applications for loans on real estate from parties offering best of security; those wanting safe investments can secure them by calling on or addressing us. Established 39 years. JOHN MAGUIRE & CO., 107 N. 8th st.

Miscellaneous Wants.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

WANTED—To buy furniture for 3 or 4-room flat; state price. Address E 430, this office.

Removals.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

REMOVAL—Dr. W. Reilly has removed his residence to 3538 Page av.; telephone 7,900; office hours at 1311 N. 10th st., 9 to 11 a. m., 3 to 5 p. m.

For Rent—Rooms.

5 cents per line each insertion.

111 S. 15TH ST.—One front room, complete for light housekeeping; laundry privileges.

217 S. JEFFERSON AV.—2 unfurnished rooms; one furnished; rent cheap; for light housekeeping.

221 S. 5TH ST.—Nice, cool rooms for gentlemen.

315 S. 21ST ST.—3 nice rooms with hall, water and gas; 1st floor; $13; keys at 20S.

911 S. 7TH ST., Upper Hall—Furnished hall room for gent; $4 per month.

938 RUTGER ST.—2 rooms and a kitchen; $10 per month.

1010 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Nicely furnished and unfurnished rooms; very desirable for students.

1012 CHOUTEAU AV.—One nice, large unfurnished room, first floor.

1019 S. 10TH ST.—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable.

1112 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—First floor, 2 nice rooms and kitchen, $11; 2 nice rooms second floor, $9.

1119 N. 24TH ST.—2d-story front furnished room with bath.

1210 ST. ANGE AV.—S. 14th st.—Second-story elegant rooms, front with alcove, flat or 2 rooms, furnished or unfurnished; hall room for single gent, $1.25 per week.

1333 WASHINGTON AV.—Opposite 14th st.—Cool front room, exclusive bath; owners' premises; gentlemen; references.

1500 CHESTNUT ST.—One or 2 large unfur. rooms, 2d floor.

1517 BIDDLE ST.—Furnished room and small kitchen, 1st floor, $9.

1517½ BIDDLE ST.—Three lovely rooms, 1st floor, yard and house to itself; $9.

1803 WASH ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms completely furnished for light housekeeping; low prices.

2015 OLIVE ST.—Nicely fur. front room for two ladies or gentlemen in private family.

2115 PINE ST.—Furnished small, single rooms, $1.25, $1.50; 25c day.

2603 OLIVE ST.—Desirable rooms; private baths; rooms and board from $5 per week up.

2618 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room.

2623 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished second story.

2623½ OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished second-story front room.

2631 MORGAN ST.—Two large, unfurnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping; second floor.

2636 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished room, without board.

2709 MORGAN ST.—2 furnished front rooms for gentlemen; $2.50 and $3.

2730 MORGAN ST.—Furnished and unfurnished front rooms.

2730½ SHERIDAN AV.—2 or 3 nicely furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping; southern exposure.

2908 N. 22D ST.—Furnished parlor, dining room and kitchen for light housekeeping.

2915 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms.

2937 MARKET ST.—Neatly furnished front room; private family; southern exposure; for light housekeeping if desired.

3022 THOMAS ST.—Neatly furnished room on 2d & 24-floors; all conveniences; private family; terms reasonable.

The fair typewriter, who with ease
Manipulates the dainty keys,
Gets work where hours and money please
Thro' the columns of the P.-D.

3125 THOMAS ST.—4 large rooms in good order, nice locality.

3150 WASHINGTON AV.—2 large unfurnished rooms; steam heat and gas; hot and cold water.

3330 PINE ST.—2d-story front, furnished; references exchanged.

3514 NORTH MARKET ST.—Four rooms on 1st floor, $16; take Northern Central car.

3531 TEXAS AV.—Six rooms, 2d floor; quiet neighborhood; cars convenient; $19 per month.

Boarding.

5 cents per line each insertion.

1123 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; first-class board.

1211 NORTH MARKET ST.—Furnished room, with or without board.

1623 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsome suit of parlors; other rooms, with board; visitors to city accommodated.

2116 OLIVE ST.—Neat furnished rooms with bath, furnace, etc., with or without table board; everything first-class; terms moderate.

2322 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms with or without board.

2603 OLIVE ST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; rooms and board from $5 per week up.

2631 WASHINGTON AV.—A large fur. front room; also a large parlor; excellent board.

2705 LUCAS AV.—Furnished rooms with or without board; boarding by day or week.

2808 LOCUST ST.—Very desirable furnished rooms, with board.

2839 OLIVE ST.—Desirable room in private family; with or without board; all conveniences.

3936 OLIVE ST.—Desirable room in private family; with board; no others; for two gents or couple.

4066 FINNEY AV.—Private family having more room than they want will rent some to gents or couple, with board; every convenience.

4234 PAGE AV.—Suite of rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board.

4629 MARYLAND AV.—One or two gentlemen to board in the West End; Olive cable passes house; large cool room.

5858 PLYMOUTH AV.—Three ladies employed during the day can find pleasant home and good board; take Suburban car.

Educational.

THE High School of Metaphysics will open September 3, 1894. For particulars address Dr. J. L. Fitzporter, No. 1516 Chestnut street.

Flats for Rent.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

2219 WALNUT ST.—Nice 4-room flat; $15. KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

2819 SHERIDAN AV.—New flat; 5 rooms, 2d floor; modern improvements.

4128 PECK ST.—Elegant new 3-room flat, all nicely papered, on 1st floor, with separate entrances; 1 short block to electric line to any part of the city; only $13, including water; will give lease to good tenant; open for inspection.

4534 GARFIELD AV.—5-room flat, everything complete; reduced from $20 to $18 to good tenant; this is a fine block.

FLAT FOR RENT.

2830 Locust st., 6 rooms, 1st floor, modern improvements; in first-class condition; we want a good tenant. RUTLEDGE & HORTON, 1005 Chestnut st.

For Rent—Dwellings.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

2325 UNIVERSITY ST.—9-room house; all conveniences; rent $32.50 per month.

3304 MORGAN ST.—Six-room house in good repair; furnace and laundry. Rent commences Sept. 1. Apply 3047 Morgan st.

To Let for Business Purposes.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

1526 MORGAN ST.—A lovely store; only $17; 3 very nice rooms on 2d floor; $12.

1803 LAFAYETTE AV.—Large store; cheap rent; good location for barber-shop.

FOR RENT—516 Franklin av. Apply to TIFFANY REAL ESTATE CO., 415 Locust st.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR SALE—$100 Central biercle, nearly new. $70 cash. Call Tuesday evening, 2320B Salisbury.

Musical.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FIRST-CLASS new and excellent second-hand pianos at rare bargains during balance of this month. Maier & Camp, 910 Olive st.

PIANOS—Elegant assortment; $50 to $75 saved at Whitaker's, 1518 Olive st., and 2512 N. 14th st.

Household Goods for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR SALE—One hard coal stove, bed-room set, carpet and stair carpet. 1803 California av.

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $1.50 to $3; fine Ansonia mantel clocks, $5 to $18; at Dunn's Loan Office.

Lost and Found.

5 cents per line each insertion.

LOST—$32 in bills. Return to 1863 Madison st, and receive reward.

LOST—July 23, black-and-tan dog; $25 reward. Return to 19 S. 13th st.

LOST—Bunch of keys. Finder please leave at 416 N. 11th st., Wagner's saloon, and receive reward.

LOST—A solitaire diamond ring; liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to 3527 Lafayette avenue.

LOST—Gold spectacles, bet. 5th and Olive and 20th and Locust, driving; turned on 14th to Locust. Reward, $142 Locust st.

LOST—Mechanical drawing of no possible value except to owner. Return to E. W. Farrell, 1015 Olive st., and receive $1 reward.

LOST—Between Florence av. and Grantvill pl., a pocketbook containing a good chain bracelet. Liberal reward if returned to 1388 Grantvill pl.

FOUND—A pair of shoes that will wear 5 months for 34. Harris-Bruner Shoe Co., 520 Pine st.

Horses and Vehicles.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

Wanted.

WANTED—To buy a strong buggy, horse and harness; buggy and harness to be hand-made; horse not older than 8 years and not to weigh over 1,100 lbs; good gait and safe to drive in railroad yards; state lowest cash price. Address F 430, this office.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Small, strong bay horse, cheap. Address C 418, this office.

FOR SALE—Saddle and driving mare, storm buggy and harness; $65. 3048½ Dickson st.

FOR SALE—Second-hand storm buggy; worth $75; will sell at a great bargain. 1452 S. 7th st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For vehicles or to sell for cash or on time payments; we guarantee to save you 25 per cent on any vehicle or harness you buy; our stock consists of new and second-hand open and top wagons of all kinds; storm buggies, phaetons, cut under and jump seat surreys, carriages. Northwestern Buggy Co., 1110 N. Broadway.

MCCABE, YOUNG & CO., 1232 N. Broadway, will beat anybody's price on grocer, laundry, butcher, baker, carpenter and plumber's wagons; also first-class storm buggies, surreys and jump seat buggies of all kinds.

Professional.

WANTED—Young man of good English education desires the study of law in some lawyer's office. Address T 429, this office.

Personals.

15 cents per line; Business Cards, 30 cents per line each insertion.

PERSONAL—Young gent in first south rear of young lady would like to correspond with same young lady; lady taking train 2:20 p. m. Sunday, Aug. 12, getting off at Grand av. Add. X 423, this office.

Matrimonial.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

MATRIMONIAL—Young man, farmer, 40 miles from city, would like to make acquaintance of a girl not over 25 years of age, of German descent; object, matrimony. Ad. W 429, this office.

YOUNG business man, 33 years of age, never married, wishes to form acquaintance of lady not over 35, good housekeeper and having from $5,000 to $10,000; object matrimony; the lady to retain control of her own money; gentleman is a man of education and good disposition, does not drink or smoke, has resided ten years in St. Louis and can give unexceptionable refs. as to character, etc.; I mean business. Add. C 430, this office.

Personal Sundries.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

EFFIE THAYER gives massage at 2107½ Market st., room 1, up-stairs.

A—MISS GRACE BERNARD, 4124 Pine st.; all kinds of baths, bay rum rubbings, lady attend.

A WAFE-WORM cure guaranteed; no starving nor sickness; write. The Medical Co., 107 N. 9th st.

DIVORCES a speciality; reliable advice; easy terms; no delay; no fee till after divorce. Post-office box 384.

DR. MERWIN, 107 N. 8th st.; ladies' special physician; all diseases and irregularities quickly relieved; ladies in trouble call or write.

DRS. M. DOSSEN, the female specialists; 37 years' experience; receives during confinement; ladies in trouble call or write. 1006 Chouteau av.

DR. LOTTA FRICK, midwife, graduate of two colleges, receives ladies dur. con.; female complaints treated successfully; charges reas. 120 b. 14th st.

DR. MARY ARTHUR treats female irregularities successfully; receives and boards ladies in con.; reas. charges; con. confidential. Call 2817 Wash st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur. con. Ladies in trouble call or write, 29 S. 14th.

EXPERT female detective employed by large firm here will work up any case, for ladies or gentlemen. For particulars and interview address A 430, this office.

LADIES' hair transformed so any shade; work done at residence and guaranteed; store prices. Address Bijou Hair store, 2323 Franklin av.

MRS. N. VAN DYKE, masseuse, 2236 Chestnut st.

MRS. M. EDWARDS, massage, 2217 Market st.

MME. AMES gives massage treatment and baths; new attendant. 26 S. 16th st.

MISS CROWLEY, fortune-teller, 1318 N. 8th st. Ladies, 25c; gents, 50c. Call and see her.

MME. ANNA, the fortune teller of the West, 926 Market st., near 14th; established 1851.

MRS. DR. HENNEKAMP treats all ladies' troubles; receives during confinement. 3218 Franklin av.

MRS. PARKER gives massage, magnetic and electric treatment; 1st-class patronage. 108 N. 23d.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement, treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealings; information free; experience in all cases; ladies in trouble call. 1803 Washington av.

MRS. J. SOMMER, graduate midwife, receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable prices; strictly confidential. Call or write 1031 Park av.; take U. D. cars south.

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1 (inferior, 70c.); bill-heads, $1.50. Crole & Co., 815 Locust.

DR. BELL'S NERVINE CURES EPILEPSY.

All druggists. $1.00 per bottle.

Storage.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc., safe, reliable clean rooms, get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. EF Loading and unloading our cars. Telephone 4132. E. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.

1723-25-27 and 29 Morgan St.

Branch office 1003 Pine st. Phones 2890 and 4101.

For Lease.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR LEASE

And Improve to Suit Tenant

—OR—

FOR SALE!

The property formerly occupied by the Post-Dispatch on the north side of Market street between Broadway and Sixth street. Has frontage of 52 feet 5 inches and 113 feet in depth to a 15-foot alley.

For particulars refer to

Nicholls-Ritter

Realty and Financial Co.,

Phone 885. 718 Chestnut st.

Money to Loan on Per. Property

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000 on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest. S. VAN RAALTE, 18 and 14 S. 4th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st.

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS negotiated on furniture, pianos, building association stock, etc., terms and rates to suit borrowers. Guarantee and storage Co., 717 Market st., successors to J. W. Staley.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st.

LOANS on furniture, pianos, building association stock and other good securities. Collateral Loan Co., 108 N. 8th, room 1. R. W. Staley, Secretary.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan office, 912 Franklin av.

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.

Loans money on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rates in city. 816½ Chestnut st., second floor.

COMMERCIAL LOAN CO.

We negotiate loans to responsible parties on furniture and pianos without removal at low rates on easy monthly installments. Pass books given monthly all payments plainly. No other charges but what you contract for. Rebate given if paid before due. No publicity. 712 Pine st., 2d floor.

MONEY TO LOAN

On furniture and pianos in any amount you desire without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. Ring, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

THE CENTRAL LOAN COMPANY, NO. 304 NORTH FOURTH ST.,

Will loan money at the lowest rates of interest on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Musical Instruments, etc. Large stock of the above goods on sale at the lowest prices.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

1303 Washington Av., 2d Floor.

Will loan you any sum you desire from $10 up on furniture and pianos at the lowest rates, and with no extra charge of any kind, and give you as long time as you want to repay same; you can pay the money back in any amount you wish and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan; or when you borrow the money you can sign notes payable monthly; the notes will include the money you borrow and expenses; each time you pay you take up a note, and when you pay all the notes you have signed you will be through; you won't owe us a cent; we also give you a written agreement that if you pay the loan off in full before the notes expire that we will give you a rebate on all notes that are not due. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet your payment, let us know and we will advance you the money to pay it; we do not remove any goods, but leave them in your possession; we will guarantee our terms to be the cheapest and easiest in the city, and in case of sickness we extend payments; also loans made in the suburbs of the city and East St. Louis. Call on us and we will give you any information you wish. Our office is open from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. Notary in office.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 1303 Washington Av., 2d Floor.

Money to Loan on Real Estate

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

WE have money to loan in amounts of $800, $300, $400, $500, $600, $700, $800, $900, $1,000 to $50,000 on first-class real estate security. JNO. H. TERRY & SONS, 621 Chestnut st.

Suburban Property for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

CHOICE COUNTRY HOME For Sale.

I offer my residence at Glendale for sale—9-room house, 10 acres ground, well improved; 3 squares from 2 depots; never failing well and cistern water; everything needed on the place and in good order; will offer it at a big bargain. Call and see me.

D. W. WOODS, Counting-room Post-Dispatch.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, wherein W. A. Foster is plaintiff and Charles J. Carpenter, Emma Garnside and Joseph A. Daffy are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: A certain two-story frame dwelling house, situated on the following described property, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of city block 4775 of the City of St. Louis, Mo., and running thence east along the north line of Marquette avenue 806 feet for a starting point, and running thence north 166 feet, thence in an easterly direction along the northern line of Garfside subdivision 50 feet and from thence south 165 feet 10 inches, thence west along the north line of Marquette avenue to the place of beginning, and I will, on

MONDAY, THE 3D DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-name defendants, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 9, 1894. 1562

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of Jacob Runder and all parties interested that I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1894, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, proceed, at the premises, No. 1501 Franklin avenue, city of St. Louis, to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the estate and effects assigned to me by Jacob Runder, for the benefit of creditors.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST CO., Assignee.

CORNELIUS F. BAUER, Attorney, 421 Olive street. St. Louis, Saturday, Aug. 13, 1894. 1643

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Henry Ziegenhein, Collector of the city of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Francis T. Bryan, F. Taylor Bryan, Catherine C. Bryan, Elizabeth C. Pace, Edmonia Wash, Medora Wash, Clark C. Wash, William T. Wash, Alexander Ellerbe, Christopher P. Ellerbe, Christopher P. Ellerbe, Jr., Francis H. Wash, Susan Wash, John Y. Pace, unknown personal representatives, distributees, heirs at law or assignees of Augustus P. Ladew, unknown heirs at law of Stephen Ladew, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Being lot thirty-nine (39) of Taylor place in city block 4568 of said city, having a front of 355 feet on the south line of Fairfax avenue by a depth of 145 feet, bounded on the west by Newstead avenue, and I will, on

MONDAY, THE 3D DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1894, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 9, 1894. 1560

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1894, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of Charles J. Kestaba, guardian of the person and estate of Martin Graff, a person of unsound mind and incapable of managing his affairs, plaintiff, and against Margaret Miller, alias Moller or Moeller, Defendant, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the Defendant above named, of in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 17 of block No. 1 of Scott's addition and being in city block No. 1717 having a front of 25 feet on north side of Scott avenue by a depth of 120 feet to an alley, having thereon house No. 2325 Scott avenue.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 3D DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose of satisfying said deed of trust, together with the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

ARCHIE F. HASKINS, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., July 19, 1894. 1566

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, August Mueller, by his certain deed of trust, dated Sept. 24, 1870, and recorded in book 415, at page 235 of the St. Louis city (formerly county) Recorder of Deeds' office, state of Missouri, conveyed to Frederick Hill the following described real estate in the city of St. Louis, said State, to-wit: The eastern part of lot seven (7) as designated on the amended plat of Walter & Espenschiede's sub-division, as found in plat book 7, at page 45, and book 8, page 2, of said Recorder's office, and having a front of sixty (60) feet on the west side of Walter avenue, as said city in said subdivision, and running thence south westwardly with the same width and parallel with a west thirty (30) feet, a distance of one hundred (97) feet six (6) inches to a five (5) foot alley, bounded on the north by lot eight (8), on the east by Walter avenue, on the south by lot number six (6), and on the west by said alley, said property being in block 4280 of said city. In trust, however, to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described, and which were given for the balance of purchase money, and whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes, and whereas said Frederick Hill is dead, and whereas it is provided that the acting Sheriff of the County (now city) of St. Louis, Missouri, shall become the successor to said deceased as trustee, and whereas the Acting Sheriff of the county of St. Louis has in writing declined to act as such successor because said property is without his jurisdiction and within that of the Acting Sheriff of said city of St. Louis, who succeeded said Sheriff of St. Louis County in all such matters, now, therefore, I, the Acting Sheriff of St. Louis City, State of Missouri, will, under the provisions of said deed of trust, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and for the purpose of satisfying said trust, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell said real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff and Trustee.

St. Louis, July 26, 1894. 1439

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Hannah Dempsey, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

JNO. J. FITZWILLIAM, Administrator Hannah Dempsey, Deceased. St. Louis, Aug. 13, 1894. 1647

WHEREAS, Benjamin C. Hogan and Lillie Hogan, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 23d day of May, 1892, recorded in book 1091, page 347, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: All of city block thirty-eight hundred and seventy-nine south (3879 s), containing a front of forty (40) feet in the north line of Westminster place (as established by ordinance 16,139), by a depth northwardly between parallel lines of one hundred and ninety-five (195) feet, more or less, to the south line of an alley 15 feet wide; bounded north by said alley, south by said

TO DEFEAT IT.

Gov. Francis Said to Be Watching the New Bridge Bill.

SHOULD IT PASS CONGRESS HE MAY ASK A VETO.

It Is Alleged This Was One Object of His Mission to Washington — President Boyd of the Exchange Says Francis Does Not Want Another Pier Bridge—It Would Interfere With Navigation—What Other Members Think.

Ex-Gov. D. R. Francis, who was supposed to have gone to Washington solely in the interest of candidates for judicial honors, has not returned to St. Louis. The nominations of Judges Thayer and Priest have been confirmed, but the man who swings the Administration forces in Missouri still lingers in the neighborhood of the White House. It is remarked that he had a double mission to Washington, the defeat of the East St. Louis bridge bill and the appointment of Judges Thayer and Priest.

The name of ex-Gov. Francis is third on the list of members of the Mississippi River Committee of the Merchants' Exchange, at whose request President Wm. G. Boyd wrote to Representative Cobb and Senator Cullom. The committee comprises the following:

Isaac M. Mason, President of the Anchor Line Co.; Henry C. Haarstick, President of the St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation Co.; D. R. Francis; Marcus Bernheimer, Vice-President of the Scharf-Bernheimer Grocer Co.; David Block of Block, Dean & Co., commission merchants; E. S. Rowse of the St. Louis Trust Co., Frank Gaiennie of the Exposition Association, Alex H. Smith, coal dealer; T. T. Lewis, Secretary of the Meramec Iron Mining Co.; Jerome Hill of the Jerome Hill Cotton Co., and Wm. M. Samuel, President of the St. Louis United Elevator Co.

While Representative Cobb and Senator Cullom have been called upon to oppose the bill in the House and Senate respectively, it is intimated that the committee hopes to reach the President, as a last resort, through Gov. Francis.

PRESIDENT BOYD'S VIEWS.

President William G. Boyd of the Merchants' Exchange was asked to-day if it was true that Gov. Francis was fighting the East St. Louis bridge.

"Not that I am aware of," replied he. "I have heard him say he could not see how any one could advocate erecting another pier bridge between the Eads and Merchants' bridges. I am inclined to believe he would favor a suspension bridge.

"The exchange is not opposing any bridge scheme which will not impede navigation, and the contemplated East St. Louis pier bridge would certainly do that. As far as the exchange is concerned the more the merrier if navigation is unimpeded. I think all the merchants feel that way."

President Boyd was asked if the Merchants' Terminal interests had not enlisted the support of Gov. Francis in opposition to the proposed bridge.

"I have not heard of it," he said. "Of course, Mr. Francis was one of the promoters of the Merchants' Bridge and lends anyone he holds stock in it. Still I have not heard of opposition coming from those interested in the existing bridges."

WHAT OTHERS THINK.

Mr. Web M. Samuel could not remember whether Gov. Francis took part in the committee's action in the matter.

He believed Gov. Francis was opposed to a pier bridge at the proposed point.

Capt. Mason did not think the river interests had allied themselves with the Merchants' and Eads bridge in their opposition to the proposed bridge. As far as he was concerned, he said, he had no objection to a suspension bridge. He knew nothing of Gov. Francis' alleged activity in the matter.

Drought Broken.

MARSHALLTOWN, Io., Aug. 13.—The drought in this region is now effectually broken. It rained from 8 to 8 a. m. and another steady downpour set in at noon. This will start pasturage booming and insures an abundance of late fall feed for stock.

Marriage Licenses.

A. L. Hoppe ..... 2735 Chippewa st
Annie M. Korb ..... 1468 Lima st

W. S. Spencer ..... Webster Groves
Gussie E. Campbell ..... Webster Groves

D. C. Miller ..... 1 Lucas pl, east of St. Louis av
Julia Riddlehuber ..... 3418 Chestnut st

George W. Wilson ..... 114 Rankin av
Laura Johnson ..... Dallas, Tex

H. C. Hall ..... Anchor Line Wharfboat
Rebecca Lockard ..... 1908 St. Charles st

DEATHS.

BERRY—On Monday, Aug. 13, 1890, at 3:30 a. m., MARGARET A. BERRY, beloved mother of Benj. H. Berry, aged 80 years.

Funeral from residence, 4289 Cook avenue. Due notice will be given.

DEGNAN—On Sunday, Aug. 12, at 5 p. m., PATRICK DEGNAN, aged 30 years.

Funeral will take place from residence of Michael Mitchell, No. 2007 South Jefferson avenue, on Tuesday, Aug. 14, at 2 p. m., to St. Vincent's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend. Deceased was a member of Division No. 3 A. O. H.

HALLY—On Sunday, Aug. 12, at 6:50 p. m., JOHN HALLY, beloved son of Catherine and the late John Hally, aged 30 years.

Funeral will take place from his late residence, 3200 National Bridge road, Tuesday, Aug. 14, at 2 p. m., to St. Augustin Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

HUNT—Sunday, Aug. 12, at 8 a. m., MICHAEL, beloved husband of Mary Hunt and father of Charles M. and George J. Hunt and Mrs. John Keeshan, nee Hunt.

Funeral from family residence, 2037 Carr street. Tuesday, Aug. 14, at 9 a. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

Sioux city (Io.) papers please copy.

JONES—On Saturday, Aug. 11, at 9 p. m., NELLIE H. JONES (nee Hicks); beloved wife of Harry H. Jones, aged 22 years and 8 months.

Funeral from residence, 915 Cardinal avenue, Tuesday, Aug. 14, at 2 p. m. Friends are invited.

McSHANE—On Monday, Aug. 13, at 3 a. m., LIZZIE MCSHANE, beloved daughter of John and Mary McShane, nee Moran, age 3 years 5 months.

Funeral from family residence, 1714 Division street, on Tuesday, Aug. 14, at 2 p. m. Friends invited to attend.

SHRINAR—On Monday, Aug. 13, 1894, at 6:15 o'clock a. m., LILLIE FRANCIS SHRINER, daughter of William A. and Ellen Shriner, aged 8 months and 26 days.

The funeral will take place Tuesday, 14th inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., from family residence, 4332 Natural Bridge road, to Wesleyan Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

Fredericktown and Baltimore papers please copy.

SCULLEY—On the 12th inst., at 11 p. m., TIMOTHY E. SCULLEY, aged 30 years, 3 months and 2 days.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 2415 Bell avenue, on Tuesday, the 14th inst., at 9:30 a. m., to Alphonsus Church, thence to Calvary cemetery. Friends of the family invited. Please omit flowers.

SIMS—Monday, Aug. 6, at Chamberlain, S. D., MRS. MARTHA A. SIMS, aged 74 years.

Wheeling (Va.) papers please copy.

MONEY.

Clearings $4,177,624
Balances 510,139

Exchange: Quoted by A. G. Edwards & Sons:

New York .....25 disc bid Louisville .....30c disc bid
Chicago ..... par bid New Orleans.75c disc bid
Cincinnati ..... par bid

LONDON, Aug. 13, 4 p. m.—Bar silver, 28 13-16d per ounce. Money 1½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 1½-16 per cent, and for three months bills 1 per cent.

By private wire to Gaylord, Blessing & Co.:

NEW YORK.—The halt in the market was credited to tariff uncertainty. Active bulls said they would gather weight a few days and see the outcome at Washington than to move prices up with the possibility of a break in Sugar interference with their plans. Bears thought it would be a short rise anyway, but they were cautious sellers, arguing there would not be clear sailing until the tariff was out of the way, when crop conditions would become a vital factor. There are indications that the market may be more than usually irregular. It is predicted that St. Paul may cross C., B. & Q., that Southern stocks may go up and Granger sag down, and that prices depend on crop conditions, like Western Union, Manhattan and Coal stocks, may have independent moves. Traders thought there was realizing in L. & N. and in Sugar, but continued absorption of Richmond Terminal and Lead.

NEW YORK—The topic in financial circles was a rumor of the enforced resignation of Reinhart from the presidency of the Atchison. Even the friends of Reinhart felt impelled to confess the weakness of his defense.

The New York Financial Chronicle estimates the gain of banks from the interior at $1,286,000, and the loss through the Sub-Treasury and gold exports at $1,050,000, a net loss of $1,764,000. For the four th week of July sixty-five roads show a decrease in gross earnings of 9 per cent, while the decrease last year was 8.15 per cent.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—10:15 a. m.—Share speculation was in good tone at the opening and fairly active. St. Paul was bought in round blocks and rose 1 per cent, a moderate amount being taken by London. Louisville & Nashville sold up 1%, Burlington & Quincy, Wabash preferred and Northwestern, St. Ontario & Western, St. Chicago Gas, General Electric, Missouri Pacific, Lake Shore, Canada Southern and Northern Pacific preferred, and Erie 2. Sugar rose 3 and declined ½ per cent. The market is strong.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13, 11 a. m.—The market has continued strong and further advances have been recorded on purchases induced by the prospect of a near solution of the tariff question and better crop reporting. A big pool in Distilling is said to be the price of that stock 1%; Tobacco, 1%; Richmond Terminal preferred, 1% to 22; St. P. & R. G., 1% to 3%; St. Paul & Omaha, 1% per cent; Northwest, 1%; United States Cordage, 1%; C. & O., 1%, and other shares a smaller fraction. Sugar advanced ½, but reacted 1 per cent to 105%. Distilling has reacted ¾. The market generally is strong.

Noon—The greater portion of the list dealt in has made an appreciation in values. Distilling leading the upward movement with a gain of 1¾ per cent, the buying in this stock being based on the August schedule. Western Union has advanced 1 per cent, Sugar, Norfolk & Western and Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & St. Louis, Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Burlington and Quincy, St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville, Lead and Cotton Oil 1. Cotton Oil preferred 1, and other shares a smaller fraction with some exceptions. Chicago Gas receded ¾ and rallied ¾; General Electric fell off ¾ and rose ¾; Pullman declined ¾ and moved up 1 per cent. Lead preferred has declined 2 on additional offerings of 5,000 shares. Norfolk and Western preferred has jumped 3% per cent. At midday the market was active and buoyant. Distillers is up 2%, from Saturday's lowest 1%; Richmond Terminal preferred 1%; St. Paul, Burlington and Missouri Pacific 1%; L. & N. 1%, and Western Union and United States Cordage 1 per cent.

Despite the Illinois Attorney-General's announcement of proposed institution of quo warranto proceedings against the Pullman Company, the stock of the corporation is ½ per cent higher than at the close Saturday. Sales to noon were 85,500, including 7,700 to Lead and 10,500 unlisted.

Money on call easy at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@5 per cent. Sterling exchange easy; actual business in bankers' bills at 4 85@4 85½. Posted rates, 4 86@4 86½. Government bills, 4 84@4 84½. Silver certificates, 64@65; no sales. Bar silver, 62¾. Mexican dollars, 50¾. Government bonds firm; U. S. 4s, registered, 117½; do coupons, 117¾; U. S. 5s, registered, 112¾; do coupons, 114; do 2s, 96 bid; Pacific 6s of '95, 101 bid.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Broker, Rialto Building, 218 North Fourth street.

U. S. BONDS.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.	When due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
2 per cent bonds	Optional	J S D & O	96½	100
4 per cent bonds	1907	J A & M	114	114½
4 per cent bonds	1907	F M & N	114½	115

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 3½ sterling	1919	Feb and Aug	98	99
City 4s, sterling	1907	June and Dec	100¼	101
City 4s, 10-20s				
City 4s, sterling	1902–05	Various	101	102
City 4s, sterling	1905	June and Dec	103	104
City 4s, sterling	1908	Jan and July	103	104
City 4½, sterling	1918	Jan and July	105	106
City 5s, sterling	1900	Various	103	107
City 6s, sterling	1895	Various	107	108
City 6s, sterling	1898–99	April and Oct	108	109
County sterling	1905	April and Oct	119	120

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo Pac consols	1920	May and Nov	92½	95
Mo Pac 3ds	1906	May and Nov	107¼	108
Mo No 1st m 7s	1895	Jan and July	103	105
K C & S 1st m 6s	1925	Feb and Aug	101½	104½
K P 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	101½	102
K P D X 6s	1899	May and Nov	104	106
K P consols	1919	May and Nov	78	79
St L & San F 2d 6s, g, class A	1906	May and Nov	111¼	111½
St L & San F 2d 6s, g, class B	1906	May and Nov	111¼	111½
St L & S F 2d 6s, g, class C	1906	May and Nov	111¼	111½

LIVE STOCK

National Stock Yards.

Cattle—Receipts, 4,345 head. The supply in the yards division was very small, consisting of a few mixed lots which sold at steady prices.

The supply of Southern cattle amounted to about 125 car-loads. Though there was not much improvement to notice in prices the market was very strong and active; everything sold out early.

SOUTHERN CATTLE SALES.

No.	Quality.	Av.	Price.	No.	Quality.	Av.	Price.
16	steers	1091	$2 00	27	steers	973	$3 00
25	steers	1030	3 10	14	steers	806	2 40
20	steers	1000	3 10	30	cows	808	2 40
25	steers	988	3 00	25	steers	974	3 00
23	steers	1063	3 15	20	cows	772	2 20
21	steers	1180	3 20	18	steers	1000	2 90
21	steers	1180	3 15	22	cows	848	1 75
105	steers	896	2 80	31	cows	805	2 10
25	steers	1069	3 10	46	cows	724	2 00
20	steers	1000	3 10	30	calves	375	3 00
59	steers	727	2 80	24	steers	997	2 80
119	ews & his	605	2 05	22	steers	1,176	3 15
248	cows	752	2 00	20	cows	850	2 20
4	yearlings	385	1 80	67	heifers	746	2 05
73	steers	984	3 60	20	cows	760	2 10
51	steers	1,080	3 60	100	calves, per hd		6 00
21	steers	968	2 80	143	calves, per hd		4 50
21	steers	853	2 60				

NATIVE CATTLE SALES.

No.	Quality.	Av.	Price.	No.	Quality.	Av.	Price.
25	steers	1,030	$3 15	20	cows & hfs	780	$2 25
23	steers	980	3 10	225	yearlings	180	2 35
30	cows	887	2 75	12	heifers	779	2 60
10	mixed	677	2 60	71	calves, per head		5 50
26	mixed	808	2 75				

Hogs—Receipts, 3,375 head. The market was active and steady as compared with Saturday. The quality of the offerings to-day was good. The bulk sold at 5 20@5 25, and the top, $5.25, was paid for the best heavy and butcher grades.

HOG SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
71	233	$5 25	87	216	$5 25
71	194	5 22	64	202	5 25
67	228	5 25	59	232	5 25
58	193	5 20	83	181	5 20
72	162	5 20	85	168	5 20
147	218	5 20	250	250	5 20
99	169	5 15	76	197	5 15
75	182	5 15	79	171	5 15
24	197	5 10	74	186	5 10
67	170	5 00	118	154	5 00
15	170	4 90	116	132	4 75
15	87	4 20			

Sheep—Receipts 871 head. There were only a few good to choice lambs offered. The supply of all kinds, with the exception of choice, was fully ample for the requirements of the dressed meat houses, which were the principal buyers. Prices on the better grades ruled strong, but all other kinds were barely steady.

SHEEP SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price
47	nat. mxd	105	$2 75	21	stockers	71	$1 25
19	S. W. mxd.	84	2 75	15	stockers	85	1 25
154	S. W. mxd.	93	2 75	15	stockers	80	1 25
40	native	112	2 35	40	lambs	71	2 50
10	native	104	2 15	19	lambs	62	3 25
23	sheep & l.	77	2 65	17	lambs	60	3 00
25	native	89	2 25	10	lambs	67	3 25
27	native	87	2 15				

L've Stock.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 13—Hogs—Estimated receipts to-day 35,000; official Saturday, 20,153; shipments Saturday, 7,369 head; left over, about 3,500; quality very poor. Market quite active; best grades firm, with prices favoring sellers; others grades weak. Sales ranged at $4 85@5 20 for light, $4 40@4 90 for rough packing, $4 85@5 30 for mixed, $4 95@5 40 for heavy packing and shipping lots. Pigs, $4 40@4 90. Cattle—Estimated receipts, 18,000; receipts Saturday, 1,735; shipments Saturday, 1,128; market steady. Sheep—Estimated receipts, 30,000; receipts Saturday, 10,723; shipments Saturday, 1,050; market steady.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,300; shipments, 2,600. Market firm for best grades, steady to slow for others. Texas steers, $2 80@3 15; beef steers, $3 05@4 80; native cows, $1 80@3 35; stockers and feeders, $1 25@3 80. Hogs—Receipts, 5,800; shipments, 1,000. Best grades firm, others steady. Bulk of sales, $4 70@5 10; yorkers, $4 90@5 25; packers, $4 85@5 20; mixed, $4 80@5 10; lights, $4 40@4 90; pigs, $3 00@4 70. Sheep—Receipts, 1,900; shipments, 100. Market slow but steady.

Heavy Rains in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Io., Aug. 13.—The heaviest rain for three months began last night, continuing until 9 o'clock this morning. Indications are for more rain this afternoon. The rain was accompanied by vivid lightning and heavy thunder, several buildings were struck.

THE MARKETS.

India will have but little wheat to spare for export this year unless at the expense of reserve from previous crops.

Secretary Sage of the Iowa Agricultural Bureau says he doubts if the rain did much good to corn in that State, as it came too late.

The weekly Indiana report, to be out to-day, it is said, will show a very discouraging crop situation. Late rains were heavy, but only did good in a few localities.

A cable from St. Petersburg says the official report dated July 15 shows a highly satisfactory yield in Russia of summer and winter wheat. The first threshing indicates a yield 50 per cent above the average.

There was a decrease last week of 1,792,000 bu in the amount of wheat and flour afloat for Europe, making it 81,824,000 bu, where it was 84,120,000 bu one year ago. Corn afloat decreased 589,000 bu, and is now 4,467,000 bu, against 9,111,000 bu one year ago.

From recent indications France will not have to buy much corn this year. A letter to a prominent exporter says: "We shall buy for feeding purposes only, it being impossible to distill corn at present prices of alcohol and the largest manufacturers have decided to stop work."

Lincoln, Neb.—The corn crop situation is growing worse. I don't think Nebraska will raise corn enough to feed the chickens of the State. Rain will do very little good now, as it is too late. Cheap wheat is the only thing left to keep our animals living till we get another crop.

The Minneapolis *Journal* has raised its estimate on the spring wheat crop, and now declares the three principal States will harvest 125,000,000 bu, that paper placing the crop of Minnesota and North Dakota in excess of 100,000,000 bu, and Iowa to be 105,000,000 bu, leaving 20,000,000 bu for south Dakota. The *Journal* ridicules the Government estimate, which it claims is very erroneous, as "the report includes the estimate of hundreds who are incompetent, hundreds who are prejudiced and a few who are reliable."

The *Manufacturers' Record*, in its weekly review of the business situation South, says: Taken as a whole, the Southern crops will be larger this year than ever before. Of corn, all reports say the crop is unprecedented; the outlook for cotton, based on acreage and present condition, indicates a crop of from 8,000,000 to 9,000,000 bales; the smaller crops have nearly all done well, thus giving the South the full measure of abundant crops of all kinds.

Says a New York publication: Feeding wheat as a substitute for corn, in the present relation of values between wheat and corn, may easily become an important factor in deciding the level or grain prices for the rest of the season, not only in this country but in the markets of the world. The corn crop of 1893 reached 1,600,000,000 bu, out of which were exported 68,426,000 bu. The crop of 1892 was also 1,600,000,000 bu, and in that year we exported 44,930,000 bu. The big corn crop of 1891, about 2,000,000,000 bu, left a reserve which it is believed has since been practically absorbed. The short corn crop of this year may therefore necessitate the substitution of wheat for corn for feeding purposes to a very large extent. At this stage of the season, however, conjectures along this line are liable to be completely upset by the harvest returns and the proportion of wheat to be used for feeding purposes can only be the merest guesswork. Advices from the West indicate that large quantities of wheat are now being fed to farm animals.

Letters received this morning from Southwest Iowa report cloudy weather, but no rains, and too late for rains now to save the corn crop. Farmers are buying all the wheat they can for feed, wheat selling by the 1,000-lb lot at 55@55c, where old corn brings 56@60c.

The Secretary of the Kansas Agricultural Department is said to have stated that damage to the corn crop of that State has been greatly exaggerated.

Slow cloth, the little busy bear improve each shining minute, by selling wheat and corn and sich, the poor bull isn't in it.—[A wall from W. D. Judd.

The Barge Line expects to send out one tow this week and then quit. Low water and dull business is the reason for laying up.

The visible supply of wheat is now 62,321,000 bu, an increase over last week of 2,320,000 bu, where it decreased one year ago 555,000 bu to a total of 58,989,000 bu. Corn decreased 574,000 bu last week and is now 3,484,000 bu, against 6,711,000 bu last year, and oats increased 1,256,000 bu and is 2,854,000 bu against 1,928,000 bu one year ago.

India shipped 440,000 bu wheat last week, a decrease of 180,000 bu from week before, and 80,000 bu larger than year ago. Since April 1 Indian shipments were 6,080,000 bu, against 11,560,000 for same time last year, and 20,882,000 two years ago.

COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Price To-Day.

WHEAT.

	To-day.	Saturday.	Year Ago.
No 2 red	50½@½	52@½	60¾
No 3 red	48@½	49¾ b	52½
No 4 winter	46 b	47¾ b	47

CORN.

No 2	51¾	54½ b	54¾
No 2 white	52 b	55¾	56¾
No 3	50 b		53½

OATS.

No 2	29¾	30¾	27
No 2 white		37	27
No 3	27½		20

Future Prices.

	Closing Saturday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Aug.	51½	50¾	50¾	50¾
Sept	51¾@¾ a ¾ b	51¾	50¾	51¼ a ¾ b
Dec.	55 a	54¾	50¾@¾ b	54¾@½
May	60¾ a 60	60	60	59¾ a
CORN.				
Aug.	52 b			53 b
Sept	53 a	51¼	50¾	53¼ b
Dec.				
May	49½ a	49	48	49½ b
OATS.				
Aug.	30½ a			30 a
Sept	31¼ a	30½@½	30½	30¾ b
May	36½	35	35	35¾

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

WHEAT.

Sept	55¼@¾	54¾	54	54¾@¾
CORN.				
Sept	53¾@¾	54¾	53	54¾
OATS.				
Sept	30¾	30	29¾	29¾
PORK.				
Sept	13.95	13.80	13.57	13.80
LARD.				
Sept	7.42	7.50	7.42½	7.50
SHORT RIBS.				
Sept	7.07	7.25	7.22	7.25

CHICAGO—Wheat—Sept, 54¾@¾c; Oct, —; Dec, 57¾@¾c; May, 62¼c. Corn—Sept, 54¾c; Oct, 53¾c; May, 52c. Oats—Sept, 30¾@ b; Oct, 84¾c; May, —.

Pork—Aug, $13.40; Sept, $13.45. Lard—Aug, 7.45c; Sept, 7.50c. Short ribs—Aug, 9.25c; Sept, 7.25c.

FLAXSEED—Cash $1.28. Sept $1.28, Oct $1.29@ ½. Timothy—Cash $3.30, Sept $3.00, Oct $5.00 b.

NEW YORK—Wheat—Sept, 58c b. Corn—Sept, 59c. Oats—Sept, 33¾c.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Aug, 53½; Sept, 53½; Dec, 56¾c.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat—Sept, 53¾c; Dec, —, 56¾c.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Saturday	Year Ago.
Wheat, bu	5,373,992	5,227,880	3,575,301
Oats, bu	11,849	42,580	290,001
Corn, bu	116,685	117,461	82,963
Rye, bu	2,536	2,536	8,504
Barley, bu			476
No 2 red win wheat	4,979,616	4,940,419	3,221,712
No 3 red	24,541	23,089	305,201
No 2 white corn	78,085	75,526	56,653
No 2 oats	105,879	102,228	19,807
No 3 rye	2,536	2,536	2,801

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	129,820	47,335	6,000	10,477
Chicago	371,214	91,900	128,091	62,860
Toledo	261,262	4,900	350,440	1,200
Detroit	97,852	6,000	15,907	1,813
Kansas City	98,000	20,000		
Milwaukee	30,500	5,200		
Minn'polis	95,130		20,770	
Duluth	34,578		36,942	
New York	242,375	34,200	31,382	1,400
Baltimore	71,617	1,063	134,465	
Philadel'ha	84,882	2,965	7,020	8,297
Boston	1,300		63,765	

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 7,983 bbls; Chicago, 8,462 bbls; Detroit, 190 bbls; Milwaukee, 805 bbls; Minneapolis, 31,821 bbls; New York, 6,817 bbls and 3,600 sks; Baltimore, 5,704 bbls; Philadelphia, 5,283 sks; Boston, 1,300 bbls and 3,060 sks.

ON 'CHANGE.

Grain.

Wheat—The market opened weak and declined, as there were too many sellers and not enough buyers, and most of the selling was for longs. A decline of about 1½c was recorded, no signs of strength were seen and it took some time to steady prices. When the market did get turned it mounted steadily upward until ½c for Sept and 1c for Dec above the bottom, and at close was ¾@1c and ½@1c respectively below Saturday. The break in corn, the lower cables, the decline in Chicago, where receipts overran estimates, and the larger receipts more than had been looked for, all tended to bring out sellers and stand off buyers and the opening saw a break and lower market. A Russian estimate that wheat was threshing out 50 per cent above an average, also had a bearish effect, as did the prospects for a large increase in the visible, and the decrease of nearly 1,800,000 bu in "ocean wheat" had no show at all. Clearances from four ports were moderate—28,000 bbls flour and 236,000 bu wheat—and the visible decrease over 2,300,000 bu, but a report that the tariff bill had been reported favorably upon checked the declining tendency and rallied prices. Advices of good export business, most of which was for the Continent, reported by New York, came in play to strengthen the tone also and all domestic markets advanced stiffly. The closing Liverpool was 1@1¼d lower and Berlin weak—holiday at Paris and Antwerp—but did not affect this side and the close was firm.

FUTURE—No sale sold at 50¾c. Sept opened at 51¼c, declined to 50¾c, advanced to 51¾c, closing at 51¼c asked. Dec opened at 54¾c and sold off to 53¾c and back to 54¼c, closing at 54½@54¾c. May sold at 60c and offered on call at 59¼c

SPOT GRADES—Lower and most the buying by elevator representatives. No 2 red sold on Call in F and Track at 50¾c, and East side at 50¼c. No 3 red in F at 49c, and that bid for United, 48¾c for East side. No 4 winter offered in Valley at 46½c, and Track and 46c bid United. No 2 hard winter 47¾c bid Unit d.

Sales: No 2 red—2 cars and 25,300 bu in F and 12 cars and 6,200 bu in United at 50¾c, 6 cars and 600 bu East side at 50½c. No 3 red, 3 cars in F at 48c, 2 cars and 166 sks East Side at 48c.

SAMPLES—Received, 20,431 sks, 118 cars local, 11 cars through. As the decline only a few millers in market and they were particular in their selections and not paying any premium over grade prices, save for some No 3 and No 4. As high as 50½c paid for choice samples for seed, but 50c about market for No 2

Corn—The bottom appeared this afternoon to have fallen completely out of the market and every item put in was calculated in showing prices down lower and lower, so scarce were buyers. The weather map showed rains in many localities of the corn belt and the private wires that used rains reported over their where. This supposed rain in the drouth started longs to realizing, and the result was a complete smash, May declining 1½c rapidly. Most of the crop advices continued bad, foreign markets were firm, the amount afloat decreased 589,000 bu, and the visible 574,000 bu, but nothing bullish went until wheat rallied. The market turned very strong late and a demand coming in that found little for sale run prices up, so that all the decline was recovered and the close firm. Liverpool reported 1@1½d decline, but had no effect upon domestic markets, which were again very bullish.

FUTURES—Sept opened at 51c and sold at 50½c and offered at 50¾c, but from this sold up to 51½c and later bid up to 53¼c without a trade. May opened at 49c, declined to 48c and recovered to 49¾c, which was bid at close.

Oats—Lower and not much demand. Buyers and sellers generally far apart and no chance to trade. No 2 was offered in C at 32c, bid 31¾c for regular, 31½c for K side, 31½c for E and M. No other grades offered on Call, where 32c bid for No 2 white this side, 30c for No 3 do regular, 49c for No 2 regular, 50c for F and M.

Sales: No 2—1 car in C at 31¾.

A miller took 1 car choice white E track at 53c.

Oats—The future market was very heavy and declined early in the day, on Call Aug having sellers at 29½c and Sept offered there at 30¾c, May having sold earlier at 34¾c. Afterwards Sept sold at 30¼c to 30¾@¾c and at close 30¾c bid, and for May 35¾c bid.

SPOT GRADE —Lower, but in demand at 1½c decline. No 2 salable at 29¾c in F and K side and 30 3 at 29¾c in M, D and E side, 27¾c regular. Sales: No 2—2 cars K side at 29¼c. No 3—1 car in M at 27½c.

SAMPLES—Received 709 sks, 30 cars local, 8 cars through. Lower, but at 1c decline local feeders bought freely. Most offerings were sold out, some parties holding over for higher prices.

Sales: Special bin—2 cars No 2 at 30¾c, 1 do at 30¼c, 2 do at 31c, 1 No 2 white in Prospect at 27½c, 1 No 2 color in do at 35c. In this side—2 No 2 at 30¼c, 1 do at 30¾c, 1 do at 31c, 1 fancy at 32c, 2 white at 35c, 2 do at 35½c. Sacks in—21 mixed with wheat, 62 low white and 125 mixed at 34c round, 13 white at 36c, 1 fancy do at 32c.

Rye—None offered and 50c bid for No 2 regular.

Hay.

Received 500 tons; shipped 65 tons. Large offerings on the basis of 6 per ton buyers hold off for declines, which were finally conceded to the extent of 50c per ton and this had a quieting effect upon the market this side. Prairie was so scarce that it held firm.

Sales: This side—1 car prairie at $8, 5 do at $8.50, 3 do at $9, 1 car mixed at $9.50, timothy at $10.50, one at $11, 1 at $11.25, 2 at $12, 3 at $12.50, 1 very fancy at $13.50. East track—2 cars timothy at $10, 9 at $11.50, 7 at $12.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—Sellers holding steadily, but buyers generally holding off for 5c decline, and in consequence very little was doing.

Patents ..... $2 65@2 75 | Rye flour ..... $3 00@3 10
Extra fancy.. 2 30@2 40 | Cornmeal ..... 2 75@2 85
Fancy ..... 2 10@2 20 | Hominy ..... 3 15@3 25
Choice ..... 1 90@2 00 | Grits ..... 3 15@3 25

Bran—Firm and in demand, with little to be had. Sales: 1 country point—3 cars sks at 67c. East track—5 cars sks at 66c, 1 fancy milds at 75c.

Provisions.

Market higher and firm.

Pork—Standard mess selling at $14.25 to $14, on orders.

Lard—Prime steam at 7.25c and choice at 7.40c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders, 7½@; loins, 7¾c; c'ribs, 8¼c. On orders—Longs and c'ribs, 8½c; shorts, 8¾c.

Dry Salt Meats—Shipping age, f o b on cash orders—Shoulders, 6¼c; longs and ribs, 7¼c; shorts, 7¾c; hams, 12c higher, 13½@12c flat.

Green Meats—Hams from the block, 9c; bellies, 7@8c

Highwines—Firm at $1.22.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Higher, with sales of 2 cars and 100 tons at $3.35.

Spelter—Quotable at $3.20.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.]

Fruits.

Apples—The offerings were moderate, market about steady. Choice varieties wanted, but there is an over supply of small and poor. Quotations range $1.75@2.50 per bbl, according to quality and condition.

Peaches—Supply of near-by smaller, but some very poor stock. Peck boxes in good condition are quoted at 25c to 60c.

Watermelons—Receipts were again liberal, to which was added about 50 cars carried over unsold from Saturday—making the total offerings for-day about 125 cars. As the demand was for choice, large melons and heavily-loaded cars, the bulk of the offerings were unsold at noon. The finest offerings ranged from $40 to $50, and the smaller melons $20 to $30 car. However, a number of cars were sold at low as fretzht charges—$18 to $20—going to the near by markets at these prices.

Beans—Quiet, a better supply and prices steady. Home-grown, 75c@$1.00 per bu box; rems, 40c per basket; consigned, baskets, 20c to 30c; crates, 25c to 50c.

Grapes—Receipts light. Hartfords and Ives, 2½@3c per lb; Concord, 4c; Delawares, 7c per lb.

Pears—Le Conte, 50c to 85c per ½-bu box; common, 40c; Bartlett, 75c per ½-bu box.

California Fruits—Offerings large and market easier. Peaches, 40c@$1 for fair to choice; grapes, $1.50 per 20-lb cas; plums, $1.00@1.25 per 20-lb case; Bartlett pears, $1.25@1.40 per 40-lb box; apples, $1.25 per 50-lb box

Oranges—Firm. We quote: California Mediterranean sweets, $4 25@4.50; Redi, $4.50@5.

Lemons—The market steady and firm. We quote: Extra fancy, $6; fancy, $5.50; choice, $5 per box.

Vegetables.

Pot

THE DELICATESSEN CAFE
718 OLIVE STREET.
For Ladies and Gentlemen.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

CITY NEWS.

A SPECIAL sale of men's and women's knit underwear and hose is on the docket at Crawford's to-day, together with thousands of cut-price bargains to make the closing week of the sale the biggest week of the season.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
804 Olive street. Crown and bridge work.

GRASS SET AFIRE.

Prompt Discovery Prevents Considerable Damage at Forest Park.

Some unknown persons ignited the grass in the race track inclosure at Forest Park yesterday afternoon, and but for the quick work of Officers Grieneld and Dorsey in extinguishing the flames, considerable damage might have been done.

FOUR CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Wyoming Workmen Buried Under Tons of Rock.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., Aug. 13.—E. P. Galligher, E. F. Watts, William Angove and John Hendrickson, workmen engaged in constructing a flume for floating ties in Granite Canon on Tongue River, thirty-five miles northwest of Sheridan, were crushed to death under fifteen or twenty tons of rock which rolled upon them after a blast had been exploded.

Death on the Curve.

LA PLATA, Mo., Aug. 13.—By a head-end collision on the Santa Fe, between Hardland and Gibbs, express trains No. 5, west-bound, and No. 4, east-bound, collided on a curve. The casualties are:

Engineer Humphreys of express No. 4, Kansas City, killed; George Caplinger, express messenger of No. 5, buried in the wreck, killed; Daniel Milsbough, Chicago, baggageman of No. 4, badly bruised and hurt internally, may die; E. E. Derrick, Chicago, baggageman of No. 5, cut and bruised from head to foot, will probably die; Engineer Dan Daily on No. 5, Fort Madison, shoulder badly hurt; Fireman Mark Fogarty of Fort Madison, on No. 5, badly bruised, will recover; Fireman F. P. Skyler, on No. 4, Kansas City, slightly bruised; Brakeman Homes, on No. 5, of Fort Madison, hands smashed; Justin McCarthy, 22 years old, of Chicago, head and hand cut; Walter N. Durbin, 29 years old, of Milwaukee, ankle cut.

Shot Himself Dead.

MOUNT VERNON, Mo., Aug. 13.—Willie Abling, aged 13, living with his grandfather, three or four miles from here, accidentally shot himself, from which he died in a few hours.

Minor Casualty News.

Arthur A. Williams was drowned in a hole made by a burst water main at Orange, Mass.

Thomas Holt, sexton of a Brooklyn church, murdered his wife. He is probably insane.

Mrs. Frank Sandahl set a bowl of gasoline on a stove at Rockford, Ill., and was burned to death.

The steamer Pilgrim, carelessly steered, cut the tug Richmond in two at Benton Harbor, Mich. The crew escaped.

Four of the crew of the schooner Pilgrim were drowned in a collision with the bark Brooks off Anvil Point, near London.

An unknown negro murdered Thomas O'Bannon, a merchant, at Little Rock, Ark., and escaped. He got $25.

John McEvoy was stabbed to death while trying to settle a dispute between acquaintances, near Camden, N. J. The murderer fled.

The bodies of Matt and Will Slattery, 11 and 13 years old respectively, and Frank Burns, 10 years old, were recovered at Cincinnati. They were drowned in water not over four feet deep.

George Lowstrel, 75 years old, real estate boomer, walked in his sleep out of an upper window in Hotel Winthorp, New York, Saturday night, and died from the injuries he sustained. He left a family well provided for.

BY AN ELECTRIC CAR.

Farmer Wm. Gottleman's Wagon Was Badly Damaged This Morning.

Wm. Gottleman, a farmer, was passing Meramec street and Oregon avenue this morning at 1 o'clock with a load of garden truck, when his vehicle was struck by an electric car of the Union Depot Line. Gottleman was thrown to the street and badly bruised about the face and hands. The wagon and vegetables were damaged about $40 worth. After receiving medical attention Gottleman proceeded to market with a portion of the load.

To Cleanse the System
Effectually but gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

A Narrow Escape.

HELENA, Mont., Aug. 13.—About 400 feet of the roof of the Mullan tunnel on the Northern Pacific caved in last night. Just before the accident thirty men left the tunnel to let a freight pass through, intending to return after it had passed. Just as the freight was entering the cave-in occurred. Trains will be sent via Butte until the break is repaired, which will be several weeks.

One Fare Round Trip.
VANDALIA LINE.
St. Louis to Michigan points
Tickets good going Aug. 14, 1894.
Vandalia Ticket Office.

Rearrested for Wife Murder.

AKRON, Colo., Aug. 13.—D. J. Deck, who a year ago last June was arrested for the murder of his wife and set at liberty by the justice, has been rearrested and will be tried on the old charge. It is claimed that the justice, in failing to bind him over, practically ignored the law and evidence of the case. Deck remarried shortly after the death of his wife, which was the result of morphine poisoning.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething softens the gums and allays all pain, 25c.

A Large Gold Business.

HELENA, Mont. Aug. 13.—The receipts of gold bullion at the United States Assay Office at Helena during the past week amounted to $120,088.74. This is the largest week's business in the history of the office, not only in amount but in numbers of bars melted and assayed, 180 being handled.

No Withdrawal From Bond.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 13.—Vice-President Beggs of the Distilling and Cattle Feeding Co., who is in charge of affairs in this city, says that the company, although it made arrangements to do so at a recent directors' meeting, has not withdrawn a barrel of spirits from bond.

Gold Flowing Into England.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Gold is still flowing into the Bank of England. Supplies are en route from varies quarters, including India. Gold is quoted to-day at Madrid at 22.25, Vienna 109, Rome 111, Buenos Ayres 266.

CARMODY'S Union Station Saloon, 1811 Market street, is opened to the public to-day with an excellent stock of goods.

THE DISPUTED DIAGNOSIS.

Both Doctors: "The Post-Mortem Will Show Which One of Us Is Right."

SHE MAY DIE.

Ida Duffy Seriously Ill From Being Kicked and Beaten.

Ida M. Duffy, a mulatto girl, aged 18, will probably die from injuries she received whilst fighting with Lucinda Cuba, colored, at a church party which took place about two weeks ago.

According to the story told to Dr. Heine Marks by Ida M. Duffy, the dispute began about certain aspersions which Ida believed her adversary with the tropical name had cast upon her character. She said, however, that Lucinda Cuba was the aggressor and that she kicked her and beat her before any one could interfere.

It seems that the case was not reported to the police, or if it was, the serious nature of the girl's injuries was not known. A negro doctor was called after Ida had been taken to her home at 218 South Second street. The doctor said that there did not seem to be much the matter with her. Yesterday, however, she became much worse and was sent to the City Hospital. There was no information given, except what the girl could tell, and Dr. Marks finally insisted upon the colored physician being required to tell the name of the disease for which he had been treating her.

The negro doctor said that the girl had been kicked, and that he had treated her for internal injuries resulting from that. The girl was ill with peritonitis, and Dr. Marks said that there might be several causes which would produce that ailment.

After having made an examination, however, he became convinced that if the girl dies her death will result from being kicked and beaten. She is very ill, and it is believed she will not get well. The girl's nervous, apprehensive manner and disjointed statements have left the impression with the hospital physicians that some one was trying to keep secret the manner in which she was injured.

HYDROPHOBIA FEARED.

Thomas Rooney's Arm, Where He Was Bitten by a Dog, Swelling.

Thomas Rooney, 7 years old, while playing in the rear of 5812 Cheltenham avenue on Aug. 9 last, was bitten on the left arm by a dog owned by M. Fahey, who resides at the above address. The wound was neglected, or rather thought to be slight, but yesterday the boy's arm began to swell, and it is feared that rabies will set in. The boy's parents live at 1829 Graham avenue.

POLICE OFFICERS FIGHT.

A Serious Affray Between Patrolmen Dundon, Cole and Quigley.

Officers Tom Quigley, Michael Dundon and Richard Cole of the Central District, at 11 o'clock last night, engaged in a fight at Seventh and Clark avenue, during which Officer Quigley struck Officer Dundon a blow with his fist on the left jaw and was fired upon by Officer Dundan and assaulted by Officer Cole, who used his night club.

Had it not been for the timely arrival of Sergt. Tom Boyd, with a relieving platoon, it is probable that a murder would have been committed and that Officer Quigley would have been the victim. Bad blood has existed between Officers Dundon and Quigley for about two months past, when Quigley was transferred to an adjoining beat with Dundon. It is said the latter has been ridiculing Quigley by remarking that he ought to be back in Ireland eating potatoes. Last night when these two officers and Officers Heath and Cole were standing on the southwest corner of Seventh and Clark avenue, Dundon was talking to a colored woman who mentioned Quigley's name. The latter heard his name and asked what it was about. It is claimed that Dundon began guying him and a general argument ensued, during which angry words were passed. Officer Quigley said he thought Dundon must be an A. P. A. and Dundon got angry. The two men were sitting down and Dundon jumped to his feet in a threatening manner. The next instant, it is said, he brought his night club down on Quigley's head, breaking the latter's helmet. Officer Quigley had no club, but he jumped up and struck Dundon on the jaw. Dundon then drew his revolver and fired a shot at Quigley, while the latter was running behind back to the billy in his hip-pocket. Officer Cole then raised his club and, it is claimed, struck Quigley on the left wrist. Officer Heath had by this time jumped between the combatants and ended the struggle, while Sergt. Boyd, who was approaching with the night squad, came up and ordered all the officers in the fight to Four Courts. George Smith, a fireman, who had tried to separate the men, was placed under arrest and brought to the Four Courts, but when the story was told at the Four Courts he was released. Smith had only tried to wrest the revolver out of Dundon's hand. At the Four Courts, Dundon, Cole and Quigley related their story and each of them was suspended. Of the trio Officer Quigley alone showed signs of the conflict. His right wrist was badly swollen from Cole's club, and his forehead was cut and his hat broken.

Sergt. Boyd stated that when he got to the scene Officer Dundon still had his revolver out and it required quite an effort to get it away from him. The case will be aired at the next meeting of the Police Board.

After a Lingering Illness.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Aug. 13.—Howard Tully, a member of the City Council, died this morning after a lingering illness. He was a prominent citizen.

An Old Settler Gone.

ST. JACOB, Ill., Aug. 13.—Mr. L. Buhlman, one of the first ... and an old business man, was buri... erday.

AN OZARK BOY.

Austin Gideon, Who Was Eaten by His Companions at Unwak Island.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 13.—A horrible story comes from Boston, wherein Springfield and Southwest Missouri are interested, as Austin Gideon, a boy of 18, who had been going to school at Ozark, was eaten by shipwrecked sailors in the Pacific of which he was one. He left here five months ago for the Pacific coast, where he became a sailor, and his fate has been an awful one. He was a bright young fellow and closely related to the Gideons of this city, being a nephew of Judge James J. Gideon and a son of Dr. John Gideon of Ozark, a prominent citizen of Christian County. He was well known here and was very popular among his schoolmates. The whalingboat, James Allen, on which young Gideon shipped, left San Francisco April 8 and on May 8 went to pieces on an unknown reef. The awful story of what followed has been fully told in dispatches from San Francisco.

FEARFULLY GASHED.

The Punishment Inflicted on a Hammond Watchman by a Tramp.

HAMMOND, IND., Aug. 13.—Watchman John H. Rust of the Lakeside Nail Mills was fearfully gashed early this morning by Fred Dewein because he would not allow the latter and a gang of tramps to sleep in the company's boiler room. Rust ordered the men off the grounds, and all of them went except Dewein who sprang at the officer with a knife.

Indicted.

MOUNT VERNON, Mo., Aug. 11.—Andy Boyd, the negro charged with committing a rape on little Katie Jacobs at Veronea last March, and who has been in jail here for some time, was indicted by the Grand Jury this week. His trial was set for the 24th of this month.

James Vier, who killed Deny Shaw at Stott City June 11 was indicted for murder in the first degree. Upon arraignment he took a change of venue to Barton County.

Mike Stappleback and Harry Mitchell, colored, were each given two years at Jefferson City for larceny.

Shot by Thieves.

ALTMAN, Colo., Aug. 13.—In a fight with three men who had stolen his horse yesterday Dr. A. C. Leavenworth was shot in the thigh. The doctor recognized the thieves as Tom Purse, Tom Ferguson and "The Kid." It is believed they committed most of the robberies which have disquieted the citizens of the camp during the past few weeks.

Dry Goods Thieves Arrested.

PIERRE, S. D., Aug. 13.—Last night a posse consisting of the Acting Mayor, Sheriff and deputies arrested six men who had been stealing dry goods from several local firms. The gang made a desperate resistance and great difficulty was experienced in effecting their capture.

Youthful Incendiaries.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Aug. 13.—Several boys were arrested last night for causing the recent series of incendiary fires. There have been a dozen.

AT HIS OLD TRICKS.

An Ex-Convict Arrested for Stealing a $90 Watch.

Detectives Gocking and Harrington yesterday afternoon arrested Emil Klosterman, an ex-convict, charged with grand larceny. Klosterman six weeks ago was released from the penitentiary, and for the past week he has been in the employ of Mrs. E. M. Hobart of 2644 Washington avenue as houseman. Last Saturday night he left the house and at the same time Mrs. Hobart's $90 watch and chain disappeared. Klosterman was suspected and was arrested by the detectives at 2742 Cass avenue. He denied at first the theft, but afterward admitted the same. The watch and chain were recovered. Klosterman got two years in the penitentiary for a similar trick.

A WAYWARD YOUTH'S END.

Found Dead on Top of a Box Car in Tennessee.

BRISTOL, Tenn., Aug. 13.—News reaches here that Will Merritt, a wayward youth of this city, was found dead on top of a box car running between Morristown and Paint Rock, N.C. It is thought a bridge struck him in the head.

He and Will Bondham recently escaped from the Tennessee House of Correction. They have committed numerous robberies in and around Bristol and were evading the officers of the law.

Stabbing Affair Between Women.

Avala Brock stabbed Mamie Reynolds in the cheek, abdomen and breast, early yesterday morning at 626 Clark avenue. Both women are colored and they quarreled over the affections of Arthur Adams. The Reynolds woman was sent to the City Hospital in a dangerous condition and her assailant gave herself up.

Sallie Dodson Recovered.

Sallie Dodson, colored, of 518 South Twelfth street, who tried to commit suicide by taking poison and was taken to the City Hospital last night, was discharged this morning. Her appetite was somewhat impaired, but there were no other bad effects resulting from her taking poison.

NEGRO LYNCHINGS.

Representative Blair's Scheme for Congressional Investigation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 13.—The steps taken by Representative Blair of New Hampshire to secure congressional investigation through the Commissioner of Labor of the general punishment by lynching of colored men, who are supposed to have outraged women, are stirring up an unexpected degree of interest. Since the resolution was introduced great numbers of communications on the subject have come to Mr. Blair, although but ten days have passed since the matter was made public. Most of the letters are from religious bodies and organizations of colored people. The colored people both North and South seem to be greatly interested in the proposition, and resolutions have come from meetings in New York and New Orleans and many cities between those two. It is not expected that the investigation will be undertaken during this session of Congress, but probably will be begun early next session provided, of course, that the House votes to have it undertaken.

SHE WILL RECOVER.

Teresa Nolte Getting Over the Effects of Her Foolish Act.

Teresa Nolte, the pretty servant girl who is at the City Hospital, suffering from an operation which she herself performed, is better to-day and will probably recover.

ABOUT TOWN.

CLAIMS HE STOLE HER CHILD.—Mrs. W. Alexander of Spring Creek, Ark., offers the local police $25 reward for the capture of Press Baker, who, she says, stole her child from Lonoke, Ark.

REWARD FOR PRESS BAKER.—W. F. McAlexander of Spring Creek, Ark., has written to Chief Harrigan offering $25 for the arrest of a certain Press Baker, who, he alleges, kidnapped his child on July 28.

RECOVERED THE WATCH.—Amelia Kosterman was arrested yesterday on the charge of stealing a gold watch worth $90 from Mrs. G. M. Hobert of 2644 Washington avenue. The watch was recovered. Mrs. Hobert refused to prosecute and Kosterman was released.

CUT IN PARADISE ALLEY.—Henry Clark, colored, was badly cut by Albert Wilson, also colored, in a fight over a craps game in Paradise alley yesterday afternoon. Clark's wound is in the right breast. Wilson was arrested.

FOR ASSAULTING OFFICERS.—Mike Gallagher who is said to have led the gang that assaulted Officers Bunting and Maguire Saturday night while they were arresting Wm. Rohan alias "Skipjack Dean" was arraigned last evening.

BROKEN MAIL BOX.—A horse owned by J. E. McCardy of 620 Market street ran away yesterday and the wagon struck a mail box attached to a lamp post at the Southeast corner of Fourth street and Clark avenue. The box was broken.

BROKE HIS RIB.—Lazarus Berger is suffering with a broken rib at his home, 1112 North Eleventh street. Yesterday afternoon three unknown men knocked him down and kicked him into unconsciousness at Fifteenth street and Franklin avenue.

SHOT HER HUSBAND.—Mrs. Mary Lane, colored, shot her husband John, in a fit of jealousy, at their home, 1017 Market street, last night. The bullet took effect in Lane's left thigh. The wound was dressed at the City Dispensary. Mrs. Lane was arrested.

A $2,000 FIRE.—The building No. 114 South Twenty-third street was damaged to the extent of $2,000 yesterday by fire. The fire was started by boys playing with matches in the cellar. Michael Quinn of 3247 Eugenia street is the owner of the building.

PRIVATE WATCHMAN SHOT.—Private Watchman Knapp of the Keokuk & Northwestern tried to separate two girls who were quarreling last night at Main and Carr streets. An unknown person fired a shot, which took effect in Knapp's left arm. He was sent to the City Hospital.

ANNOYED BY AN UNKNOWN.—Mrs. Hickey of 1211 North Tenth street has complained to the police that an unknown man visits her house every morning between 1 and 2 o'clock and attempts to get in the window, greatly frightening her and her children. The police have a watch for the stranger.

STEALING NEWSPAPERS.—Michael Williams, a roustabout on the steamer Grey Eagle, was arrested by Private Watchman Trombley yesterday morning for stealing a newspaper from the entrance to George W. Lynch's residence, 2812 Chestnut street. A charge of petit larceny was made against Williams.

BOTH SENT TO THE HOSPITAL.—Herman Casper, living at 820 North Sixth street, and George Eckert, at 819 Morgan street, fought in a saloon at 717 North Sixth street last night, and Eckert had his cheek lacerated, while Casper had his left hand mashed with kicks. Both were sent to the City Hospital prisoner patients.

PROBABLY FATAL DOG BITE.—Thomas Rooney, a 7-year-old boy living with his parents at 1329 Graham avenue, was bitten by a dog on Aug. 9. The wound was thought very slight at the time. Saturday night it commenced swelling and a doctor was summoned. It is feared the child will die from the effects of the bite.

TURNERS' ELECTION.—The local turners met at South St. Louis Turner Hall, Tenth and Carroll streets, yesterday afternoon and elected Aug. H. Muegge, W. A. Stecher and F. W. Fraelich teachers and the following directors: Henry Boyes, Max Hempel, Fred Bolinger, Wm. Mienke, E. G. Winters, Dr. Hugo Taeppen, Jacob Walter, F. P. Becker, H. W. Oeher, Ernest Helfenstelier, Albert H. Haessler and Henry Troll.

BROKE HIS LEG.—John F. O'Donnell was knocked down by John Fogarty, an ex-Deputy Sheriff in May's saloon, 2043 Clark avenue, early yesterday morning. O'Donnell, who was very drunk, was taken to his home, 409 South Twenty-first street, and was afterwards found on the platform of the Wood Agricultural Co. suffering from a broken leg. Dr. Young set the limb and had O'Donnell removed to St. John's Hospital.

SHOT AT FOR A BURGLAR.—Sam Ables, a conductor, not having a door key with him, attempted to enter his home, 4139 Olive street, through a window at an early hour yesterday morning. Herbert Ashbrook of 4141 Olive street mistaking him for a burglar fired three shots. Ables tumbled to the ground and fled—right into the arms of two policemen. He explained, they returned to the house, Mr. Ashbrook apologized and Mr. Ables forgave him.

MISTAKEN FOR A BURGLAR.—Samuel Ables, a railroad conductor, having forgotten his key, attempted to enter his home, 4139 Olive street, by climbing through a window yesterday morning. When about half way through he was discovered by Herbert Ashbrook of 4141 Olive street and who, mistaking him for a burglar, fired three shots in the air. Ables fell out of the window and ran to Vandeventer avenue, where he was stopped by a policeman and matters satisfactorily explained.

Minor Police Mention.

The door of the Goeble & Wetbrox [wholesale grocery house, on Second and Walnut streets, was found open yesterday afternoon, but so far nothing has been found missing.

SAID HE ELOPED.

George Walsh Told His Friends He Was Married.

THE LADY WHOSE NAME HE GAVE DENIES IT.

He Said the Marriage Took Place at Clayton Saturday—An Interview With the Alleged Bride at Her Home in Which She Enters an Emphatic Denial—A Surprise Party Spoiled—Mr. Walsh Not to Be Found.

A rather amusing sequel to the recent elopement of James T. Walsh with ex-Gov. Brockmeyer's talented daughter Julia has come to light. Mrs. Walsh was born it appears on Aug. 11, 1875, and Saturday being her 19th birthday it seems that a number of her and her husband's friends arranged to celebrate the anniversary by going from St. Louis to the home of the happy young couple in Edwardsville, Ill., Saturday evening and there tendering them a surprise party. It was arranged, the story goes, that the ladies and gentlemen who were to form the party, that was to surprise the chief clerk of the Niedringhaus brick-works at Glen Carbon, Ill., and his youthful bride were to meet at the home of Mr. Vincent Gallagher, the Democratic Congressional Committeeman from the Twelfth Ward, No. 1452 Monroe street, at 3:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon and thence go in a body to take the 4:30 Wabash train for Edwardsville. Mr. Gallagher's house is just adjoining to that of Lieut.-Gov. Brockmeyer and Mr. Gallagher, by the way, is the gentleman who officiated as best man at the wedding of Miss Julia Brockmeyer and Mr. James T. Walsh. The party that was to meet there, it appears, was to include besides Mr. and Mrs. Gallagher, Mr. George Walsh and several others.

WALSH DID NOT APPEAR.

When the appointed hour arrived Mr. George Walsh, it seems, did not put in an appearance and Mr. Gallagher sent word to his friends that the deal was off. About 8 o'clock Saturday night, the story goes, Mr. George Walsh, who is said to be the manager of the St. Louis Sign Co. and who lives with his father at 1120 Jackson place, did come to Mr. Gallagher's home dressed in his best and the lapel of his black coat adorned with a huge boutonniere. He confidentially explained to Mr. and Mrs. Gallagher then, it is said, that the reason he did not keep his engagement for the afternoon was that he had followed his brother's example, eloped and was married at Clayton that afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Gallagher were thunderstruck by the news and wanted to know who the fair bride was. He told them, it is said, that she was a very beautiful young lady who officiated as a telegraph operator at a prominent hotel. After that, it seems, the report quickly spread about the neighborhood that the party was to be stopped, and the rumor finally reaching the POST-DISPATCH a reporter was assigned to investigate the rumored romance.

AT THE HOTEL.

A call at the hotel Saturday night revealed the fact that George Walsh had really been seen there during the afternoon in conversation with the fair wire tapper, and as the reporter learned that Mr. Walsh had been seen escorting the young lady to a car he supposed he had accompanied her home and explained matters to the old folks, and accordingly made a trip to her residence in South St. Louis. It was nearly midnight when he returned there, and the family canine evinced a determination to chew him up when he rapped for admission. The young lady's parents were awakened by the rapping, however, and her father emerged and listened attentively while the newspaper man explained the object of his nocturnal visit. When he heard it he laughed heartily and called his daughter. She threw open the shutters of a side window and the reporter climbed a garden settee just beneath it and had a talk with the petite, pretty-looking creature whose presence was disclosed. If she really had gone to Clayton yesterday afternoon and married Mr. Walsh.

THE YOUNG LADY'S DENIAL.

She seemed highly amused, but she answered sweetly: "Why, my gracious, no! Who in the world could ever have originated such a story as that? Why, dear me, they'll guy me awfully at the hotel about this. Why, gracious, no, I didn't go to Clayton yesterday afternoon to get a license. I was at work all afternoon and had no time to lay off. Yes, I know Mr. Walsh. He was down here to see me Sunday evening and Wednesday evening too, and he was up at the hotel this afternoon, but the idea of us going to Clayton! Why that's so strange. Couldn't we get married here in St. Louis if we wanted to get married? Why, I don't believe George knows the way to Clayton. I'm sure I don't. But it's so awfully funny that any one should tell the POST-DISPATCH such a thing about me," and as she concluded she laughed a merry, silvery laugh that seemed to indicate that the novelty of the situation highly amused her. Her mother, who stood in the window with her arm lovingly around her fair-haired daughter's neck, also smiled, and her gray-bearded father, who had come out into the yard, also seemed to find great merriment in the unexpected development. He laughed heartily about the matter, said it was a good joke, but joined his wife and daughter in assuring their visitor most positively that their daughter had not eloped with Mr. Walsh.

MR. WALSH NOT IN.

A call was made Saturday night at the residence of Mr. James Walsh, No. 1120 Jackson place, but every effort to gain admission to the house proved unavailing. Repeated ringing of the bell and frequent rattling of the door and knob failed to arouse any signs of life in the tightly shut up residence.

Yesterday the story of Mr. Walsh's reported elopement seemed to spread all over St. Michael's parish in North St. Louis and Mr. Walsh's friends hunted for him to guy him about it in a friendly way, but he could not be found. He didn't come home Saturday night or last night either. Nor had he been to his office at 205 South Broadway this morning when a reporter called there to get his version of the affair. His father was seen, but said he did not know where George was, that he had seen him down town yesterday and thought it possible he might be in Edwardsville. Mr. Walsh, Sr., said he did not know whether his son had eloped. "I've heard of stranger things than that though," said he; "he's old enough to elope if he wants, and maybe he did, like his brother."

Mr. Gallagher, when seen this morning, was much averse to discussing the case. He reluctantly admitted, however, that the story that George Walsh told him he eloped Sunday was correct.

The young lady was at her post of duty again this morning. She seemed very sorry that she should acquire any notoriety over the affair, as the elopement story was utterly without foundation. She was also very indignant that any one should tell such a story about her, but said she was certain that George never said any such a thing.

While Mr. Walsh's story to his friends may be true, it is evident that he has not given the right young lady's name, and he alone can now clear the mystery.

SAYS IT WAS A JOKE.

Later in the day the following note was received from Mr. Walsh:

Regarding the rumor of my elopement Saturday, I wish to inform you that I have been made the victim of a joker. I have discovered the source from where it came and when the name dropped at once. Am sorry I did not meet you on your rounds and have the affair hushed ere this.

GEORGE F. WALSH.

MEMPHIS VISITORS.—United States District Judge E. S. Himmond of Memphis, Tenn., and R. G. Graves, President of the Memphis Water Co., registered at the southern Hotel this morning.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

On Foot
Nothing feels better, looks better, wears better, than a
SELZ ROYAL BLUE MEN'S $4.00 SHOE.
It's a happy combination of every admirable point in a shoe. Now worn by thousands of St. Louisans. Selz Royal Blue Men's Shoe sold by
Famous SHOE DEPT., Corner Broadway and Morgan.

When All Others Fail Consult
DR. WHITTIER.
514 Washington av., St. Louis, Mo.,
Leading and Expert Specialists in
PRIVATE, CHRONIC, NERVOUS, BLOOD, SKIN AND URINARY DISEASES, Etc.,
Scientifically and successfully cured. Write your troubles if living away from the city. Advice FREE. Call or write. Both sexes.
HOURS, 9 To 1, AND 3 To 8.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution, issued from the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of T. E. Buck, plaintiff, and against Hiram Moran defendant, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. 155 and 156 of block 6 of McKee place (see plat book 14 at page 104), having a front of 50 feet in south line of Chouteau av. by depth southwardly of 123 feet 5½ inches, bounded north by Chouteau av., east by lot 154, south by alley and west by lot 157 of said block, and I will on

MONDAY, THE 3D DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1894,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STARD,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 9, 1894. 1567

IN the United States Circuit Court for the Southern Division of the Western District of Missouri, in equity. Robert S. Hedges, complainant, vs. Metropolitan Electric Railway Co., defendant, No. 45, in equity.

Whereas, by the final decree of foreclosure and sale made and entered by said court in the above cause on the 21st day of December, 1893, the defendant, Metropolitan Electric Railway Co., was required on or before the 24th day of February, 1894, to pay or cause to be paid into the registry of this court a sum of money in said decree provided, and default has been made by the said Metropolitan Electric Railway Co. in the payment of the sum, so adjudged to be paid within the time limited as aforesaid.

Now, in pursuance of the terms and provisions of said decree, notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed special master, in said decree, will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1894,

at 12 o'clock noon (unless before said day or before the taking place of said sale there shall be paid to me or into the registry of said court, by persons entitled to redeem according to the terms of the said decree such sums of money as are by said decree provided to be paid) proceed to sell, and will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder or bidders, at the front door of the Court-house on the west side of the public square in the city of Springfield, State of Missouri, all the right, title and interest of the defendant Metropolitan Electric Railway Co., and of each and all the parties to said cause in and to the following described property, to-wit:

All of the railroad and property of the defendant Metropolitan Electric Railway Co.; as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the intersection of Commercial street and Boonville street, thence south on Boonville street, double track, to the Public Square; from the Public Square south on South street to a point about one hundred and fifty feet south of the intersection of Walnut and South streets, single track, and double track from that point south to a point opposite Monroe street; thence east on Jefferson street over a strip of ground twenty feet wide off the north side of lots numbers fourteen (14), twenty-four (24) and thirty-four (34) of John A. Stephens's addition to the city of Springfield, over real estate owned by the Metropolitan Electric Railway Co., double track, to Jefferson street; thence east on Monroe street, double track, to Bolliss street (terminus). Also from the intersection of State and South streets west on State street, single track, to New street (terminus). Also from the intersection of Commercial and Boonville streets, east on Commercial street, double track, to the intersection of Benton avenue, thence east on Commercial street, single track, to Springfield avenue, thence south on Springfield avenue, single track, to Kearney street (terminus). Also from the intersection of Boonville and Commercial streets, west on Commercial street, double track, to Grant street; thence west on Commercial street, single track, to Broad street; thence from the intersection of Broad street and Commercial street north, single track, to Colonial Gardens (terminus). Also from the intersection of Broad street and Copeland avenue, single track, east to Campbell street (terminus). Also from the intersection of Grant and Commercial streets south on Grant street, single track, to Nichols street; thence east on Nichols street, single track, to Main street; thence south on Main street, single track, to College street; thence east on College street, single track, to the Public Square; also from the intersection of Commercial street and Benton avenue, south on Benton avenue, double track, to Center street, thence west on Center street, double track, to a point about 100 feet east of Boonville street and thence west, single track, to Boonville street; also from intersection of Jefferson and Center streets south on Jefferson street, single track, to St. Louis street; thence west on St. Louis street, single track, to the Public Square; also from the intersection of Benton avenue and Center streets east on Center street, single track, to Springfield avenue (terminus). Also including all trackage, turnouts and switches on the Public Square in said city of Springfield; all poles, wires and all other necessary switches, loops and turnouts, comprising about three and eighty-hundredths (3.80) miles of double and eight and one-hundredth (8.1) miles of single track; also lots number eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13) and (14) in block number nine (9) of the city of, North Springfield now Springfield). Also beginning at the northwest corner of lot number seventy-three (73) of W. H. Graves' addition to the city of Springfield, Mo., said beginning point being the intersection of the south line of Phelps avenue with the east line of Main avenue with the east line of Phelps avenue one street, thence east along said Phelps avenue one hundred and fifty-one feet, thence south on a line parallel with the east line of Main street to the south line of lot number seventy-five (75) of said W. H. Graves' addition, thence west along the south line of lot number seventy-five (75) one hundred and fifty-one feet (151) to Main street; thence north one hundred and thirty-eight (138) feet, more or less, to the point of beginning. Also lot number forteen (14) and the south half of lot number forty (40), both of John A. Stephens' addition to the city of Springfield, Missouri. Also lot number twenty-four (4) of John A. Stephens' addition to Springfield, Missouri, together with the car stables, power house and the machinery therein, included (excepting are light machines and exciters belonging to the Springfield Lighting Company), in which said machinery are two engines of the Corliss variety, machinery are two engines of the Corliss variety, one of five hundred horse power each, and a pattern of three hundred horse power each, and a pattern of three boilers of the O'Brien make, with a capacity of one hundred and ten horse power each, capacity of one hundred and ten horse power each, and a feed water heater. Also all the franchises, and a feed water heater. Also all the franchises, materials, passenger cars and other cars, materials, passenger cars and other cars, electrical machinery and rolling stock, electrical machinery and rolling stock, engines, boilers, tools, fixtures, live stock, appliances, poles, wires, trolley wires, live stock, appliances, poles, wires, trolley wires, fixtures, harness and equipment, and all other property, harness and equipment, and the appurtenances of whether real or personal, and the appurtenances of whether real or personal, and the appurtenances of said railway now owned by it. Also all rights, said railway now owned by it. Also all rights, franchises, privileges and appurtenances heretofranchises, privileges and appurtenances heretofore granted by the City of Springfield to the said fore granted by the City of Springfield to the said defendant Metropolitan Electric Railway Co. or to defendant Metropolitan Electric Railway Co. or to its predecessor corporations and by said corporaits predecessor corporations and by said corporations said and transferred to said defendant Metrotions said and transferred to said defendant Metropolitan Electric Railway Co.; reference being politan Electric Railway Co.; reference being hereby made to said decree of Dec. 21, 1893, and to hereby made to said decree of Dec. 21, 1893, and to the records in said cause for further particulars, as the records in said cause for further particulars, as to the property to be sold and the terms of sale, to the property to be sold and the terms of sale, The said property will be sold as an entirety and The said property will be sold as an entirety and not in separate parcels and subject to the following not in separate parcels and subject to the following terms and conditions: terms and conditions:

First. No bid will be received from any person First. No bid will be received from any person who shall not first deposit with the undersigned the who shall not first deposit with the undersigned the sum of fifteen thousand dollars as a pledge that such sum of fifteen thousand dollars as a pledge that such bidder will make good his bid in case of its acceptbidder will make good his bid in case of its acceptance. ance.

Second. No bid will be received or accepted for Second. No bid will be received or accepted for a less sum than one hundred thousand dollars. a less sum than one hundred thousand dollars.

The said sale will be made subject to the confirmation of said court; and the order of confirmation of said court, will fix the time and confirmation, if and when made, will fix the time and manner for the payment of the balance of the price manner for the payment of the balance of the price and for which said property may be sold.

and for which said property may be sold.

CHARLES M. PARKER, Special Master.

Springfield, Missouri, July 26th, 1894.

PHILLIPS, STEWART, CUNNINGHAM & ELIOT, Solicitors for Complainant, St. Louis, Mo. 1458

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of William Jones, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

ALEXANDER A. BOWMAN,
Administrator of the Estate of William Jones, Deceased.
St. Louis, Aug. 6, 1894. 1544

HUMPHREY'S, Broadway and Pine.
ST. LOUIS, Aug. 13, 1894.
Weather to-day: Local showers.

OUR MEN'S SUITS AT $10.